Shuttle Success Bolsters Plans for Space Ventures

By Walter Sullivan

New York Times Service
WARDS AIR FORCE BASE, Calif. — After lmost flawless performance of the space shutninost nawiess performance or me space anni-olumbia on its first voyage, space agency offi-have begun to draw up firmer plans for the e of man in space, a future they had always ioned with a ciarity that left their critics scoff-

e triumph of Columbia is expected to lead to with countless commercial, scientific and ary applications. mac agency official said at a briefing Tuesday the Columbia would probably begin its return to Cape Canaveral, Pla_ riding piggyback on

ang 747, in seven or eight days.

said the optimistic estimate was that the shutould fly again under its own power in less than

onths on a four-day flight, after which it might lie to turn around and return to space four hs later. Ultimately, officials envision the ie as being able to to make return trips in a

Tofinitely Smarter

parently responding to the space program's s. Christopher C. Kraft, in a message relayed e astronauts just before they left the shuttle, "We just became infinitely smarter."

121 tat uncertainty remained Tuesday centered on

ions about just how quickly the spaceship be readied for another flight. ecialists must determine the extent of the dam-

o the tiles that protect the ship from the sear-eat of re-entry into the atmosphere. There was some question about the suitability of the hing pad at Cape Canaveral for quick re-use, ad was heavily damaged during lift-off. dose a inspection of the tiles reveals no funda-

al problems, the optimistic estimate of a ng in autumn could prove true, with the test mission in the spring and the fourth and final test flight late in 1982. The first operational — or nonexperimental — flight would take place by the end of that year.

The payload for that flight, as now planned, will be a TDRS — Tracking and Data Relay Satellite —

Acciaim for the shuttle's success comes from countries around the world. Details, Page 2.

to be gently released into Earth orbit. Three more missions will carry a variety of satellites for com-

munications and other purposes.

The fifth operational mission will be in mid-1983, with the first military satellite, of undisclosed purpose. Later that year, the sixth mission will carry the first major scientific payload, the European-built Spacelab, in which scientists will be able to

work as in a laboratory on Earth.

In its military uses, the shuttle will be able to carry recomnaissance satellites into orbit. Some have suggested that it might be used in the assembly of unmanned space stations armed with lasers and other sophisticated weapons.

Plans for nonmilitary satellites envision them assisting scientists in mapping and forecasting weather as well as offering data for agricultural use and collecting solar energy for the earth.

The most futuristic proposals for the shuttle see it playing a role in the construction of space colo-

Re-servicing of Columbia began at Edwards almost as soon as the spacecraft rolled to a stop. Just as every day of delay in the turnaround time of an oil tanker or cruise ship strains its profit margin, so would delays in the time until each shuttle mission is again poised for flight.

The space agency hopes that when the sbuttle reaches its operational phase each mission will cost between \$35 million and \$40 million in 1981 dollars, of which \$5 million would be charged to the

users. The only estimates available for costs of the four tests flights, the first of which was completed Tuesday, is one-fourth of the total developmental cost of \$9.9 billion.

For some engineers the chief worry in Columbia's re-entry was that the loss of tiles on pods housing fuel tanks for the two orbital maneuvering systems might lead to rupture of those tanks from the heat of re-entry.

The servicing at Edwards is expected to take a week. After Columbia has been airlifted to the Kennedy Space Center in Florida, readying it for the next flight will take several months, assuming no major re-design and replacement of the tiles is de-

cided upon.

The operations at Edwards involve an elaborate series of technological steps that began Tuesday when, almost as soon as Columbia rolled to a halt, a "flammability vapor detector" the size of a kitchen stove was rolled up to the spacecraft by men in protective suits to "sniff" for explosive vapors. The concern was that such vapors - particularly

bydrogen gas — might have leaked into the cavern-ous cargo bay of the shutle or into spaces surrounding its various engines in the rear of the craft, turning the shuttle into a potential bomb. While one van moved up to attach air hoses to hlow any such gases out of the internal spaces another van attached similar lines to pump freon refrigerating fluid into the spacecraft cooling system.

especially the part protecting the extremely beatsensitive computers. Other tasks before Columbia is ready to return to Florida include purging fuel tanks for all three engine systems, testing the tiles, draining and purging the fuel cells that provided electricity and installing the 17-piece tail cone assembly to streamline the

An important test being performed at Edwards with a view to improving shuttle performance ou future missions is weighing the spacecraft and de-

stern of the shuttle for its piggyback ride.

termining its center of gravity with great precision before anything is unloaded.

A critical factor in achieving optimum spacecraft response in re-entry and in enabling the astronauts to fly it like an airplane was knowing its weight distribution and center of gravity. Never before had a vehicle built like a stubby-winged airplane at-

tempted to re-enter the atmosphere.

In the giant hangar at the Kennedy Center, where two shuttles can be serviced side-by-side, Columbia's tiles will be repaired and all preparations made for its next flight. Once preliminary steps were taken, such as re-

placement of the two-man crew by substitute astronauts some 45 minutes after the landing, Columbia was towed to the "de-servicing area." To continue servicing the craft en route to the de-

servicing area, a convoy of support vehicles, such as the cooling van and power generator, moved along in stately procession, their lines still attached to the

Whipping Action

That most of the damaged tiles came off in pieces suggests that they were shattered in some way. In an interview Monday. Mel Burke, manager in ebarge of preparations for the landing, pointed out that the original loss of tiles, when Columbia was first carried on a test flight atop a 747, were apparently caused by the whipping action of green tape that came loose, The tape had been applied to streamline the

sharp edges where tiles were missing. Columbia was flown to Florida before all of its tiles had been applied. Instead of protecting the tiles in flight. Mr. Burke said, the tape came loose and whipped at the tiles, breaking a number of them.

When Columbia was launched Sunday, fragments of ice that had formed on the giant tank of super-cooled fuel for the main engine, attached to Columbia's belly to be jettisoned later, might have performed the same role,



Space shuttle astronaut Capt. Robert L. Crippen, top, and his wife Virginia prepare to follow shuttle pilot John W. Young and his wife Susy down the ramp of a NASA jet as they arrived Tuesday at Ellington Air Force Base in Texas.

pain Rethinks U.S. Military Pact

ames M. Markham ew York Times Service

- New Premier Leolvo Sotelo is hoping to n into NATO before the this year. However, he st to negotiate a fully d military treaty with the ates that takes account of anding as a democracy. dvo Sotelo, 55, whose in-was violently interrupted zure of the Cortes during cessful exion on Feb. 23. his plans in a recent inven on the understanding vould not be quoted di-

connections with Western and its evolving relation-

inhington Post Service
)N.— The Thatcher gov-

n's long-term military

nister John Nott an-

it and other defense offi-

cated that some major

t and weapons develop-

have to be curtailed be-

conomic constraints and

ting cost of new military

acunced the cancellation

of new tanks, anti-tank

ighter aircraft and other

of us are spreading our

Mr. Nott cited the ex-West Germany, which re-

nas begun a major review

bandoning any of its ba-

to curb equipment costs

policies. This was the focus of his talks here last week with Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr.

More so than his predecessor, Adolfo Suarez, Mr. Calvo Sotelo appears determined to chart a firmly Western-oriented foreign policy. He has decided to reduce sharply the Soviet Union's heavy diplomatic presence in Spain. A principal concern is the strategic Canary Islands, where Soviet "fishing" vessels, laden with sophisticated radar, are known to be engaged in extensive electronic

Outlining his future government's program in February, Mr. Calvo Socio specifically warned Moscow against attempting to veto

He rejected the Soviet argument stituents, to opposition parties and that the size of European military to public opinion at large. Spanish centerpiece of his government's blocs should be frozen.

> As a man who evidently insists on intellectual and bureaucratic orderliness, the new premier envisions two stages for Spain's new defense alignments.

Franco dictatorship, with Spain in as be put it. an extremely weak negotiating pocertain.

Spanish membership in NATO, government responsive to its con- eventually be used by NATO.

opinion, he said, will insist on im-provement of the treaty, which Until now the government's provement of the treaty, which NATO strategy had been unclear. gives the U.S. Air Force and Navy access to four strategic bases and numerous communications facilities in Spain.

Without going into specifics, Mr. Calvo Sotelo said the new The first is renegotiation of the treaty would have to be financially five-year-old treaty with the Unit-more generous — the existing one ed States, which expires Sept. 21. provides for \$1.2 billion in loans The existing treaty, he noted, was and some grants — and in effect concluded in the last months of the raise Spain to n "best ally" status, Spain will seek a major U.S.

sition and its political future un- commitment to modernization of the Spanish armed forces and the Now, Mr. Calvo Sotelo said, setting up in Spain of job-generat-Spain is a byely democracy, with a ing defense industries that could

Dzhermen M. Gvishiani

Russian Quits Vienna Post In Spy Affair

VIENNA — A Soviet scientist who was accused of espionage in the field of oil technology resigned Wednesday as secretary of the In-ternational Institute for Applied Systems Analysis.

Arkady Belozorov, 47, secretary of the institute since December, 1979, offered his resignation in a letter denying the espionage charges and calling them unjusti-

"I deny the charges completely," Mr. Belozorov wrote. The accusations may disturb the spirit of the institute, wherefore I have decided regretfully to offer my resigna-

Mr. Belozorov left Vienna with his wife and daughter and is not expected to return to Austria, institute sources said.

Chairman Also Named

Dzhermen M. Gvishiani, who is chairman of the institute council. was also mentioned in connection with the espionage charges but the institute said it had "no informatinn regarding the accusations about Academician Gvishiani reported in the press." Mr. Gvishiani, was formerly deputy chairman of the Soviet

state Committee on Science and Technology and is a son-in-law of the late premier, Alexei N. Kosy-The institute was set up in the

era of detente on the basis of an agreement between the late Presient Lyndon B. Johnson's National Security adviser McGeorge Bundy and the Mr. Gvishiani. "His dedication and services 10

the institute are widely recognized and appreciated," an institute offi-Press Reports

But in the case of Dr. Belozerov

a news release said, "Unfortunate-ly, even the suspicion of improper behavior by a staff member can be harmful. Therefore, Dr. Belozerov has decided be should resign. His resignation has been accepted." Austrian and foreign press re-

ports, quoting local security offi-cials, described Mr. Belozorov as Soviet KGB secret police colonel whose task was to find out details about oil drilling in the sea, especially off the coast of Norway.

Rank-and-File Communists Ask Change in Polish Party The Polisb news agency PAP said Tuesday night that food ra-

By Brian Mooney

TORUN, Poland - An unprecedented national conference of rank-and-file Communist activists bere Wednesday made sweeping demands for personnel changes in the ruling party's leadership, largescale devacerations and classiccation of events in the country to Poland's Soviet bloc allies.

The 500 delegates, representing a drive for democratization within emmunist Party, said the personnel changes should be made at the central committee's next plenary session, due to be held before the end of April.

They also demanded the right to send representatives of the grassroots democracy movement to the meeting and called for the proceedings to be broadcast live on

national television. Speakers at the conference expressed disappointment that the party's ruling apparatus had failed to produce any serious program and make personnel changes at the last central committee meeting They also demanded that the full

minutes of that session be pub-A resolution adopted by a nearly unanimous vote asked for direct elections at the forthcoming national party congress, scheduled before July 20. It stated that the pre-congress committees were not fully representative of the party's

rank-and-file membership. "The 10th central committee plenum should effect real personnel changes in the central committee and Politburo involving members who have lost the political support of the party's rank-andthe resolution stated.

It also called for a radical change in the party's information policy which, delegates bad charged, manipulated the facts.

Wednesday's conference was organized without the initiative of the Communist Party's central apparatus. It was held with the tacit approval of the authorities, despite their earlier misgivings.
"We are not challenging Com-

Weinberger opposes arms control talks until Russia limits forces deployed around Poland. Page 2.

munist ideology, but we are challenging the gap between theory and practice." Lech Witkowski, a philosophy professor who was one of the organizers, told reporters. Speakers in the conference ball were highly critical of the party

leadership, reserving some of their sharpest criticism for hard-liners like Politburo member Stefan Olszowski, accusing him of running a distorted information poli-

"We are fighting for an idea. The top people in the party are only fighting to stay in their posione speaker from Szczecin declared.

The grass-roots democracy movement in the Communist Party, which bas generated deep suspicion and concern in Moscow, began last summer after the 1980

workers' revolt which gave rise to Solidarity. Zbigniew Iwanow, a Torun factory leader who is appealing his expulsion from the party for setting up an independent Communist structure, said that the grass-roots movement, set up mainly through universities, had already encom-

passed a third of the party's 3 mil-lion members.

to non-Communist nations dropped by 28 percent while those to Communist countries fell by 17 percent. Bankers Hopeful FRANKFURT (Reuters) .

tioning in Poland would be extend-

ed on May 1 to include butter, cereals and flour but later with-

drew the report, saying it was pub-

uscled by telephone, could not give

any reason for the withdrawal but

said that the council of ministers

had not made any binding decision

that Poland's exports fell sharply

in the first quarter of this year compared with the same period of

1980 and its balance of payments

problem remained serious. Exports

The agency's outy editor, con-

lished prematurely.

on the subject.

la an economic

broad agreement on an interim solution to Poland's debt problems can be reached when banks meet Polish officials in London Thurs-The plan to give Poles some breathing space moved forward when West German banks agreed

Western bankers are hopeful that

to postpone repayment of their portion of \$1.05 billion in capital due over the next three months. Dresdner Bank said Wednesday in a statement on behalf of the German banks that the agreement was conditional on all creditors re-

ceiving equal treatment. A similar agreement among British hanks was reached Friday and other Western hanks are generally willing to support the plan, hankers

Reporter Confesses Story Subject Faked; Washington Post Returns Pulitzer Prize

WASHINGTON - The Washington Post will give up the Pul-itzer Prize awarded to reporter

Janet Cooke for ber story on an 8year-old drug addiet, after learning that the child did not exist. In a message to the Pulitzer

Prize Foundation Wednesday, Post Executive Editor Benjamin C Bradlee said: "It is with great sad-ness and regret that I inform you that Janet Cooke, The Washington Post reporter awarded the Pulitzer Prize for feature writing Monday has determined that she cannot accept the award.
"She told Post editors early this

morning that ber story — about an 8-year-old heroin addict — was in fact a composite, that the quotes attributed to a child were in fact fabricated, and that certain events described as eyewitnessed did not in fact happen

"Janet Cooke was a particulary promising and talented young re-porter. She regrets these events as much as The Washington Post re-grets them. She has offered her resignation, and it has been accept-

Miss Cooke, 26, was the first black woman to win a Pulitzer award for journalism. She wrote "Jimmy's World," in September, 1980, while a member of the staff of the District Weekly.

The Post's special Thursday section devoted to community news. In the story, Miss Cooke told how she had seen a friend of the child's mother inject the hoy with heroin. While making clear that

the names had been changed, the story described in graphic detail the child, his life and how he had become an addict. The piece stirred outrage at the Washington city administration and led to an unsuccessful search for "Jimmy" and his mother. At one point District of Columbia officials threatened to subpoena Miss Cooke to get her to reveal

real identity could be cangerous to the child himself. Her story was given added credi-hility when teachers and social workers said that heroin was being used by other children "Jimmy's"

"Jimmy's" real name. But Miss

Cooke reportedly warned them

that any disclosure of the child's

Mr. Bradice also said that he had talked with Miss Cooke's parents and that The Post would do everything possible to enable Miss Cooke to get professional help to get back on the right track.

He told Post staff members that the paper would apologize to its readers and would start now to restore its damaged image because "credibility is all we have.

Washington Mayor Marion Barry Wednesday, saying that the parts of the story had been fahricated and that "Jimmy" was a "composite."

Mr. Bradlee sent a message to

Awarding of the Pulitzer to Miss Cooke on Monday also set off a new round of controversy when various persons questioned ber hiographical sketch released by the Pulitzer committee at Columbia

That sketch, which Miss Cooke said was accurate on Tuesday after questions had been raised about it. identified her as a magna cum laude graduate of Vassar who had a masters degree from the University of Toledo and had studied at the Sorbonne in Paris. In its ownstory Tuesday. The Post said that Miss Cooke was a native of To-ledo. Ohio. and came to the paperfrom the staff of the Toledo Blade in January, 1980.

However, a Vassar official said that Miss Cooke attended the school for one year. A spokesman for the University of Toledo, said that a check of the school's records showed Miss Cooke was graduated from Toledo with a bachelor's degree in English literature in August, 1976. He said there were no records at the school to indicate she had a master's degree from To-

or the 1990s.

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e to the total state of the sta

by Reg Gratton LUMPUR - Lawyers. onists, a former prime and even a pro-govern-vspaper have joined the

rotest against controver-

owers that the Malaysian nt has granted itself. ia is one of the most i prosperous countries in conents of the new legisy the measures are not ocratic, but unneces-

aslation strengthens govcontrol over political acnd amends the constiture the head of state greatto declare an emergency. the lower house of Parlespite opposition from he societies and pressure ncluding the Malaysian aion Congress, which say authority strikes at the CTROCTECY.

rdamental Liberties

ast outspoken opponent wileys, the Bar Council, bed them as the latest in ne of measures eroding stal bberties. ia, which has had parlia-

democracy since inde-from Britain in 1957, alstringent security laws ich an individual can be without trial for being il of the government, the aid in a long memoranour efforts" on the most cost-effective equipment and weapons.

Mr. Nott also revealed that Britain's military spending will not be increased above the inflation level

in the coming fiscal year because overspending had pushed this year's increase to 5 percent above

NATO Target Britain's annual increase in military spending will still average about 21/2 percent above inflation, Mr. Nott said, compared to the agreed NATO target of 3 percent. Analysts in London estimate Britain's military expenditure would have to grow by at least 7 percent above inflation each year to main-

tain all its current commitments

The changes in the laws govern-ing societies would go further, prohibiting the collective right to

The government has said that

the new laws on societies are not

punitive and that the people could

still speak and act freely. Home Affairs Minister Tan Sri

Ghazali Shafie told Parliament in

moving the bill, a series of amend-

NEWS ANALYSIS

ments to the 1966 Societies Act. that the aim was to strip away the

mask of so-called friendly societies that operated as political organiza-

50 Societies

He said opponents of the legisla-

The remark was a reference to

35,000-strong Malaysian

tion were afraid of being exposed

outspoken organizations such as

Moslem Youth Movement and the

reform movement, Aliran, which

have been leading opposition to the new laws by about 50 of

Malaysia's 14,000 registered soci-

ers of the government's registrar of societies, giving him new grounds to cancel the registration — effec-

rively ban -- any society or associ-

ation. There is no appeal to the courts, only to the home affairs

category of "political societies" which could include consumer or-

ganizations and other pressure

groups under its definition.

The law also designates a new

enes.
The legislation widens the pow

criticize, the lawyers added.

itain Reviewing Military Spending Plans and future equipment and weap- NATO" by continuing to maintain efforts too thinly," he said of Brit-am and other European allies. "We ons development. are going to have to concentrate

W. Weinberger had urged Mr. Nott last month in Washington to consider raising Britain's military expenditure above the 3-percent

the exchequer, Sir Geoffrey Howe, predicts that economic recovery in Britain will begin soon. Details, Page 2.

minded allied defense ministers at NATO meetings this month how much more the Reagan administration was spending on arms. Mr. Nott told reporters Wednes-

The registrar would be em-

powered to de-register any politi-cal society which has noncitizens

as members or which receives

He could also prohibit any society from having "any affiliation, connection, communication or other dealing" with any foreign or-

Mr. Tan Sri Ghazali has said

that it may be months or even years before the registrar takes ac-

tion under his new powers. The critics have asked why they are

trenched, there is little prospect of renewed racial strife between the

Chinese and the Malays that in

1969 threatened to tear the conn-

try apart, and the Communist guerrilla threat inside the country has been contained.

the federal constitution, a contro-versial clause grants Malaysia's

elected king powers to declare an

emergency if he believes it to be

necessary. He can also make laws

during an emergency which cannot

be challenged in any court. Former Prime Minister Tunku

Abdul Rahman said that the changes were made too hastily. He added, though, that he was not

necessarily against them.

Aliran, which for the past six

months has been under the threat

of de-registration, said the king's new power to declare an emergen-cy "gives the Cabinet [which ad-

vises the king the sort of absolute

discretion that does not exist in

any parliamentary democracy.

Yet nuder the amendments to

The government is well-en-

money from abroad.

ganization.

necessary at all.

ground forces in West Germany, sea and air defense of the Eastern U.S. Defense Secretary Caspar Atlantic supply route from the United States to Europe, defense of Britain itself and the many NATO bases here, and an inde-pendent British nuclear deterrent. Mrs. Thatcher's chancellor of

target. Mr. Weinberger also re-

Contrary to recent speculation, Mr. Nott emphasized that all these commitments would be maintained. In particular, he said, the commitment of 55,000 British troops in West Germany "is not under review, nor is it questioned."
Without abandoning any of its

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

day he was certain "the Reagan

considering in the coming months with the chiefs of staff, and in consultation with our allies, how technological and other changes can

broad NATO commitments, Mr. Nott said in a defense white paper published Wednesday: "I shall be

administration believes we are making a unique contribution to Government Powers Stir Opposition in Malaysia

The government has stood firmly by the new laws despite the unusually vociferous opposition, inchiding rare criticism from a progovernment daily newspaper. The Star. It has given wide exposure to opponents of the legislation and

editorially urged the government

INSIDE

Salvador Arms

The United States already this year has shipped more tons of weapons to El Salvador's junta than the overall amount which leftist guerrillas have received from Soviet-bloc countries, according to government figures.

U.S. Budget

President Reagan, slowly working up to a half-day schedule, has received a gloomy private assessment of the legislative prospects for his economic program. At a meeting with top advisers and his legislative liaison staff, the president was told his program faces tough scrutiny from Democratic liberals in the House and a forceful rearguard action from Republican conservatives in the Senate.



Firemen in Hamburg are shown attempting to shore up the walls of a building of the university after bomb explosion.

Hamburg University Hit by Bomb; Hunger Strikers' Backers Blamed The Associated Press

BONN — A powerful bomb tore through a Hamburg University building Wednesday and three fires were set in Lueneburg, in the latest attacks by supporters of jailed hunger-striking terrorists, police reported. The authorities in Frankfurt, Munich and Berlin were reported to be taking precautions against more attacks over

the Easter weekend.

A lawyer for one of the 26 hunger strikers said meanwhile that his clieot, Sigurd Debus, had "clinically" died from his nine-week fast, although authorities were keeping him "legally" alive by arti-

The Hamburg attackers painted slogans of the outlawed Red Army Faction and the motto "Solidarity With the Starving" on the walls of the university building where the bomb exploded, according to the police. Walls were damaged and windows blown

out, but no injuries were reported. The 26 members of the Red Army Faction and the affiliated Movement of the Second of June have been refusing food since early February, demanding improved prison conditions and treatment as prisoners of war.

Kabul Agents Said to Seize Man Outside U.S. Embassy

By Michael T. Kaufman

New York Times Service NEW DELHI — Afghan and Soviet security agents intercepted and seized a European as he ap-proached the U.S. Embassy in Ka-bul last Thursday, according to a Western diplomat. The man, wearing civilian clothes and presumed to be a Russian, was seized as he stepped out of a car a few hundred yards from the embassy gate.

The source of the report, a diplumat in India, said that as the man walked toward the gate he was chased by other men in civilian clothing who had been loiter-ing nearby. Others jumped from behind a wall across the street and joined in subduing the man. Within a few minutes, the diplomat said, a truck and jeep with So-

U.K. Reviews Arms Plans

(Continued from Page 1)

belp us fulfill the same basic roles more effectively in the future without the massive increase in real de-fense expenditure which the escalation of equipment costs might otherwise seem to imply."

In Britain's "present financial circumstances," Mr. Nott argued, we have too full an equipment program for the financial resources available for defense."

Other "deep cuts in procurement of ammunition, fuel and oil, and essential spare parts" have curtailed training and British military movements "too severely," Mr. Nntt added. "We must re-establish in the long-term program the right balance between the inevitable resource constraints and our necessary defense requirements.

Mr. Nott, a staunch supporter of Mrs. Thatcher's economic strategy who was made defense ministe earlier this year, said he hoped tn announce the results of the spending review by late summer.

Mr. Nntt desended the necessity nf both British and NATO ouclear weapons against growing opposition in Britain and elsewhere in Europe by "well-meaning people worried about the horrors of modern war who advocate unilateral nuclear disarmament." Mr. Nott said Britain remains committed at the same time to East-West arms control regulations.

He also said Britain would give "maximum possible support" for the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force for emergency use in the Middle East and Southwest Asia, but added that most of that support would



IOR CREDIT CARDS ACCEPTED

viet soldiers arrived to take the captive away. According to the diplomat, security has been intensified around all embassies of countries that the Afghan government regards as unfriendly, and such vigilance appears to be intended to thwart any dash for sanctuary by Soviet personnel in the country.

Last September a Soviet enlisted man entered the U.S. I Kabul seeking refuge. After a week he voluntarily left the embassy compound and returned to Soviet military jurisdiction.

Helicopter Surveillance

In addition to the heightened so curity around the diplomatic enclaves, several diplomatic sources reported that helicopter surveillance and random checks of cars were increasing in the Kabul sub-

The authorities in the capital appear to be worried that Islamic guerrillas may attempt to disrupt celebrations of the third anniversary of the revolution that brought pro-Soviet Afghans to power. The major celebrations are scheduled for April 27.

Other diplomatic reports from Afghanistan reflect the increased scale of fighting that has taken place as spring weather brings a

thaw to the country's valleys. Artillery fire and the sound of small-arms fire are said to be heard around the clock in Kandahar, the country's third largest city. According to another Western diplomat, the city continues to be under the complete control of the insur-

gents most of the time. Clash Reported

The diplomat also said that a man he described as "one of our best informants" provided details of a clash between Afghan forces and guerrillas in which the government troops were badly beaten.

According to the informant, a unit of 300 Afghan soldiers was ordered to set off from Hossein Kote, near the Bagram airfield, on a surveillance mission. The detach-ment was attacked, and the diplomat, quoting the informant, said all but 36 of the soldiers were either killed or captured or defected to the guerrillas.

The informant also said that the 36 survivors who were ultimately led out of the trap by reinforcements were so angry that their rescue took so long that they threatened to shoot the commander of the rescuing unit.

ln Kabul, a Western diplomatic source reported, five members of Khad, the Afghan secret police, were killed two days ago when the jeep they were riding in was am-bushed in the Dehmanzang dis-

southwest edge of the capital was asylum." set ablaze and burned for a full day. A bomb went off in a rest room at the university and protests against political instruction are said by Westerners in be continuing at several schools.

Treasury Chief Howe Sees Recovery Soon For British Economy

By Leonard Downie Jr.

Washington Post Service LONDON - Answering a growing chorus of criticism here and abroad, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's top economic lieutenant has insisted that her strategy for restructuring Britain's battered economy is working and has predicted that recovery from the country's worst recession in 50 years will begin soon.

There are now signs that the worst of the recession in Britain is over," the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Geoffrey Howe, told a group of American correspondents last week. He said the latest British Treasury forecast, based on encouraging new eco-nomic indicators, shows that in-dustrial output finally will begin increasing again during the second half of this year.

Because of the government's success in reducing inflation and because many firms have re-sponded to the difficulties of the recession by reducing unnecessary manning levels and improving working methods," industry will be "in a good position to take advantage of the upturn," Sir Geoffrey added.

His upbeat assessment, echoed by other Thatcher advisers and Cabinet members in recent public speeches and private conversa-tions, clearly was aimed at countering what one of them described as the widely reported impression that "the Thatcher experiment has

Opposing View

Independent economic analysts, a group of 364 British economists. business and labor leaders, and prominent poblicians - including some in Mrs. Thatcher's own Conservative Party and Cabinet have warned that her unbending policies are endangering real recovery from the recession, inflicting irreversible damage on indus-try, and risking social and political upheaval with high unemploy-

Sir Geoffrey responded to these charges by saying that it was tak-ing a long time for the government "to tackle long-standing and deep-scated problems" in the economy.

peated trimming of education, housing and other expenditures has been offset by the cost of the rapidly rising number of unempty.

ployed and emergency aid for gov-ernment-owned industries, Sir Geoffrey said public spending still has been held below the levels projected by the previous Labor government and will be reduced further. Although the total tax burden on Britons actually has increased under Mrs. Thatcher, Sir Geoffrey ooted that it has been shifted somewhat from income to consumption taxes, ith the top rates reduced considerably.

But Sir Geoffrey and other Thatcher economic advisers said the government will resist mounting pressure from business, Labor some Conservative politicians and Cabinet members to stimulate the economy with government in-vestment in public works projects and high technology development.

Greater Efficiency

Mrs. Thatcher's economic advisers insist, bowever, that industry will be able to take advantage of the greater efficiency forced on it by the recession. They point to a number of firms whose executives already claim greater productivity and more flexibile labor-management relations.

Many business leaders have agreed with this analysis for industries able to survive the recession, but say they still fear that too many well-run businesses and the jobs they provide will perish withont some government stimulus of the economy. Sir Geoffrey answer ed that because "the money to do this would have to come from somewhere," it would hinder the government's fight against infla-

Calling high inflation "the No. 1 enemy in Britain," Sir Geoffrey said "we must put the defeat of inflation first, ahead even of the important goal of reducing the bur-den of taxation on the supply side of the economy." He noted that Britain's underlying inflation rate and its minimum lending rate now are lower than those in the United

"It would be criminal to slacken off at this stage, despite the high-level of unemployment," Sir Geof-frey said. He added that his controversial recent budget, which raised taxes and some business costs, was "designed to consolidate our success in reducing the infla-

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

U.S. Reaffirms Compliance on Hostage Accord

WASHINGTON — The State Department reaffirmed Wednesday that the Reagan administration intended to honor the agreement negotiated for the release of the 52 U.S. hostages in Iran.

Spokesman Dean Fischer said the government had no comment on press reports from Tehran that Iran had accused the United States of

failing to comply with the agreement. The Pars news agency Tuesday quoted Ahmed Azizi, the Irania agreement, as saying that Iran had protested to the United States through Algerian intermediaries.

"We have beard oothing on the subject through the Algerians or any-one else. The administration has made clear that we intend to honor that agreement and that process is under way," Mr. Fischer said.

Banzer Withdraws Support of Bolivia Regime The Assoc

LA PAZ - Hugo Banzer, the general who seized the presidency in a coup 10 years ago, has withdrawn his support from the military government of Gen. Luis Garcia Meza.

Gen. Banzer, president from 1971 until he was ousted by other generals in 1978, heads the center-right National Democratic Action Party. which had provided the main civilian backing for the military regime. Gen. Garcia Meza and other rightist generals staged Bolivia's latest coup July 17, removing the interim civilian administration of President Lidia

Gen. Banzer said in a statement Tuesday in Santa Cruz that his party "has made the decision to separate itself from the government." He said party officials were recently "persecuted and detained in various parts of the country." The government "has oot listened to what we have said about correcting its errors," he said.

Doctor Reportedly Say Sands Close to Death Unuted Press Interno

BELFAST - An IRA communique said that a prison doctor Wednesday told the mother of Bobby Sands, the convicted IRA guerrilla who was elected to the British Parliament last week, that the bunger striker may die in "days rather than weeks."

Mr. Sands has refused food for 46 days in support of a campaign for political status for IRA prisoners. He complained Wednesday of headache and stomach pains but was able to talk with his mother and a sister, the communique said. Three other fasting prisoners are with him in the

hospital wing of the Maze prison. Between 2,000 and 4,000 sympathizers defied a ban on marches in Belfast Wednesday, sitting down in the street outside the city hall to listen to speeches when police blocked their way. After the marchers dispersed, some fought with police and burned a van. Skirmishes also occurred in Londonderry and Dungannon.

Soames Stands Ground on Civil Service Pay The Associated Press

LONDON - Lord Soames, the minister in charge of the civil service, said Wednesday that the government would not budge from its pay offer of 7 percent to striking civil servants, who disrupted government opera-tions around Britain with a half-day walkout Tuesday.

He told the House of Lords that the pay offer was fair and "the most

which we think it right to ask the taxpayer to finance." Union leaders called the statement "totally useless" and warned of a full strike by Britain's 530,000 civil servants, who demand a pay increase of 15 per-

Tuesday's action was to protest the use of the Royal Navy to carry out work normally done by union workers at a submarine base. The nine civil service unions halted work across the country March 9, and isolated strikes have occurred almost daily since then at key government facili-

Shostakovich to Get Political Asylum in U.S. United Press International

WASHINGTON - Maxim Shostakovich, one of the Soviet Union's most popular symphony conductors, will be granted political asylum when he arrives in the United States later this week, the State Department said Wednesday. A spokesman confirmed that Mr. Shostakovich, 42-year-old son of the

late Soviet composer Dmitri Shostakovich, has applied for asylum. He Three days earlier a warehouse said the cooductor and his 19-year-old son are expected to arrive later of the defense ministry on the this week "and we see no obstacle to their being granted political

Mr. Shostakovich requested police protection for himself and his son Saturday in West Germany, after completing a European tour with the Soviet Radio Symphony Orchestra. The Washington Post reported that another former Soviet conductor, Mstislav Rostropovich, Tuesday contacted Deputy Secretary of State William Clark to request aslyum for



NASA employees at Cape Canaveral, Fla., where Columbia left Earth, exult as they watch it come down smoothly in California.

Successful Shuttle Flight Gets Worldwide Acclaim

NEW YORK — The U.S. astronauts won cheers around the world for their shuttle voyage and perfect return to Earth Tuesday, but the Soviet Union repeated its contention that the project is primarily military.

In a message from Geneva. United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim told President Reagan: "I am confident that this most impressive achievement will benefit the whole of mankind and encourage further peaceful exploration of outer space... This dramatic event again underscores mankind's ingenious capacity to overcome seemingly insuperable obstacles. It is a tribute to the courage of the two men who ventured into space and to the skills of your scientists.

Moscow said the flight of the spaceship Columbia was a military effort "of special significance not so much for research and academic organizations as for the Penta-

"A great role is attached to the shuttle program in the testing of various types of the latest weapons that the United States plans to place in onter space," Tass said a dispatch from New York.

Chinese Report

China spoke of "a historic voyage." The Chinese news agency, in a story from Washington, noted that this was the first time a spacecraft had returned to Earth to be used again.

sion showed a late-night newscast explanations as they watched Col of the landing and said the mission opened a new era in space travel research. A commentator called the landing "impressive" and "spectacular."

Antonio Zichichi, president of Italy's National Nuclear Physics

Institute, said: "It took hundreds of millions of years of evolution to get those two astronauts, and a lit-tle piece of each of us, up in that white spaceship. Scientific achievements are never out of fashion. Nature will always challenge man's magination.

President Sandro Pertini of Italy sent a telegram to President Reagan asserting the "deep satisfaction and pleasure of those who believe in their hearts in the progress of science and technology, aimed at the well-being of humani-ty." Echoing his president's comments, a Rome resident said, like it because it's a new step into space and shows that science is advancing, and that's something that everybody should believe in."

Canada's House of Commons sent President Reagan and the people of the United States congratulations for the "outstanding achievement in man's supreme adventure in space" and the "daring and skill" displayed by astronauts John W. Young and Capt, Robert

South Korean President Chun Doo Hwan cabled Mr. Reagan of-fering "hearty congratulations on the successful landing of the space-

In New York, 250 UN camployees, diplomats and correspondents, watching the shuttle on television in the press area, applauded and greeted the safe landing with

Television viewers in West Germany listened to detailed technical umbia land. "America can truly be proud at this moment and with every good reason," commentator Heinrich Schieman said. flight proves the United States is the technological leader of the

Siege of Zahle Tightened; Fighting Flares in Beirut At stake in the fighting around Zahle and in Beirut is control over

BEIRUT — Syrian troops cot off food supplies to Zahle and fighting flared in Beirut Wednesday, as the Lebanese Cabinet beld its first meeting in 11 days to try to head off new fighting between the Syr-ians and Lebanese Christian militi-

A spokesman for Lebanese police depicted exchanges of fire in Beirnt and Zahle, 30 miles (48 kilometers) to the east, as the gravest threat so far to a cease-fire that had restored relative calm last week after eight days of fighting in the two cities. Fighting was also re-ported in the southern Beirut sub-

urb of Hadath. An official spokesman said Premier Chafik Wazzan and President Elias Sarkis met with other ministers at the presidential palace to discuss the continued siege of Zahle and the shelling Tuesday of the Lebanese National Assembly, in which legislators and ministers were trapped for three hours.

Syrian forces cut off food sup-plies to Zahle — a city of 200,000 with the largest Roman Catholic population in the Middle East in an effort to crush Phalangist re-

A Phalangist military source said. "All hilitop positions in the immediate environs of Zahle are now in Syrian hands, making access virtually impossible without a major battle?

Hailstorms in China Wreck 62,000 Homes

United Press In PEKING - Hailstorms and strong winds have destroyed or damaged 62,000 houses and wide-spread farm areas in central China's Hubei province, where millions of people still are recovering from last summer's flood, the Chinese news agency said Wednesday. The agency quoted reports from the Civil Affairs Ministry and did

not mention any casualties. The

Foreign Ministry said that it

would inform the press if there is

any information on the question.

the newly revived Lebanese Army, observers said. Despite the fighting, which the

two sides blamed on each other, a government spokesman said the cease-fire was still in force. The Phalangists, who had said Tuesday they were ready to open negotia-tions with Syria to end the fight-ing, repeated the offer — "but only if the other side wants to talk to us as equals.

Consultations were under way at the United Nations Security Council in New York on a state ment of concern about the renewed violence in Lebanon. It was expected to demand respect of Lebanese territorial integrity and urge all parties to show restraint. International Force

UN officials indicated that there would be no move to send an international peacekeeping force to replace the 22,000-man Syrian coningent that is in Lebanon ostensibly to police the four-year-old armistice that ended the civil war.

Syria the Arab League, the Palestine Liberation Organization, Lebanon's leftist National Movement, Lebanese Sunni Moslem and Shiite leaders and Kuwait. have spoken out against "interna-tionalizing" the Lebenese crisis. It was learned that a Syrian-supported militia had turned over a

kidnapped Jordanian diplomat to

Syria. In a statement on Damascus

radio, the Fursan Confrontation Front said Tuesday that it had sen-tenced Charge d'Affaires Hisham Muheissen to death but bowed to pressure from Syria to release him. Lebanese police and Syrian sources said Mr. Muheissen, who was held for 66 days, left Tuesday for Damascus after his Lebanes abuctors had turned him over to Syrian forces at Chioura, 25 miles east of Beirut. Jordan's senior diplomat in Beirut since 1976, Mr. Muheissen was abducted in Beirut Feb. 6, three days after a Syrian commando was arrested in Amman for allegedly plotting to kill Jordanian Premier Mudar Badran.

Soviet Polish Retrea By Oswald Johnston statement was given to repor by a senior government official WASHINGTON - Secretary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger "One might make the case an overemphasia, repeated w. said that he is opposed to any arms

Los Argeles Times Service

week and with positions taken

publicly by Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr.

Stretched Formula

that such arms talks should go for-

land."
The West Germans, in particular, were annoyed last week when Mr. Weinberger told reporters a day after leaving Boan that the arms talks could not go forward so long as there were "threats of violence or intimidation" around Board.

lence or intimidation" around Po-

land. This seemed to the Germans

to go well beyond the formula worked out the day before.

Now Mr. Weinberger has stretched the formula further, by suggesting that the Russians would

have to reduce their forces near

Officials at the Department of State, who refused to pennit use of

their names, said that they antici-

pated an eruption of dissatisfac-

German lavestment

investment in detente with the So-

Mr. Haig was told by the Germans when he visited Bonn last Saturday that the arms talks should get under way in parallel with NATO's nuclear deployment

preparations in order to keep pres-

sure on the Russians to stay out of

negotiation is one of the few re-

Mr. Haig stopped briefly in Bonn two days after Mr. Wein-berger's visit there, and caught the

full brunt of West German unhap-

piness with the defense secretary's

At a news conference in Bonn,

Mr. Haig refused to discuss what

Mr. Weinberger had said about

threats against Poland. . . .

Brady Gets Call

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - President

Reagan has talked to his press sec-

retary, James S. Brady, for the first

time since the assassination at-tempt March 30 in which both men were wounded. Mr. Brady, 40,

is recovering from a gunshot wound in the brain.

kept open at the White House in

the hope that Mr. Brady will be

"Are you ready for a press con-ference?" Mr. Reagan joked in a telephone call Tuesday from the

White House to Mr. Brady's room

at George Washington University Hospital. "Yes, sir," Mr. Brady re-plied. Mr. Reagan added, "We've-got a lot to be thankful to God

The conversation lasted two

minutes. Sources said Mr. Reagan wanted to visit Mr. Brady before

leaving the hospital Sanniay but

was discouraged from doing so by Mr. Brady's doctors.

To Our Readers

Because of a strike by drivers

for an independent company that serves the International Herald Tribune's Paris printing

plant, some of our distribution

patterns have been disrupted for the past two days. The af-

fected areas have included

Northern Europe, the Middle East and North Africa. The

IHT has taken measures to dis

tribute papers to these areas

from our London and Zurich

printers, and we hope that

readers will have a minimum of

inconvenience obtaining the

in addition, circulation in

some areas of Western Europe was interrupted Wednesday

morning because of mechanical

problems at the Zurich printing

able to return to it.

The press secretary's job is being

From Reagan

nard-line statements.

"In the German view, arms

for several years.

Poland before talks could begin.

ward unless the Russians vene in the internal affairs of Po-

ish border.

think we have to be measure the warnings... Every time "At the very least the divisions West opens its mouth, every t deployed around Poland - there we say comething, it has an el are about 20 of them - would on calculations." have to be reversed," Mr. Weinin any case, the Resear air berger told reporters Tuesday at a istration apparently has decide. out off even the beginnings

the decision-making process ; regative way," the official said

breakfast meeting.

American allies have been pushing the United States to begin areas control talks with the I sians until after Mr. Haig meet September at the United Nati arms talks with the Russians as part of a planned NATO buildup with Soviet Foreign Minister of tactical nuclear weapons in dres A. Gromyko. Western Europe.

But Mr. Weinberger's hard-line approach to arms talks was at odds

Fears Eased with a formula adopted by NATO defense ministers in Bonn last By Inactivit Near Polani Mr. Weinberger and other allied defense chiefs had agreed in Bonn

Now York Times Service
WASHINGTON — U.S. fear
un early Soviet-led International Control of the Care an early Soviet-led interventinto Poland have ended follow reports that military activity Soviet and other Warsaw I forces in and around Poland been virtually haired, Reagan ministration officials said. According to the latest infor-tion made available to senior to cials, no combat forces now app to be outside their garrisons in

or in East Germany or Czocho: vakia, officials said. Despite these signs, the admittration has decided to react t tionsly, to remind the Soviet ion that it intends to monitor situation carefully and to av-creating a mood of euphoria b and in other capitals.

tion in Europe, especially in West Germany, Belgium and the Netherlands, when Mr. Wein-berger's latest position on the arms Dean Fischer, the State Dep. ment's new spokesman, said get al military activity in and area. Poland was "significantly dow. control talks issue becomes known But he added that "distortions t contentious Soviet commentary the situation in Poland contiand Soviet forces remain caps The substantial West German of intervening at abort notice. One senior official said that main concern now was that "I ple will forget" about Poland:
"there could be another Czecho viet bloc and the reluctance of Belgium and the Netherlands to deploy modernized nuclear weapons has been an irritant within NATO

He was alluding to the situal that prevailed before the Soviet Warsaw Pact intervention Czechoslovakia in August, 19 After-weeks of concern about possibility of a Soviet me heightened by July maneuv tensions seemed to abate in ea August. The world was cau largely by surprise when the act Soviet bloc move into Czecho vakia occurred on the night maining points of leverage we have with the Soviets," one of the State Department officials said.

15 to 20 Divisions

making arms talks contingent upon the Russians dropping administration had differed whether Moscow would interv Later, however, reporters travel-ing with Mr. Haig were told that Several said that the Soviet Ut had used 30 divisions to inter-"repetitive threats or a high level of reference to danger" of a Soviet in Czechoslovalcia in 1968 and unlikely to move into Poland

Czechoslovakia is smaller a tradition of not fighting, and Poles will fight," one official "so it stood to reason that the sians would want to have r than 30 divisions ready to re.... vene." Another specialist said: would not have gotten really ried until at least 40 Soviet sions had been mobilized ag

But a third senior official sa feared on April 3 that the S Union would launch a quick sion of Poland and then folle or Poland and that the support of the state military forces from around, land before there could be

He said he and Mr. Haig a

another nation.

But when Mr. Haig was in last Saturday, he was urge West German Chancellor H in Europe.

Mr. Schmidt argued, accor to State Department officials, one reason the Soviet Unio not intervened militarily in P States

ion would become convince Washington is not interest arms control at all. Mr. Haig has realfirmed willingness to resume these t ations, in part because of a mitment made in December, by the Carter administration

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T. P. WEEK

Officials said Tuesday that 1 Soviet Union had be 20 divisions ready to intervene ...

April 3, the day that Secretar State Alexander M. Haig Jr. Defense Secretary Caspar Weinberger went abroad on pr ously planned trips.
Officials said experts within

Poland

arms control negotiations wit Service Union.

that "it would not in any wi appropriate or useful to cos-tales when the Soviets are ti ming directly or indirectly, directly in the internal affair

Schmidt to resume discur-with the Soviet Union as so possible on reducing missile 1 Arms Control Importance

not intervened militarily in P 100 200 is out of a desire to negotiate 2000 200 control accords with the It If the United States delays beyond the summer, Mr. Sci said he feared that the Sovie

it would conduct arms confi gotiations at the same time gotiations at me same alliance deploys newer miss

ides Tell Reagan to Expect In Tell Reagan to Expect We'll just be adding voices to the Democratic chorns of opposition if we omline next year's budgate at carts now," a White House offining administration officials. The same strategy was used by Present the Pischard M. Nixon and Jir

asington Pass Service
NGTON — President
alowly working up to a
schedule, received a
rivate assessment of the

ceting Toesday with top. nd his legislative liaison president was told his ed tough scrutiny from ic bberals in the House zeful rearguard action by n conservatives in the

conservative Republican leserted the administraeek, causing a 12-to-8 rehis economic program nate Budget Committee. tors declared they could rt the program because it t provide the balanced 1984 that Mr. Reagan

arus of Opposition?

resident has directed irector David A. Stockhasure the skeptical senately that additional cuts orthcoming in 1982 and ture a balanced budget. stegic problem is that the tion wants to reassure blicans without tipping the Democrats.

for legislative affairs, told Mr. Reagan the administration also faced difficulties in the Democratic-controlled House, where the Ways and Means Communities last week approved, 17 to 13, a Democratic alternative to the Reagan

Mr. Friedersdorf said his strategy among House members was to concentrate on a favorable floor vote, targeting "soft Republicans" and about 40 conservative Demo-

Too Close to Predict

Right now the outcome in the House is considered too close to call. The White House bopes vot-ers will give members a message of approval for the Reagan program economic program during the current Easter recess, but some aides concede this may not be enough to deter the Democrats.

"No one can go home now and say they're for big spending, but that's not what the Democrats are doing," said a White House offi-cial. "They say they're for cutting spending even more than the presi-dent."

same strategy was used by Presidents Richard M. Nixon and Jimmy Carter in an attempt to build my Carter in an attempt to outle support for their economic propos-als. A briefing for 75 editors and reporters from outside Washington was scheduled for Wednesday.

Possible TV Appearance

As valuable as these briefings may be, they are considered a poor substitute for Mr. Reagan's direct participation in the process of selling his economic plan

White House officials are cautions about predicting a date for Mr. Reagan's return as a communicator of his ideas. The best estimate is that he will make a televised appeal near the end of the congressional recess late this

No attempt is being made at this time to rush the president's con-valescence. He is described as napping frequently and eating heartily in an attempt to regain some of the weight he lost while hospitalized after the attempt on

On Tuesday he spent two hours in meetings with his aides and a 30-minute session with his legisla-

anta Officials Rebuke FBI Director Saying 4 Child Murders Are Solved

Wendell Rawls Jr. w York Times Service

TA - Reaction from and police officials here and stinging after the di-the FBI said that four "substantially solved" here was a suspect in 12 issing or murdered chil-

ter to the FBI director, I. Webster, Mayor Mayson responded Tuesday. ned positively by Atlanforcement officials that ot sufficient evidence in pending child cases to est at this time. If there police would make such If you have some eviwe do not have, please lice officials or the dis-

tey know." statements "undermine 's confidence in our inand create a great deal ected media speculation

tements to which he rere in an interview with nta Constitution pubmday, Mr. Webster was the newspaper as saying of the murders were ally solved" and were I to each other or to the derer who was responsidozen or more similar

another Suspect

bster also said that the as almost certain about cs ago that it knew who to 16 of the 23 young o have been slain here, 1979, but that its case med in a critical fashion ould not specify. Since aid, another suspect has · ified.

esman for the bureau in Washington Tuesday Vebster had made the resaid that evidence still be enough to justify an n indictment.

he second or third time BI director had talked of and solutions to the dy office has not been re of sufficient evidence adictments on any of the sponded Lewis Slaton, County district attor-

Brown, the Atlanta pub-ommissioner, said: The were news to me and I rised. The statements der the case, but they anything constructive." foung, the FBI spokesashington said that Mr. observations about the ated murders were "not ist month investigators m some of the case that or acquaintances, not a terer, were responsible. an investigative point of e got a substantially conclusive idea of who the perpetra-tors were," Mr. Young said. "But what we have is not legal proof, and that is an entirely different decision to be made by the local pro-

Mr. Young also tried to play down any disagreement between Mr. Webster and Atlanta officials. "Our battle is not with each other," he said. "Our battle is with a mass murderer.

For several weeks, the FBI, which has 30 agents assigned to the cases of the missing and murone killer. Privately, they have ac- peared.

ing was said to have belonged to a middle-aged black man with a thick monstache and rather long hair. He was seen driving an older dered children, and the local au- model green Chevrolet station thorities have said that they be-lieve the crimes are not the work of seen sitting just before he disap-

U.S. Coal Miners Rebuffed tyor also said that Mr. In Bid for Better Contract

By Ben A. Franklin New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The coal industry's chief negotiator has "flatly rejected" renewed demands by the United Mine Workers for a better contract after last month's overwhelming rejection of a proposed new contract by the membership.

Brown, agreed to meet with union representatives again on Friday, the outcome of talks on Tuesday seemed to increase the possibility of a long strike. The walkout is in

its 20th day. In a statement Tuesday night,

Ex-Nixon Aide Is Indicted on Perjury Charge

PHOENIX - Richard Kleindienst, who was U.S. attorney gen-eral under President Richard M. Nixon in 1972-73, has been indicted on 14 counts of perjury by a Maricopa County grand jury. State Attorney General Bob Corbin announced Tuesday that

Mr. Kleindienst was accused of committing perjury in testimony at his deposition before an administrative committee of the state bar of Arizona on April 14, 1978. The committee was investigating Mr. Kleindienst's professional conduct in his capacity as legal counsel for the corporate interests of Joseph Hauser, a convicted racketeer.

The indictment also charges Mr. Kleindienst with having fied to the disciplinary board of the state bar last December. That appearance also concerned his work for Mr.

Hauser's corporations.

Mr. Kleindienst is a partner in a
Tucson law firm. Before going to
Washington in the Nixon administration he was an unsuccessful Republican candidate for governor of Arizona.

rious lack of bargaining discipl in the union. Mr. Brown said that Mr. Church had re-introduced seven major items Tuesday that had been previously resolved in the rejected set-

feated by the miners. Little Encouragement

The issues that the union put back on the table Tuesday lent lit-tle encouragement to bopes for a rapid agreement. In the winter of 977-78, the coal miners struck for 111 days, eventually accepting the three-year contract that expired on

ion would continue royalty pay-ments of \$1.90 a ton to the union's Health and Retirement Fund on noncontract coal purchased by the

right to buy "outside" coal without making the royalty payments, the companies agreed last mouth to finance a \$100-million pension program, beginning in 1982, for thousands of older widows of miners. The "1950 widows' pension" plan had been expected to gain wide membershop acceptance.

gin of 2 to 1 overall, but by mar- weeks in August, rather than run-

knowledged that perhaps a balf-dozen different killers have been involved in the slayings.

Last Saturday, a black man was taken into custody after what po-

lice said was an attempted abduction of yet another black child. The man was said to resemble a composite sketch of a man last seen with the latest murder victim.

The face in the composite draw-

Mr. Brown, who also is head of the coal industry's second largest prodicer, the Consolidation Coal Co. of Pittsburgh, said that Sam M. Church Jr., the union's president, had been repudiated by his own membership despite "substantial improvements" contained in the rejected agreement. Mr. Brown said that the rejection of the contract "continues to reflect the se-

tlement. The two sides had not met since March 23 when they reached the agreement subsequently de-

Concessions sought by the uncompanies for processing and

In return for the contractual thousands of older widows of min-

But opposition to the "pur-chased coal" provision of the re-jected settlement took Mr. Church by surprise. The March 23 agreement that he made with the coal operators was rejected in a membership ratification vote by a margins as high as 11 to 1 in some ning from Ang. 3-Sept. 4 as was West Virginia districts.

Meurice Hotel in Paris:

... except the charm.

Phase 3 of the renovation program

has been completed

everything is new...



Tom Bradley

Los Angeles Mayor Wins Re-Election

The Associated Press
LOS ANGELES — Despite challenges from 18 other candidates, including a former mayor be had faced twice before, Tom Bradley won a landslide victory in his bid

for a third term as mayor of Los Angeles.

Mr. Bradley's won a record high percentage of votes in the mayoral contest. With 99.2 percent of Tuesday's vote counted, he had 63.6 percent, or 279,501 votes, to former Mayor Sam Yorty's 32.3 per-cent, or 142,204. Mr. Bradley needed at least 50 percent to avoid

a runoff vote. A bare 4 percent of the vote was scattered among the other candidates, ranging from a railroad switchman and a woman airline pilot to perennial candidate Eileen

Anderson, a singer and dancer.
As expected, 42 percent of all registered voters turned out for the municipal election. Mr. Yorty tried to win enough

support to force a runoff by por-traying Mr. Bradley, a former police lieutenant, as a do-nothing mayor and a foe of the police and fire departments at a time when crime has been skyrocketing.

Mr. Bradley, a 63-year-old Democrat and the first black mayor of the nation's third largest city, had been widely favored to win the nonpartisan election. The largerhan-expected margin bodes well for any plans he may have of seeking the Democratic nomination for overnor in 1982. Mr. Bradley has made no an-nouncement on his political plans,

but he refused during the campaign to promise that he would serve all four years of a third-term. He remained noncommittal after "Let me savor this for a few days," he said. "I don't even want to think about any other possible

run, but some time in the future I It was the second time that Mr. Bradley had beaten Mr. Yorty in

their three mayoral races. Mayor Yorty fended off Mr. Bradley's first bid for city hall in 1969 with a campaign bristling with anti-Communist speeches and racial innuendo. In the changed political climate of 1973, Mr. Yor-ty's approach failed and Mr. Brad-ley took office.

U.S. Seeks Delay On Sea Law Pact

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. The United States has asked that the seven-year-old UN Conference on the Law of the Sea, which had planned to complete a general treaty this month, be extended into

next year.
U.S. delegate Bernard H. Oxman told the conference steering committee Tuesday that only then would his government be ready to conclude negotiations on the treaty, since it would not finish its current review of the proposed text until late this year.

Mr. Oxman's delegation had said earlier it boped the review could be finished in a few months, which aroused hopes the conference could finish the treaty in one more session planned for summer. But on Tuesday, Mr. Oxman said the summer session should involve only an informal exchange of views and be limited to three

Hôtel Meurice 228, rue de Rivoli

Tél. 260.38.60 - Télex 230 673 F

U.S. Passes East Bloc in Salvador Arms Aid

WASHINGTON - The United States already this year has shipped more tons of weapons to El Salvador's junta than the over-all amount which leftist guerrillas

have received from Soviet-bloc countries, according to government figures. The Defense Department said Tuesday that from Jan. 1 to the present, the United States has sent 343.2 tons of military supplies to El Salvador. Earlier, the State De-

partment estimated that the guer-rillas had received 200 tons of Soviet-bloc weapons. That figure applied to covert important, mostly late last year and through January's failed "gen-eral offensive," but since then, the State Department says, the Communist flow has dwindled to an in-

significant trickle. The U.S. military aid is also only a fraction of assistance ranging from belicopters to radios to M-16 automatic rifles — currently in the pipeline for El Salvador.

Cost of Assistance

"There's a beckuva lot more in terms of money" to come, said Lt. Col. Jerry Grahowski, a Pentagon

The weapons shipments counted in the Defense Department report include the \$5 million in emergency assistance released by former President Jimmy Carter in January and about \$4 million of the \$25 million in aid promised by President Reagan, Col. Grahowski said. That would leave about \$21 mil-

Meanwhile, approval by the Senate foreign operations appro-priations subcommittee of Presi-

lion in aid still to be sent to the

W. Europe Leads In Atomic Power

ZURICH - Western Europe has overtaken the United States as the world's biggest producer of electricity from nuclear power, according to the Swiss Association for

Atomic Energy. In the first two months of 1981 production in Western Europe totaled 51.1 billion kilowatt bours of electricity. The U.S. figure was 48.3 billion, the association said in its latest bulletin.

France produced the most nuclear power during this period, 17.9 billion kilowatt hours, followed by West Germany with 9.6 billion, Britain with 7.3 billion and Sweden with 7.1 billion. Citing what it called the most recent statistics, the association said that during 1980 the U.S. produced 265.2 billion kilowatt hours from nuclear power stations, compared with 214.2 billion in Western Eudent Reagan's additional \$63.5-million economic aid package appeared certain as an informat

vote began Tuesday. Congress is out for an Easter recess but Sen. Robert W. Kasten Jr., Republican of Wisconsin, chairman of the subcommittee

2 p.m. Friday. Categories of Aid

asked members to return votes by

The aid includes \$24.9 million in financing to restore commerce, \$21.5 million in agriculture financing, \$10 million for housing loans, \$4.5 million for a program creating

Belize Is Nearer Independence in London Accord

The Associated Press LONDON - An agreement on the form of a new constitution for Belize, Britain's last colony in Central America, bas been signed bere, taking the territory nearer to independence.

The move "represents a giant step forward toward that elusive but cherished day," Belize Deputy Premier Lindberg Rogers said Tuesday after signing the final document ending a weeklong con-ference. Foreign Office Minister

Nicholas Ridley signed for Britain. Mr. Rogers said, bowever, that there "are many forces at work which wish even at this late hour to forestall the rightful aspirations of the Belizean people for inde-

Earlier this month a state of emergency was declared in the colony following riots and strikes to protest a provisional agreement granting certain land and water access rights to neighboring Guate-mala. In turn, Guatemala is to drop its century-old claim to the

Belize lies between Guatemala and Mexico, and some Belizeans fear Guatemala will try to take over once the British pull out. No date for independence has been fixed. Talks among Britain, Guatamala and the Belize government are to begin in London on May 20 to arrange a final agreement.

Netherlands Expels A Soviet Journalist The Associated Press

THE HAGUE - The Netherlands has expelled Soviet journalist Vadim Leonov, according to the

Foreign Ministry.
Ministry spokesman Heinz Princen confirmed Tuesday night that Mr. Leonov, a Tass correspondent, "has left the country on the re-quest of the Netherlands government." However, he refused to provide details nor disclose the reason for the expulsion.

about 180,000 brief public works jobs and \$2.6 million for El Salva-

dor's land reform program.
In its Feb. 23 white paper, the State Department charged that So-viet-bloc countries had pledged nearly 800 tons of military aid to the guerrillas and that 200 tons had actually been received, largely through Cuba and Nicaragua.

Accusing "Communist powers"

of "indirect armed aggression," the Reagan administration announced the sending of 20 additional U.S. military advisers to El Salvador hringing the total to 56 — and the dispatching of \$25 million in U.S. weapons and equipment Critles of the white paper, how-ever, note that the State Depart-

ment presents no firm evidence that the 200 tons in alleged Sovietbloc aid ever reached the tiny Central American nation.

And they say even if the 200 tons did arrive, it is a relatively

small amount of equipment that would last the insurgents for only a couple of weeks of fighting.

Battles Avoided

Col. Grahowski conceded that 200 tons would be used up "rather in continuous fighting. but said the guerrillas appear to be conserving their supply of weapons by avoiding major battles.

In another development, State Department officials said privately they are skeptical of the explanation from Salvadoran authorities on how about two dozen people were killed last week in a San Sal-

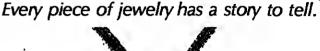
vador suburb. The Treasury Police, who reportedly were involved in the killings, told U.S. officials that the deaths resulted from a gun hanle which began when guerrillas opened fire on police. Witnesses, however, said the police dragged the victims from their homes and

shot them.

A State Department official, who asked not to be named, said U.S. officials were "tending to doubt" the Treasury Police story and believe that the police proba bly "overreacted" to shots fired at a 21-man police force when it moved into the area.

NATO Exercises in Italy

NAPLES - About 3,000 troops from five countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization will take part in land and air exercises in northeast Italy from April 27 to May 18, it was announced Wednesday by NATO southern command headquarters. The exercises will test deployment proce-dures for the allied mobile force.





ilias LALAoUNIS (-)

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Charles The Party

Reagan's African Emissary Is Snubbed By Leaders in Mozambique, S. Africa

MAPUTO, Mozambique President Samora Machel of Mozambique has snubbed President Reagan's top adviser on Africa, registering the clearest disagreement vet from any black African country with the perceived direction of the Reagan administration's policy toward the continent.

Another setback came almost simultaneously when U.S. sources said in Pretoria that the adviser. Chester A. Crocker, who is assistant secretary of state-designate for African affairs, would not be given an expected meeting with South African Prime Minister Pieter W.

Mr. Crocker conferred in Pretoria Wednesday with South African Foreign Minister R.F. Botha and Defense Minister Magnus Malan.

The prime minister's decision not to meet Mr. Crocker appeared to indicate displeasure with the ad-ministration's Africa policy. While Mozambique and other black African nations are upset over what they see as a U.S. tilt toward South Africa, Pretoria reportedly is upset about comments that Mr. Crocker has made so far on his trip denying such a tilt.

A grim-faced Mr. Crocker left Maputo Tuesday for Pretoria, via Swaziland, soon after a 75-minute

Canberra Aide **Ouits Cabinet**

CANBERRA - Industrial Relations Minister Andrew Peacock resigned Wednesday, claiming Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser had com-mitted "acts of gross disloyalty to me and my office." Mr. Fraser accepted the resignation in a terse, one-line letter.

Mr. Peacock's resignation may present Mr. Fraser with his most serious political crisis since he took office in November, 1975. Mr. Peacock, 42-year-old former foreign minister, has been seen as a successor to the prime minister as Liberal Party leader and is now considered likely to challenge Mr. Fraser for the leadership.

Mr. Peacock accused the prime minister of leaking damaging reports about him to newspapers, "I find this constant disloyalty ininlerable and not to be endured," be said in his letter of resignation, a word-for-word copy of Mr. Fraser's resignation as defense



Chester A. Crocker

meeting with Foreign Minister Joaquim Chissann that the Mo-zambique official described as

Request Rejected

On his previous four African stops, Mr. Crocker met the heads government in Kenya, Tanza-Zambia and Zimbabwe. Commenting on the failure of the Crocker delegation to meet Mr. Machel, Mr. Chissano said: "If they had presented their questions [to Mr. Machel] in the way they presented them to me, it would have been a worse result."

He confirmed that the Americans had asked for a meeting with Mr. Machel. They were told, he said, that no such meeting was

Sources familiar with the two sides said that Mr. Chissano and Mr. Crocker both became angry when the talks shifted to bilateral relations, which have been strained since last month when the leftist government of Mozambique expelled four U.S. diplomats for alleged spying and the United States

retaliated by suspending food aid. Mr. Chissano said later in an interview that there were significant differences betwen the United States and Mozambique over poli-

U.S. Envoy in Tunisia

The Associated Press TUNIS -- Retired Lt. Gen. Vernon A. Walters, a roving U.S. ambassador for special missions, met Wednesday with Arab League Sec-retary-General Chedli Klibi, an

cies toward South Africa and Namibia, although he described the talks on southern Africa as "not bad" overall.

He said that Mr. Crocker said the United States favors a constitutional conference involving all sides to the Namibia dispute before independent elections. "We are not of the same opinion," Mr. Chissano said, adding that most of black Africa opposes such a solution. "Only the Namibian people can discuss the constitution," he

Angole Visit

Mr. Crocker is bound to run into trouble on this issue again later in the week when he visits Angola, with which the United States has no diplomatic relations. It was announced Tuesday that the six Front-line states involved in the Namibia negotiations — Angola, Mozambique, Zambia, Zimbabwe, Tanzania and Botswana — would have a summit meeting in Luanda, Angola, Wednesday, Namibia and Mr. Crocker's tour of Africa are

believed to be on the agenda.

Mr. Chissano said there are "big
differences between our views and Reagan's" on South Africa. The administration has talked of significant changes in the country's sys-tem of racial separation. "We feel the changes in South Africa are not significant at all," the Mozambique minister said. "The changes are aimed at protecting apartheid."

Mr. Chissano also said he con-cluded from Mr. Crocker's re-marks that "the American government wants us to apologize for having expelled the CIA spies." He added, "We are not prepared to apologize for being spied on by the CIA."

Mr. Machel was the first African leader to criticize Mr. Reagan's stand toward South Africa. However, before Mr. Crocker's arrival Monday there was a slight upbeat note when Mozambique Friday released the last of two American civilians jailed at the time of the expulsion of the diplomats.

Launda Conference

LISBON (Reuters) — Mr. Ma-chel, President Quett Masire of Botswana and Zimbahwe Foreign Minister Witness Mangwende — representing Prime Minister Rob-ert Mugabe — arrived in Luanda Wednesday, the Angolan news agency reported. Portuguese radio said the presidents of Zambia, Tanzania and Nigeria were also ex-



DEMONSTRATION - Anti-British student protesters waved black flags and signs denouncing alleged British "racialist attack on immigrants" outside the New Delhi Airport when British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher arrived there Tuesday for a four-day visit.

2 Britons Accused of Aiding Suicides

LONDON — Exit, Britain's vo-lutary cuthanasia society, caused a controversy last year when it an-nounced plans to publish a do-it-yourself suicide guide. Now two of its members are accused of using a

"suicide kit" containing plastic bags and sleeping pills to assist seven people to their deaths. During a pre-trial hearing Tues-day, Mark Lyons, 69, a member of the society, was charged with mur-dering a 90-year-old woman last year. And he and Nicholas J. Reed the organization's general secretary, were charged with 16 counts of aiding and abetting six suicides in 1979 and 1980 and three others who considered suicide but changed their minds.

The pre-trial hearing, which is continuing, is being held to deter-mine whether there is sufficient evdence to bring the two men to trial. No formal pleas were entered.

"This case has nothing to do with Exit's views on death," prosecutor Roy Amlot told the court. They are perfectly entitled to do everything lawful and democratic to change the [suicide] law. Nnr has it anything to do with the argument as to whether people are entitled to advise suicide.

Suicide has been legal in Britain

since 1961, but siding and abetting suicide is an offense, punishable by up to 14 years in prison.

Britain's voluntary enthanansia society was formed 45 years ago to campaign for legalized mercy killing. In 1979 it changed its name to Exit, the Society for the Right to Die With Dignity, or simply Exit.

Europe Fighting Cattle Disease

ROME - Foot-and-mouth disease continues to pose "a serious threat" to Europe's livestock industry despite steady improvement in controlling the illness, a UNspansared commission said

The European Commission for the Control of Foot-and-Month Disease said the main source of contamination in Europe has become vaccine failures or the escape of the virus from laboratories. Previously the principal cause was introduction of the virus from overseas. Recent outbreaks of the illness on the island of Jersey and the Isle of Wight were the first in 13

The prosecutor said Mr. Lyons sometimes posed as a doctor and carried a suicide kit consisting of a quarter bottle of brandy, two plas-tic bags for placing over the head, elastic bands for the throat, and sleeping pills. He said police found the kit in Mr. Lyons' London

The court heard that three of the potential suicide victims were deterred by Mr. Lyons' alleged instructions on how to suffocate

According to police, Mr. Reed, 33, said that he had put Mr. Lyons in touch with chronically ill people to comfort them but denied knowing Mr. Lyous allegedly helped anyone commit suicide. Mr. Lyons, according to police evi-dence, told police that he and Mr. Reed agreed to help people "not to make a botch of suicide" and then told them how to do it.

Mr. Lyons is charged with mardering Isabella Ward, 90, who suffered from chronic back pain and tried twice to commit suicide before joining Exit in 1979.

Officials in Washington declined to say how the 1959 accord could be strengthened, although they talked of "several elements" The prosecutor told the court that Mr. Lyons visited her and told her that he would give her sleeping pills and then put a plastic bag over her head, tied with an clastic

U.S. Help if It Is Attacke the rapid deployment force, a past must that could be flown or by to any conflict in the region.

Pakistan Is Said to Want

By Bernard D. Nossiner

New York Times Service UNITED NATIONS, N.Y.

of support against aggression, Asian diplomats said Wednesday.

Agha Shahi arrives in Washington

States in a commitment to consid-

does not want to draw so close to

the United States that its standing

is threatened among the no-

Soviet-India Model

Mr. Shahi's aides point to a clause in the 1971 friendship treaty

between India, a nonsligned na-tion, and the Soviet Union as a

the United States. This clause says

that if either New Delhi or Mos-

cow is threatened, the two coun-

tries shall consult on "appropriate, effective measures to ensure peace

and security."

In Washington, officials insist that Pakistan's purchase of arms from the United States is not

linked directly to questions that Pakistan will raise about a new re-

ranstan will raise about a new re-lationship. But they acknowledge both subjects will be discussed. American officials suggest they will counter the Shahi proposal with an offer to strengthen the ex-isting 1959 treaty with Pakistan. In that document the United States

offered to provide armed forces to

help Pakistan resist Communist

aggression, if Congress assented. That agreement, unlike Pakistan's

corrent plan, would rule out even

consultation in a conflict with In-

that were under consideration.
One, they said, is the formation of

ible model for a new link to

naligned countries.

of American arms.

with India

But whether this is enoug Pakistan is expected to ask the United States for a broad pledge satisfy Pakistan is a question since the Soviet intervention is ghanistan, kilamahad has torn between seeking military from the United States and Pakistani Foreign Minister more accommodating toward

on Monday to discuss his com-try's security concerns as well as a new regime in Kabul. Last full Mr. Shahi made it : ossibility of large-scale purchases that his country, would be ta great risks in arming itself.
U.S. weapons and that this c That could pose a problem for the Reagan administration. Washbe done only if Pakistan rece ington wants to include Pakistan some assurance of help in a in its efforts to halt what it calls Heet with either the Soviet (1 Soviet expansionism in the Middle or India. East, but it does not want to do so

Gen. Mohammed Zia til-! at the expense of Washington's ties Pakiston's military ruler decia proposal by the Certer adm The pledge Pakistan is said to be seeking would involve the United tration to sell Islamabad \$400 tion worth of some over two y He called it "peanuts," but I er helping it in any conflict with stani diplomats say the real re-India as well as with the Soviet. was that Washington would Union. Mr. Shahi is said to realize give any assurance about I stan's borders. Washington would not take what India might regard as a hostile step. At the same time, Pakistan

The Reagan administration reportedly proposed selling I stan \$500 million of arms, but amount of arms is regarded; some high Pakistani official less important than a U.S. com ment to Pakistan's defense.

American concern with Paki has been heightened by the Sc intervention in neighboring hanistan. Peshewar, in north Pakistan, is headquarters for half-dozen Afghan groups figh Soviet troops. In the forther, Washington talks, Asian diplot. say there will be no public men of any military aid Pakistan n supply the rebels, but the subje expected to be discussed.

Carl Siegel

New York Times Service NEW YORK - Carl Luc Siegel 84, one of this contr leading mathematicians, died A 5'in Goettingen, West Germ: He made fundamental discove

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

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Innovator i Math, Dies

in the theory of numbers, the thry of analytic functions and or

Mr. Siegel was born in Be

OBITUARY

and taught at universities Frankfurt and Goetingen unti left Germany in 1940 to join Institute for Advanced Study Princeton, N.J. In 1951, the V-German government invited to accept a chair at the Univeof Gottinger. He was

his death.
In 1978, bdr. Siegel was on nine leading research scen who shared the \$500,000 Prize, established in 1976 bs Israeli parliament.

NEW YORK (NYT)—1 exander Galamian, 78, interna-ally known wofin pedagogue. Juilland School for 35 peri teacher of many of known violinists, died De Manhattan, apperently distance. His pupils

CAMBRIDGE, Mass Holmes Hinkley Welch, mer State Department university lecturer and paragraphic scholar of Taoism and Bulleting died Saturday at his 1 his works is a three-volume on Buddhism in China.

Sergio Amidei

ROME (AP)

76, a leading believe
scriptwriter considered
founders of Italy's
movies, died of a hear
Thesday, friends reported
day. His scripts include
Rossellin's Paisa and
City," and Vittorio de North

Arthur Loeb Milyes NEW YORK (NYT) -Loeb Mayer, 94, a motion-p exhibitor, distributor and le on film history, died Tuesd New York. For more than I century he was an entreps and then a lively voice on the garies of the movie business.

Vietnamese Se **Bolstering For**

BANGKOK — Intelligent ports indicate that Vietnat sent a new division of about troops into Cambodia to boli 200,000-man occupation there, Western diplomat

Wednesday,
Signs of the part up Vien
training activity have sugge
possible offensive in vertex
bodia before the raining
starts in June, the diplosisaid, Other Western south classes between the view and the Kinner Rouge, tho number between 30,000 40,000, have increased mark

the last six weeks.

About half the fresh nor place soldiers being rotal make up for "significant namese losses through illne descrition," diplomats said. estimate that the new divis creases total - Vietnamese strength in Cambodia by b 5,000 and 8,000 men.

Marias-

ter 'Ordinary People,' an Ordinary Deluge of Ordinary Films?

By Janet Maslin

W YORK — Now that "Ordinary People" has won is Oscar as the year's best picture, can there be any about which way we're headed? In the wake of this tramer vs. Kramer," ordinary is in. Humdrum is ormal is hig news. The movies, so accustomed to g glamour, will now be turning to real life for their tion. Why set a story in Monte Carlo when you it as well leave it in Michigan? Why profile snave hieves and international spies when every grocer ale to tell? For months to come, Hollywood's most thinkers will be asking themselves such questions, ith, some scenarios that may well be on their way:

2 Ordinary Horror Story" — The trouble with most films — muil now, of course — is that their as don't behave in an ordinary way. These women

films — mitil now, of course — is that their is don't behave in an ordinary way. These women be so supply that, from the moment when they it "Honey, is that you?" to the fire-breathing creathe hallway until the very instant at which they are gored or garrotted, we don't much care what hapten. So the ordinary horror heroine will have to some with whom viewers identify.

new horror heroine, like the old one, will begin the y getting a promotion at work, snubbing her boyand otherwise asking for trouble. However, she will fool enough to hop in the car and head for an old d house (Aunt Bessie used to own it until she died tously; all it needs it a little sprucing up) to get rom it all. No, she will simply stay home. Breaking arror movie traditions, she will also (a) pull the when she takes showers, and (b) not talk back to rvy breathers who phone her. Most important, she t, when she hears an intruder in the bedroom, tiplowly into the room to see who's there. She will go get help, and the would-be killer will have nothing and the movie will be over.

"The Ordinary Caper" — Caper films of the past have concentrated too heavily on such hard-to-believe ingredients as Audrey Hepburn and \$50 million worth of stolen diamonds. Caper films of tomorrow must stay a little closer to home. A typical example of the New Caper might star Ned Beatty as a fellow who goes to the store one evening, buys some cigarettes, and is mistakenly given too much change. He is stunned by this easy money. Soon he is undertipping waitresses and cheating on his tax returns. He never gets caught.

Added note: The male buddy film, like the caper film, must underno even further to the content of the caper film.

Added note: The male buddy film, like the caper film, must undergo some fundamental alterations. Just as the ordinary crook doesn't think very big, the ordinary buddy doesn't have unlimited time or patience for his friends. Male buddies in past movies ran off for adventures a deux that lasted weeks, months or years at a time. Male buddies of the future will meet only on Thursday nights, and have to be home early so they can get up for work.

"The Ordinary French Import" — The family gathers together for a long, hearty lunch. Afterwards, they indulge their various whims and worry about their cares. Papa, who loosens his suspenders and is the only one in the clan never to leave the table, thinks drownly about who will run the farm once he is gone. Meanwhile, eldest son Jean-Paul dreams of running away to Paris with Marie, the daughter-in-law nobody likes. Anny, the family's unhappy daughter, has a mid-afternoon tryst with the hired man. Youngest son Pierre sits in his room, papered with photos of pretty girls and faraway places, and hopes he can get work in a disco some day. Maman prepares dinner while dreaming of days gone by.

The French are way ahead of us. They make lots of

The French are way ahead of us. They make lots of use already.

"The Ordinary Comedy" — Half the films that opened

"The Ordinary Comedy" — Half the films that opened last Christmas featured actors wearing chicken suits. This, Hollywood is beginning to realize, has got to stop. Ordinary people do not own chicken suits, nor do they

worry amusingly about bow to dispose of dead bodies, nor do they find themselves unexpectedly carried off to Latin America or Shanghai. They don't know Barbra Streisand and they don't know Dolly Parton. Ordinary people get their laughs in ordinary ways, and the movies will have to follow suit.

In the to follow sint.

In the comedy of the future, a man will arrive home and tell his wife a few funny things that happened at work. She will laugh, and then tell him about the joke she heard Phil Donahue tell. The children will chime in with a much furnier joke of Captain Kangaroo's, and everyone will chuckle, and that will be that.

"The Ordinary 'Ordinary People'" — These new films about the family are all well and good, but do they go far enough? Real life can get a lot more commonplace than this. Where, for instance, were Ted Kramer's parents or his in-laws? Where were the long, unpleasant, guilt-provoking family discussions about the hreakup of the Kramer marriage? And in "Ordinary People," what became of all the distractions of ordinary life? Real families don't often pay the intense attention to one smother that the characters in these movies do. Real parents and children can be concerned and loving, but they can also be distracted, preoccupied and rude. The family film of the future will concentrate on these latter aspects. Movie children will be surlier, movie parents more beleaguered, and movie in-laws, at long last, will speak their minds.

"The Ordinary Love Story" — They meet, not on a yacht or in a train wreck or at the pajama counter in a department store, but in a restaurant. They have been introduced through friends. They eat dinner and chat and have a nice enough time, even if sparks don't exactly fly. Then they go to a movie. It's about people who are much much more ordinary than they are. This movie can't help but make them feel lively, exciting, adventuresome and carefree, if only by comparison. How can they help but

Media

Soft-Core TV Keeps Italians Awake

By Paul Hoffman

ROME — "Nessun dorma" — let no one sleep — urges the aria from Puccini's "Turandot." It might be a message out of the lush forest of antennas operated by Italy's independent television stations that keep much of the country awake with their racy programs night after night.

A vicarious substitute for what used to be la dolce via, pornovision usually starts at 11 p.m. or later, when the kids are supposed to be sleeping.

Marcella, a Roman housewife who makes sure her

Marcella a Roman housewife who makes sure her two children are in bed by 9 p.m. complains: "I doze off long before midnight because I have a long day and am always tired. But Silvio, my husband, is hypnotized by the dirty TV shows. He keeps working the channels until the small hours."

The remote-control electronic device whereby viewers can change television channels from their beds has been hailed in Italy as the erotic breakthrough of the decade. The trick is to pick out all the juicy scenes, skipping teaser footage and mere narrative material. Silvio seems to be a virtuoso of channel-borning

hopping.

The sleepless audience to which he belongs watches such products as "Hot Skin," "Fanny's Secret Diary," "The Vestal Virgin of Satan," and "In the Paradise of Pleasure."

Nobody can tell how big pornovision's public is. In Italy, the rating services poll selected households by phone and are understandably reluctant to call anyone after midnight. Even if they did, it's not sure they would be told the truth. Some Italians who claim they have never watched a sex show on the tube turn up bleary-eyed at their jobs on many mornings.

Variety of Sources

Some of the bawdy films come from abroad. Others are the spicier versions of Italian movies that are especially shot for certain Third World markets, Other pulse quickeners are made to order by little studios in Rome and oorthern Italy.

Live porn has generally been out for years. In the late 1970s, some small local stations featured amateur-hour strip shows in which neighborhood beauties, often egged on by husbands or boyfriends, took it all off. The format has fizzled out, and the professionals have taken over.

Those of the nation's more than 500 independent television stations that provide the gamy fare at night don't get much advertising for it. It seems that raw sex doesn't sell appliances, soft drinks, detergents, disposable diapers or pet food.

The late-late raunchies are nevertheless supposed to build viewer loyalty to a given channel. This too is questionable in view of the pick-and-choose habits of the unseen audience.

Trend spotters have lately signaled that because of the law of dimioishing returns pornovision may be in a declining phase. Hard-core skin flicks seem to be retreating and soft porn is on the

npswing.

The sex wave on the air has at any rate contributed to doing away with the monopoly that the poblic broadcasting system, Radio-Televisinoe Italiana (RAI) had enjoyed for many years.

Now, one nut of four Italians is watching mainly

the independents, and RAI is sufficiently scared by the competition in inject generous doses of oudity into its own programs.

The public network recently even bought a television documentary that six woman members of a cooperative produced to expose macho lechery. The group hired an attractive young Frenchwoman, identified as Veronique, installed her in a Roman call-girl apartment, advertised for clients in a local newspaper, and — using the "Candid Camera" technique —

surreptitiously videotaped the goings-on for two

The resulting cinema verite shocker was scheduled to be on the air last month, but some of the unwitting characters, horrified by the prospect of appearing on home screens in Lothario roles, obtained a court injunction banning the program.

The six woman producers and other participants in the project, including Veronique, are facing criminal proceedings on charges of violation of privacy and instigation to prostitution.

Even though RAI's audience won't see Veronique entertaining paying guests in her Roman fishbowl boudoir, the public network has lately presented some highly seasoned offerings. RAI sources even leaked information that full male nudity — hitherto taboo — would make its debut in a scene of a forth-coming television series.

Pressures on RAI

RAI is a semigovernmental agency, a juggernaot with 12,000 employees that is supervised by the government and parliament and subject to pressures by all major power centers, including the Roman Catholic Church and the Communist Party. It still has a near-monopoly of oews broadcasts, which matters a lot to the poblicians.

As for the supermarket of sex that is on the air, not everybody is happy. Church leaders keep protesting, as does the feminist movement, which charges exploitation and demeaning of women.

Ja some instances, as in Perugia recently, courts have closed independent TV stations for obscenity. No general program code or television guidelines exist

Local channels have proliferated in Italy ever since the Constitutional High Court, in two landmark decisions in 1974 and 1976, demolished RAI's broadcasting monopoly. Today it is not even known exactly

how many stations are competing with RAI.

Private radio and television interfere regularly now with RAI channels and even with flight control and armed forces channels.

But some order seems to be crystallizing out of the chaos. In the face of opposition by RAI, four or five nationwide independent octworks are emerging.

nationwide independent oetworks are emerging.

Backed by big publishers and industrialists, the strongest private television groups go in heavily for American films and dated TV series, from "Get Smart" to "Batman." Fattened by advertising revenues, the new giants of Italian commercial television threaten to swallow or kill off many of the small independents. In the process, the low-profit hard-core porn on the air may be in for a hard time.

'Crucifixion' Revoked

The Associated Press

NEW YORK — A judge has blocked an artist's attempt to restore a controversial display entitled "Crucified Coyote" to a Central Park exhibit. Acting Justice Louis Okin said in Manhattan Supreme Court that Parks Commissioner Gordon Davis was "justified" in ordering Panlette Nenner's work removed from the "Animals in the Arsenal" show.

"Crucified Coyote" — a stuffed coyote nailed to an 11-foot wooden cross — was never submitted by the exhibit's curators to Davis for approval, as required, Okin coted in his decision. The judge added that he was oot coovinced that Miss Nenner had been denied her constitutional right of freedom of speech and expression, as she had claimed in court papers.

The artist said she meant to draw attention to cruelty to animals. A Latin phrase, meaning "He Died Because of Our Sins," is inscribed on the cross.

The London Stage

ational's 'Don Juan' Is a Curious Mixture of Wit and Farce

By Sheridan Morley

Ed Barrell

100 para 110 mg

OIL

International Herald Tribune
ON — Doubtless some psychiatrist
ewhere could explain the National
obsession with Don Juan. The poth? A veiled attack on narrownoralists at the Greater London
A bid for freedom from financial
? A frequent desire for change?
er it is, the National has thus far

vath's "Don Juan Comes Back War" as well as a "Don Giovanom Glyndebourne and the "Don ell" sequence in "Man and Superaile that Shavian debate continues rivier stage, the Cottesloe now has I's new production of Mokiere's a" and presumably next year we'll the Byron version either on ice or

a, in happier financial times, was saive "Juan" festival and though "roved impossible it is a little sad has been unable to cross-cast any mpany from the National's other Don." Thus there is a totally differ-I actors, many of them recruited 's days at the Riverside Studios in mith, coming to terms with Moltedy in a new and very tense transthe oovelist John Fowles.

out is a curious mixture of wit and

farce, played at breakneck speed within two hours on a bare wooden stage as a kind of intellectual vaudeville. Nigel Terry in the title role crucially lacks the charm and confidence of the National's other Juan, Daniel Massey, but against this there is a marvelous star turn from Ron Pember as his servant Sganarelle and a brief ice-cold appearance by Michael Gongh as the trate father.

by Michael Gough as the irate father.

This "Juan" is, like all of Molicre, more about hypocrisy than about love or list; it's a series of duologues in which Juan is confronted by family, two friends, enemies and servants all equally unable to challenge his essential evil. Overlooking the entire production is a jury of 12 who double as servants and ghosts in the mansoleum but are perhaps also there to represent the public opinion and conscience which this play is fundamentally about. Attitudes to Juan are therefore more important than anything he himself can either do or utter, and in realizing that, Gill is able to give us a brisk tragicancedy about humanism and bigotry, about

pious jargon and about mortal sins.

Where Shaw is all talk and no action, Moliere goes for scenes of frenzied comedy involving mus hijacked from convents and creditors filled with food instead of money. But the moral contortions of the play are nowhere better expressed than in the performance of Pember, who seems before our

very eyes to tie himself into physical knots of anguish, outrage and occasional acceptance of Juan as the lesser of the evils currently on offer.

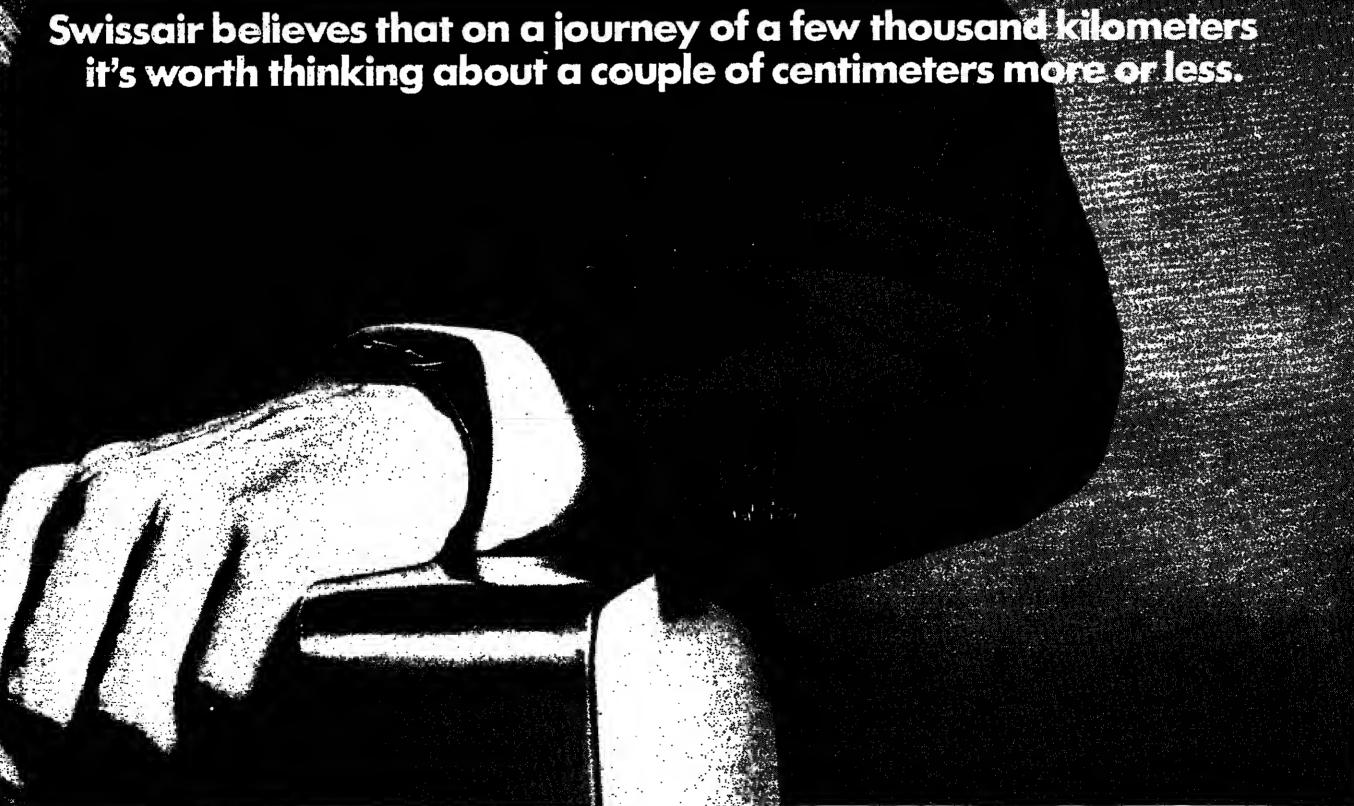
To the Round House for a month from Manchester has come the Royal Exchange production of "The Duchess of Malif" in a marvelously electric staging by Adrian Nnble. The intensity of the five central performances (Helen Mirren as the duchess, Julian Curry and Mike Gwilym as her brothers, Peter Postlethwaite as the unfortunate servant she marries and Bob Hoskins as the evil attendant) is matched by an intensity of lighting and movement, so that Webster's usual bloodbath becomes instead a sequence of episodes played in pools of light while the surrounding darkness grows ever deeper. Even Bob Crowley's minimal setting has a power all its own, as a furry white carpet becomes increasingly bloodstained and threadbare to reflect the ever more horrenders.

dous events taking place upon it.

Mirren starts the evening with a kind of innocent eagerness, like Olivia in "Twelfth Night," a lusty widow eager for remarriage; by its end, she has become a tragic heroine clotching the severed hand of her dead husband, though this metamorphosis is no greater than that of Mike Gwilym, who has

to start out Duke of Calabria and end up on all fours in the conviction that he has become a wolf. Few plays have ever asked so much of their actors; few great dramatists have come so dangerously close to self-parody. This production triumphs over all those obstacles and goes on to become a lecherous, lush revenge melodrama; Miss Mirren is Duchess of Malfi still, and should on on account be missed in what is far and away the strongest production in town.

At the Duchess, "The Business of Murder" is a thriller by Richard Harris that
turned up on London Weekend Television
in February spread across twn Sunday
nights, It's the one about the woman dramatist summoned to a sinister household where
she finds a friendly cop but a less friendly
husband. This oeeds to be stated because
although the management is now admitting
it on a board outside the theater, audiences
booking by telephone or depending n
newspaper ads may have oo idea they've already seen the play. If they haven't, they
may still be in for a good evening, assuming
they like the kind of clue-laden plot where
false trails matter more than real characters.
If they have, it really isn't worth it again at
West Full prices.



While other airlines are coming to feel that the welfare of their passengers depends on the invention of new class nomenclatures, we at Swissair still prefer to think more about other matters.

For instance about the idea that passengers on long flights are particularly glad of every extra centimeter for arms, legs, and hand luggage.

And so Swissair has decided to retain only 8

instead of the usual 9 seats abreast in the Econ-

omy Class (why change such a first-class name?) of its DC-10-30s. For you that means never more than one seat from the aisle, wider arm-rests, more elbow-room for eating and reading. And more attentive service from the cabin crew, because they have more time for the fewer passengers and more freedom of movement in the gangways.

You will likewise find more room rather than more seats in Swissair Boeing 747s. There the

Economy Class has only 9 instead of the customary 10 abreast.

But whether DC-10 or 747, fewer seats abreast is not the only thing that distinguishes Swissair from other airlines. For instance it carries a larger assortment of newspapers and magazines on board than any other airline. Quite apart from what's served, the dishes are chinaware. And your wine doesn't come in plastic cups.

Perhaps that's why more and more people are coming to prefer Swissair on long-haul flights.

Swissair or your IATA travel agent will be glad to give you all further information.

swissair



Whither U.S. Policy in Africa?

Chester Crocker, President Reagan's assistant secretary of state for African affairs-designate, has been oo the road trying to keep both South Africa and its black adversaries happy about the new administratioo's Africa policy, to the extent that it has one yet. That is oot an uousual missioo for the State Department's chief Africa specialist. It is what U.S. diplomacy in southern Africa has been about for some time. There is a difference, though. A cardinal principle of the Reagan administratioo's foreign policy approach, whether in Africa, Latin America or elsewhere, is a commitment not to put overt pressure oo friendly authoritarian regimes in the area of human rights. Mr. Crocker, who is still an assistant secretary-designate in part because Sen. Jesse Helms, a Republican of North Carolina, doubts his personal commitment to that approach, is finding it very difficult to carry out such tricky diplomacy.

He has been telling ooe black African leader after another that the United States is no supporter of apartbeid. That is almost certainly true and it pleases black Africans to hear it, especially when they were expecting a less forthcoming public posture. But the United States being against apartheid is oot enough for the black Africans. They are also interested in more immediate political problems. Whose side is the United States on in the Namibia dispute, for example? Or does the United States plan to provide aid to Jonas Savimbi's rebels in Angola? At the same time, Mr. Crocker's statements in black African countries have irritated the South

As a result, Mr. Crocker was snubbed by Samora Machel, the Marxist president of Mozambique and P.W. Botha, prime minister of South Africa. This kind of problem results whenever the new administration comes into contact with reality, as opposed to the East-West vacuum in which it seems to formulate its policies. It happened to Secre-

tary of Defense Caspar Weinberger when Western European leaders shuddered at his suggestion that the United States might respood to a Soviet invasion of Poland by armiog China. It happened to Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. in the Middle East when both the Saudi Arabians and the Jordanians told him that as far as they were coocerned, the Palestinian problem, oot the Soviet Union, was the main source of instability in the area. And now it has happened to Mr. Crocker in Africa.

The relatively simple reality of the situation is that in many parts of the world it is desirable for the United States to have good relations with countries that do oot get aloog with one another. Moreover, the United States must do this in ways that are consistent with its own values and interests. In Africa, that means clear-cut opposition to both Marxism, where it implies political and military ties to the Soviet Union, and apartheid. False bopes should not be raised by vague statements, shifting posicions, foolish meetings with South African military officers, onagain off-again plans for a visit to Washingtoo by Mr. Savimbi or anything else unconsidered or that promises something it can't

And the obvious should be ooted: The black nations of southern Africa value their economic ties with South Africa even though they abbor its racial policies; black Africa will eventually turn to the Soviet Union if it feels it bas beeo sold out by the United States, and South Africa will not. In that light, the real quescion at the moment for Mr. Reagan, Mr. Haig and Mr. Crocker is whether a SWAPO-led Namibia as favored by all of black Africa and opposed by South Africa is or is oot in U.S. interests. Quibbling over whether or not to badger South Africa about apartheid just complicates matters

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE.

Columbia's Perfect Flight

On Tuesday, space travel suddenly became a part of real life. There was nothing exotic about the landing of the Columbia on that desert in California - oo splashdown, oo frogmen, no rubber boats. As the space shuttle rolled to a stop and the trucks gathered around, it looked little different from any other airplane landing at any ooe of hundreds of airports. Even the steps that were brought out to provide access to the crew compartment would have been at home at Washingtoo's National Airport. For the first time in the history of the space program, the machine and the men seemed life-sized, something most of us have seen before and can count oo seeing again.

As he watched the perfect landing, astrooaut Joseph P. Kerwin remarked that a new airline had just been born. While it will be a while before the shuttle becomes the airline of space, the idea that ordinary people — oot just super-trained astrooauts - can orbit the Earth is oo looger a dream. It is only a matter of time, if the government properly develops this great oew tool, until the shuttle opens to travel the near reaches of space in the same way the airplane has opened the air immediately above the Earth.

The flight of the Columbia was a remarkable testimonial to U.S. technology and to a government agency. Despite the long delays and the huge cost overruns, NASA and the scientific community produced a space vehicle that, once launched, performed precisely as they said it would. The theories and the engineering that went into this untested craft were without a major flaw. Not often have science and technology beeo able to produce a product that performed so well oo its first trip out of the workshop. Indeed, historians will be hard pressed to find any major project in mankind's efforts to explore and exploit the environment in which the error rate has been so low.

There is still much to do before the new space transportation system, as NASA has formally designated the shuttles, becomes operational. More test flights will be cooducted this year and next. Modifications in design are almost inevitable; the jetliners of today barely resemble the first commercial airplanes. But Columbia has demonstrated that the potential of space can be exploited oo a regular basis at a price the United States

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Helsinki and Madrid

The Madrid Conference on Human Rights, Security and Cooperatioo in Europe bas seemed kind of remote and irrelevant while the Russians bave been threatening to roll over Poland. Yet the conference, summoned to review the Helsinki Final Act of 1975, has a place in the proceedings, modest but useful all the same.

The Final Act, a consensus political statement, called on its 35 signers (including the United States) to "refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any state." To blunt any claim under the "Brezhnev doctrine" allowing Moscow to impose its brand of socialism, the act added: "No consideration may be invoked to serve to warrant resort to the threat or use of force in contravention of this principle." Moscow has oot let Helsinki deny it use of the intimidation card, which it has played in the form of Warsaw Pact maneuvers, threatening statements and the like. Nonetheless, Helsinki has provided a specific and fresh standard against which to measure Soviet crudeness.

The Helsinki Act included an obligation to give ootice of military maneuvers, apart from the intelligence the signers acquire on their own. The idea of this "confidence-building measure" was not so much to prevent a surprise attack as to expose any country that ran maneuvers for purposes of pressure rather than preparedness. So far in Poland, the Soviet Unioo has oot given nooce of its maneuvers. Given the loopholes, this may not be a technical violation. But the common knowledge that the Russians have oot given notice bas put the spotlight on Moscow.

Uoembarrassed, as always, the Russians have pressed the question of notice of maneuvers in Madrid. Their apparent purpose is to brazen their way out and to show Europeans what trustworthy fellows they are. Their proposal, to extend the area of notice to the Urals and North America, was launched by Leonid Brezhnev and has been rebuffed by the United States on grounds that Helsinki is about Europe. But the Russians are said to be showing a certain interest still in a French proposal to make ootification more verifiable and obligatory.

Many conservatives feared at the time that Helsinki was a trap in which Moscow would ensnare Western peaceniks, Actually, Helsinki has given the West a handy forum in which to demand that the Soviet Union respect its professed ideals and act in civilized ways. You could say that Helsinki is only talk. We would say, without apology, that it is talk and more. For the tension in Europe. don't blame Helsinki and Madrid.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

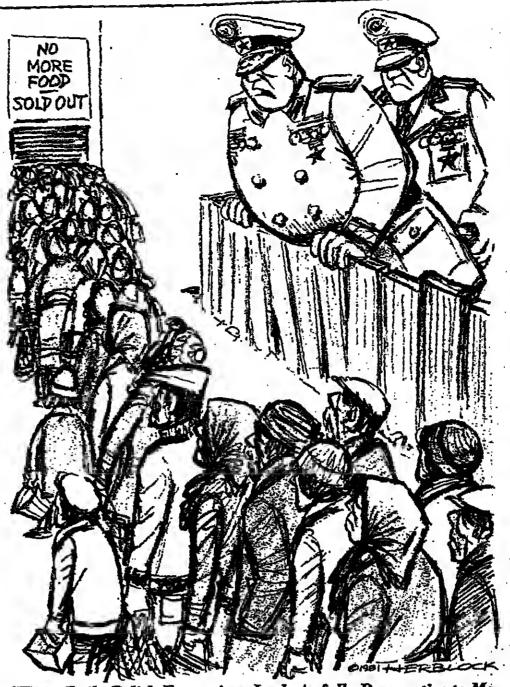
In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago April 16, 1906

WASHINGTON -- President Roosevelt delivered this afternoon his speech on "The Man with the Muck Rake," in which he strongly expressed his opinion on the campaign exposure carried on in some dime magazines, deprecating the tendency among certain writers, whom he termed "wild preachers of unrest," who were doing incalculable harm by provoking a kind of reaction that, in its revolt against the senseless evil of their teaching, would enthrone more securely than ever the very evils that they are attacking. The president went on to discuss enormous individual fortunes, and the possibility of a progressive tax on fortunes "swollen beyond healthy limits."

Fifty Years Ago April 16, 1931

PARIS - Paris is expected to receive today King Alfonso XIII of Spain and his English-born wife Queen Victoria, cast out by their country, now a republic. With the queen will come about \$10 million worth of Bourbon jewels, including dismond-studded gold crowns used for state occasions. The king, whose throne was threatened time and time again, had grown through the years to be one of Spain's most popular monarchs: A popular saying has it that he could easily be elected as president of a Spanish republic. Meanwhile, in Madrid, four Republican ministers predicted that Spaio would become a federated state, with regional autonomy.



Those Daily Polish Formations Look Awfully Propocative to Me.

France: Trying to Make a Race

By William Pfaff

Some Socialists like to think that

if Jacques Chirac comes third in the initial vote, his followers might

tip the final vote to Mr. Mitter-

rand, so as to make Mr. Chirac

leader of the opposition and heir to power if the left fails.

After the Elections

But while Mr. Chirac's followers

may detest President Giscard d'Es-taing, the Communist leaders hate

Socialist Mitterrand, They have

done their best over the last three

chances, while at the same time blackmailing him to give them Cabinet posts if he wins the presidency. Mr. Mitterrand says that he will decide that after new legisla-

tive elections. But the shift of a

percentage point in the vote for the

presidency, sufficient to make Mr.

Mitterrand the president, does not easily translate into leftist victories

in a series of legislative districts all

With whom, then, would a new-

ly elected President Mitterrand

govern? It is not a question the So-

cialists like to consider. If he governs with the Gaullists, or the

center-right, the Communist Party

would gleefully take up the role it has always sought, that of exclu-sive party of the left. If the Social-

ists try to govern with the Commu-

nists, the Communists would allow

it only on their own terms, which would be ruinous to Mr. Mitter-

rand and would probably bring the

right back to power in a year or

Nonetheless, Mr. Mitterrand could be the president of the

French Republic by the second week in May, and this mainly would be due to the fact that,

throughout most of the country,

the campaign has been unrolling to

plangent apathy. Only Mr. Chirac fills stadia. Mr. Marchais can

arouse his followers and provoke

the television viewers. But most

people in France seem only to

want to get it over with. The candi-

dates are familiar faces, the arguments all have been heard a thou-

sand times. The issues are ancient

And nobody is very afraid of the

outcome. That is the new factor.

By breaking up the union of the left three years ago, and turning

Argentina Terror

5,000 persons who have "disap-

peared" so far in Argentina have been civilians — teachers, peas-ants, priests, workers, students,

and the very young. One case in point was the "disappearance" of a 15-year-old girl mourned by her

family. The population, intimidated by these gory killings, as it well might be, watches silently.

(Letters, April 1), the "disap-peared" are nearly all terrorists,

the vast majority of the population gives its support to the secret kill-

ings, and undoubtedly I, for writ-

ing this letter, belong to the Com-

On Human Rights

Iain Guest's article about human

rights (IHT, March 23) is a biased

dissertation of the state of human

rights as "investigated" by the UN

To wit, one category was com-

pletely deleted — the rape of the rights of nations such as Afghani-

stan, Czechoslovakia, Hungary

(this is but the "short list"). To this

list one may add several nations

which have "joined" by sheer ex-

Human Rights Commission.

Alto de Zambujosa, Portugal.

LEONORE SUHL

munist conspiracy

But according to Daniel Healy

A great many of the roughly

-Letters

over the country.

DARIS - The two people who d'Estaing, who is unloved even by I have made an impact on the French presidential race thus far are Jacques Chirac, the former prime minister, now mayor of Paris, and Marie-France Garaud, who once was Mr. Chirac's political

Mr. Chirac has an outside chance to become one of the twofinal candidates for the presidency, in the second and decisive round of the voting, on May 10. (The pre-

of the voting, on May 10. (The pre-liminary vote, among ten candi-dates, takes place two weeks earli-er, on April 26.)
In the polls, Mr. Chirac is far behind President Valery Giscard d'Estaing and Socialist leader François Mitterrand. But he is the only one of the three who is making noteworthy progress. He's up. Mr. Mitterrand has marginally improved his standing since the be-ginning of the year. The president, according to most of the polls, is standing still, even in decline.

Mr. Chirac is where be

through tireless campaigning: the big smile, the wrong hand, the remembered name and friendly word for people in small towns, factories, and shops across the country. He never stops. He's a dynamic orator, with more of the common touch than any of the major candidates except the Communist, Georges Marchais. (Mr. Marchais really began as a worker, and

The main appeal Mr. Chirac makes is to ordinary people of the artisan and middle classes — anti-Communist, loyal to the memory Charles de Ganlle, to whom President Giscard d'Estaing seems aloof, condescending, on the side of the rich and fashionable. The Chirac appeal is a populist appeal. For this reason he is oot as far from the Socialists as many are inclined to think.

His energy and intelligence made him an effective prime minister, and today make him a capable mayor of Paris. He's an unstoppable man. But he gives little sign of knowing why he is doing it. He wants to be on top. On top to do what is an unanswered question - perhaps an unconsidered ques-tion. He is oot, of course, the only politician of whom that could be said. But his reputation is that of a man with too much ambition for his own good, and perhaps too much ambition for the country's good

No Hope

Marie-France Garaud was once President Georges Pompidou's adviser, and she sponsored Mr. Chirac's political debut when he was a young official in Pompidou's entourage. Now she is in the presidential race for herself, without hope of winning, speaking her mind cruelly and lucidly, making everyone uncomfortable with things they would rather not hear. She tells the television newsmen to their faces, on the air, that they are on the side of power. She tells the president that he has already had seven years to do what he is capable of doing. She reminds Mr. Chirac that he was prime minister in the present government, and calls him a cat who pretends to be a kitten - "A brave kitten, you understand, who sometimes shows his claws a little." She and an incandescent Trotskyite, ordinarily a clerk in a bank, Arlette Laguiller, make this a campaign in which the women are more impressive personalities than the men.

But conventional calculations still say that the second round of the election will be a contest between two men, the president and Mr. Mitterrand. The same calcula-tions insist that Mr. Mitterrand could win, which would not have been said a month ago. He could do so simply because of the populer withdrawal from Mr. Giscard

against Mr. Mitterrand, the Commists liberated him politically — liberated him against his will. He became just another candidate. of an essentially middle-class party, and thus a plausible choice for people who, in the past, feared what the Communists might do with a Socialist victory. But the French are voting without enthusiasm. The excitement of this election, if there is any, will come after the votes are counted. It will come is the French contend of the second of the seco if the French succeed in surprising themselves, and give themselves Mr. Mitterrand or Mr. Chirac as

governments, acting through the institution they jointly control, have the power to create liquidity. Moreover, they have the power to distribute it to those most in need - the developing countries. Until now, they have shied away from what would be the most effective reform, the so-called "special drawing rights-link." In book, this would mean creating more of the DMF's own line of credit, the SDR, and distributing them to members in such a way that the developing countries get an extra share.

Good News

The discussion drags endlessly on, with strong proponents on ei-ther side and no action seemingly coming nearer. The only good news is that the IMF stall is seriously engaged in working out the mechanics of a viable plan.

ONDON - The Saudi Arabi-

an decision to lend the luternational Monetary Fund \$16 bil-

lion gives the struggling interna-tional banking system another gulp of air, but whether it will save

it from drowning remains to be

Not much has changed for the better since Dennis Healey, the former British chancellor of the

exchequer, just over a year ago warned that "we could see a whole series of defaults that could bring the international banking system crashing down." Indeed, the situa-

tion has worsened. Oil is more ex-

pensive. Interest rates are higher

and developing country deficits are now much worse.

tion remains the IMF. Member-

The focus of much of the atten-

mechanics of a viable plan.

Meanwhile, an interesting idea has surfaced in the pages of the journal Trade and Development, published by the UN Conference on Trade and Development. The proposal is for the IMF to create "a gold account for development" exploiting the unused 100 million omness of gold (worth \$67 billion) in IMF ownership. The anthors, David Brodsky and Gary Sampson, suggest the establishment of son, suggest the establishment of an IMF trust fund which would auction off the gold at regular in-tervals. The profits would then be placed in a development fund to

he used for making low-interest loans to Third World countries.

The IMF already has a similar plan on a very small scale. And its proponents argue that this would be a useful stepping stone to SDR reform and historically easier to

justify.

They have a case, for it can be. argued that many of the develop-ing countries would not be stretched for liquidity if they had not followed religiously the advice. of the IMF and the rich countries in the early 1970s. Developing

Using a Gold Account For IMF Developmen By Jonathan Power countries were persuaded that age of gold was over, that the lar was "as good as gold" and

> national reserves would be lai via SDR allocations. Most of developing countries made a sion not to hold significamounts of gold in their for

exchange reserves.

for the future, the creation of i

Pledges Whether the developing c tries were wise to swallow pleages and words of advice good question. The fact is, the tencouraged also by the nee carn interest on their foreign change reserves). Conseque they have totally missed out or nomenal rise in the pric

So when the price of gold : ed shooting up in the late 197 brought about principally be declining confidence of the c — the windfall gain went to Western central banks with significant gold holdings, gross gains from the de fact valuation of gold amounted t staggering figure of over \$400

In the principal Western of per person. For the very poor veloping countries with their inficant gold reserves, their has been \$2.80 per person.

Mr. Brodsky and Mr. Sam estimate that the developing of tries, by acting on their belief the dollar was as good as forewent an increase in reserves of over \$100 billion.

A convincing argument ca made that to use the lMF's inflated gold stock to redress balance would be only fair pensation. And a trust fund w be the best way of making sur money was well-used.

Debt Problem

If this were done, it would significant step towards rectil the debt problem of the develo countries. And by making more credit worthy, it would reduce the exposure of the mercial banks. This would ma rather easier for them to ge more effectively with the im ant job of recycling the OPEC pluses with less fear of default.

The Third World cour could then commue to grow, viding much-needed purch power to help recharge the er of growth in the industria countries. Not only would be be served by a "gold account development," but self-int too. It is too important an idbe overlooked.

Priority for Vital Interests

verge on the same geographical area, the world prospects are very

somber indeed. Energy security has the same importance for the Western nations as strategic security. President Reagan has confirmed this fundamental policy of the previous administration, reasserting that the Gulf's oil area is of vital interest to: the United States and its allies. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig's recent tour of several Middle East capitals evinces further the importance that Washington

EDIRCHES IN IL. But the Gulf is not an area of vital interest for the Soviet Union, at least in the present international juncture. Surprisingly, this view is expressed in Moscow by a variety of Soviet analysts and influential personalities. Europe, and more precisely Eastern Europe, is the center of all wornes in the Soviet capital at this time. It is important not to misjudge the magnitude of Soviet fears in this respect. While China watches patiently and complacently, the greening of a new heresy on the western border of the Soviet empire, makes this "their" zone of vital interest.

But there is a common ground for compromise at the end of the

termination of their leadership, the

"champion" of human rights — the Soviet Union.)

It is just as cynical to list Ugan-

da as a nation which has restored human rights. Mr. Obote is only more educated than Idi Amin, oth-

erwise, with the help of Tanzania; they are both as artful in the viola-

tion of human rights.
The United Nations is not the

forum to judge human rights in any way. More than 80 percent of

its members have and are practic-ing their violation of human rights.

ALEXANDER GAAT.

on a routine basis.

By Enrico Jacchia MOSCOW — If the vital interTo be sure, the Russians are at
U.S. public opinion to the da
of military weakness, but thi
and those of the Soviet Union conance for change in Poland. It is
nothing to do with a militar omic possible that the cumulative effect of the righteous Polish demands for change would result in the abolition of Communism. We know that this is not the objective presently pursued by the Western powers. The spotlight of attention is focused on Poland for quite another reason, i.e., becan United States and most of the European allies are determined to let

> The price paid for Afghanistan has been the building up of a pow-crful U.S. presence in the Indian Ocean and the Middle East. What the price would be for Poland is still unclear. Economic sanctions and an indefinite adjournment of arms control negotiations are contemplated Still, a course of action more probable than many politithe adoption of countervailing military measures to recover influence in places where the Soviet position is exposed: Libya, Angola, Mozambique, the Horn of Africa.

the Soviet Union pay a price for interference in Polish affairs.

Military Weakness

But if there is one thing that we know for sure it is that NATO's armies will not cross the frontiers of the Warsaw Pact unless it is attacked first. They will not cross the line to abolish Communism.

No doubt, there is a campaign intended to alert European and

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from reador space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for rublication. Writers may reques that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address. The Herald Tribune cannot acknowledge letters sent

tion on Eastern Europe's from The disfinction is clear to me

In my view, bowever, this so clear in Moscow. Some diplomats and a few political lysts of the Academy of Scientific Control o who are accustomed to trav subtleties of our policy. Bu Central Committee of the ! Communist Party has only aful of experts on U.S. politic they may meet difficulties in vincing their many colle Their uncertainty on the in jectives of the United States and widespread. If it lasts to and increases, it may becom

No Uncertainty

There must be no uncertain the determination of the W ests beyond Europe in Sou Asia, and to stop Soviet pe tion in Africa. It may be wi prudent to let the Russians that the fundamentals of V policy have not changed; them that we do not think foothardy of them to ascribe interest to the preservation of system of government in the phere, whether we like th tem or not'

This is deeply against th science of the age, someon say. No doubt. However, t clear nonproliferation which divided the world small group of nuclear pow a vast majority of have-no also attacked as immoral. Y treaty has avoided, for mo 15 years, turning the planes nuclear jungle. When nuclear missiles ca

Paris or Moscow in four from their respective lat pads in Europe, security by the recognition of vital in should have priority in o urge a change both in the C nist and the capitalist world forever, then for a rea length of time.

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صكذا من الأجل

Star amongst the stars.

When Omega stopped production of the Speedmaster Professional, it was asked for as never before. Now it's being manufactured again.

In 1965 NASA was looking for a wristwatch for their astronauts. It had to function with absolute precision – whether on earth, on the moon, or between the two.



Many specialized models of different manufacturers were tested. Among them an ordinary Omega Speedmaster Professional bought from a retail jeweller in Houston (Texas).

The lone unscathed survivor of all the tests was the Omega Speedmaster Professional – and the tests were stringent enough, as you can imagine.

1969 - you remember - the first moon landing: "The eagle has landed". Neil Armstrong wore an Omega Speedmaster Professional on his wrist, and from then on this watch was the best - and not only just on earth.

Incredible demands.

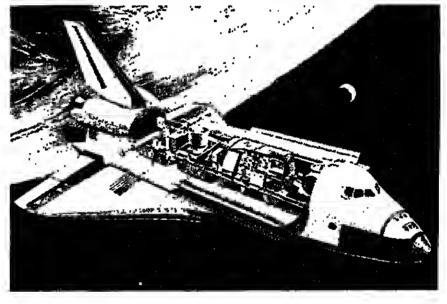
It's almost unbelievable what the Speed-master Professional had to undergo on its journeys to the moon: Temperatures between - 25 °C and + 70 °C, intensive UV radiation, changes of gravitation, fluctuating

air pressures down to total vacuum, and an acceleration up to 6 g. And it never faltered!

Masterpiece of precision mechanics.

It's important to realize that this Speed-master Professional is a mechanical watch – probably the ultimate achievement of this technology which has now been supplanted by quartz modules. Or has it? Omega had already discontinued production of the Speedmaster Professional when it became obvious that there was still a keen demand for it. It had become a collectors piece – a modern serial watch (imagine!) and not a vintage timepiece.

The Speedmaster Professional in the space shuttle.



Once again the NASA has ordered the Omega Speedmaster Professional for the space shuttle crew. There must have been a good reason for this choice. That's why this watch is back again – back in the shops, too.

A masterpiece of the Swiss watchmaker's craft.



Page 8 Thursday, April 16, 1981



A workman pushing clothing store mannequins in a South African city draws an audience of one.

South Africa: Unchallenged Power But a Creeping Sense of Irrelevance

(Editor's note: On April 29, South Africa's white minority party, the National Party, is assured 0 landslide victory in a general election sured o landslide victory in a general election that will bar 84 percent of the population from participating on racial grounds. Yet "white politics," says Joseph Lehveld, the Johannesburg correspondent of The New York Times, is being "overtaken by a creeping sense of its own irrelevance." In this excerpt from The New York Times Magazine, Mr. Lehveld discusses the divided motives of the white Afrikaners, who are trying to make themselves acceptable to the black majority, who, in turn, "are awaitto the black majority, who, in turn, "are awaiting the fall of the last white domino in southern Africa.")

By Joseph Lelyveld

COUTH Africa is a land that fashions D stereotypes. Two-dimensional racial and political emblems are used, like mirrors catching the African sun, to shield and to blind. The stereotype that has been fashioned over the decades for the leader of the dominant white group, the Afrikaners, is almost papal, minus the brocades and ritual. It suggests a figure whose bold oo popular loyalties is more than personal, a man of unbending rectitude who has risen through the hierarchy of the governing party and now is in a unique position to reinterpret its dogma and portray

Pieter Willem Botha, the Nadonal Party's fifth prime minister since it achieved seemingly unchallengeable power in 1948, dropped out of the University of the Orange Free State at the age of 20 to serve the party as an acolyte, a full-time organizer. In the 45 years since, he has known no other life or occupation. But he doesn't fit easily into its cadership stereotype, and on April 29, when the National Party sweeps to an automatic landslide victory in a supposedly "general election" — from which 84 percent of the population will be barred on racial grounds be is expected to score a triumph that will be widely viewed as bollow, even by some supporters, and win a mandate so full of the contradictions that now characterize Afrikaner politics that neither he nor anyone else will be able to know what it really means.

Accounting for about 60 percent of South Africa's 45 million whites, the Afrikaners have an overwhelming preponderance of political power because they cast a nearly solid group vote. The governing party, which is likely to draw more support from the English-speaking white minority than ever before, finds it necessary to have only one person of English origin in an 18-member Cabi-

Enormous Hope

Those Afrikaners who have invested enormous hope in the prime minister's vaguely sketched program of caudous racial reform will claim that the voters have given him a blank check to put it into effect. If he chooses to read it that way, the theory and practice of apartheid may be further diluted; for instance, with the introduction of a handful of brown South Africans - persons of mixed race, called coloreds, and Indians - to the hitherto all-white Parliament. For white South Africans, this would be a tremendous step. But it would do nothing to alter the essential powerlessness of black South Africans, who account for 71 percent of the population nor would it significantly change

their present circumstances and prospects.
Other Afrikaners will be able to argue that there was no blank check, that the voters thought they were once again casting their ballots for apartheid and against its dismantling. Sensitive to the danger of a white back-lash, Mr. Botha's Cabinet colleagues have spent much of this raucous political season advertising statistics they normally gloss over, such as the fact that the government spends more than \$1,000 a year on the education of each white child and less than \$100 a year on each black child. "Now, does this look as if we're doing anything for the blacks?" a Cabinet minister asked at a polio-

View From Outside

Viewed from the outside, there is obviously something ludicrous about the spectacle of a South African government defending itself against the charge of doing too much for blacks.

As seen from the grass roots, white politics is being overtaken by a creeping sense of its own irrelevance. White power has yet to be challenged in a convincing way. It still seems as secure as all the menacing technology of modern state control can make it. The price of gold last year accounted for an additional \$5 billion in foreign earnings over what it brought in the year before. No country in the world is booming like South Africa, which had real economic growth in 1980 of 8 per-cent, and few whites have been left out of the boom. Yet there's a sense of slow slippage, a sense that all that power and the old justifications for the ruthless ways that have been

used in the country can no longer be trusted.

Afrikaner political thought may have been convoluted, but it was not significantly divided in the halcyon days — the bad old days, blacks would say — of Prime Minister Hendrik F. Verwoerd, which ended when the Dutch-born architect of apartheid was stabbed to death in Parliament in 1966 by a partiamentary messenger who was later found to be insane. In the Verwoerd grand design, the number of blacks in white areas was supposed to start dwindling in 1978. Of course it

Today, Afrikaners no longer talk of white rule but of "white self-determination."

did no such thing. In 1979, P.W. Boths went to Soweto, where oo South African prime minister had ever been, and acknowledged what had always been self-evident, that blacks were a permanent part of the urban

Later he went further and acknowledged that they were essential to South Africa's continued prosperity and growth, and that for the country to remain stable, they would have to share in it, whether they were in the urban encampments called townships or the deteriorating rural slums that get the glory — and little else — of being called "national

Botha's Sentiments

So far the prime minister's sentiments have been stronger than his performance. In 1980 not a single new house was erected in eto; out of more than 10,000 South African workers who were registered as industrial apprentices, only 82 were blacks; and in the whole of South Africa, only 13 blacks received any kind of degree in agriculture. But Mr. Botha's intention to make a measurable difference cannot be doubted. What can be doubted is the apparent premise that a surable improvement in black living standards would have the political effect of

buying off the majority.

By any index. South Africa is steadily getting more black, not just in demographic terms — the white share of the population of 28 million is now 16 percent and gradually shrinking — but also in terms of the black presence in areas that whites have been trained to think of as their own. Increasingly, whites wait their turn behind blacks on bank lines to be served by brown tellers. Increasingly, blacks fill the shops and streets. They appear regularly in television commercials and advertisements because no one with a product to sell in this society wants to sell it only to whites. An advertisement for a local rum shows three young couples raising their highballs in a sultry tropical lagoon. One of the couples is black. Only the small print in the corner of the ad reveals that this interracial idyll was snapped in Fiji, not in South

Blacks who sbuffle and say, "Yes, baas," and "Thank you, master," are likely to be-come an endangered species; in the cities, at least, younger blacks don't go in for servility. Plainly - after the advent of black rule in Mozambique, Angola and Zimbabwe — they are awaiting the fall of the last white domino in southern Africa. P.W. Botha endeavors to turn the clock back to 1948 and start again, showing apartheid with a human face to blacks whose own clocks are set, however unrealistically, for a political transformation in this decade. Their confidence, more than any noticeable shift of power, makes some whites

Others get assertive. "All they have is sheer numbers," a prominent Afrikaner business leader remarked vehemently. "Because they've been working at night and not during the day, must they then have the right to tell me what to do? That South Africa will never

The hard-line stance is more tastefully expressed most of the time, but there is seldom

be serious political oegotiations with blacks
— especially blacks like the imprisoned Nelson Mandela, head of the banned African National Congress, who could be expected to reject any constitutional design that implied a division of political authority on racial lines. Yet all the discussion that goes on among Afrikaners regarding their own mini-mal demands suggests a kind of preparation for hard bargaining, even if few Afrikaners would admit this to themselves.

Contradictions

Such contradictions can often be found in one person or in government policy. On almost any issue these days, South Africa tends to talk and act as if it seriously meant to pursue all available options.

At home, it authorizes black labor unions and harasses their leaders; it admits blacks to white universities and bars them from living oear the campuses; it eases up on censorship of black authors and bans black newspapers; it promises a "new deal" to urban blacks, then proposes legislation that denies them socess to the courts to defend the minimal rights they already have; it acknowledges that its policy of developing independent black "homelands" has failed totally to produce economically viable states and pushes more ence that is likely to be equally meaningless.

Today Afrikaners, who represent less than 10 percent of the population, no longer talk white rule but of "white self-determination." The shift in emphasis may be more self-deluding than cynically intended, but from the black standpoint, white self-determination is simply another name for white rule. "For us black South Africans, these elections are really irrelevant," Dr. Nihato Motlane of the Soweto Committee of Ten remarked scathingly. "What we are witnessing is a whole people, white South Africans, moving bodily to accept what is a fraud, a lie the lie being that this country is white and that the blacks belong to their own btile independeot states out there."

A range of values can be found in many prominent Afrikaner families these days. The ounger generation can hardly be described as rebellious, but there is a minority of young Afrikaners who are frankly impatient for a realistic vision of the future and are ready to listen to leaders who won't just repeat the old incantations of their tribe.

South Africans can make their politics sound hopelessly complicated. But the issue of political power in South Africa is basically unsubtle, even crude. Let's imagine, for argument's sake, that P.W. Botha has accomplished everything be has set out to do and that he has gained politically among whites in the process. A modest number of coloreds and Indians would then be seated in Parliament (not enough, one can be sure, to threaten the National Party majority). Blacks would be able to elect municipal councils with a measure of real authority in their townships, and those councils might even be placed on the same footing with local white councils. And, assuming the price of gold stayed firm, money would be pumped into the townships and homelands as never be-

Series of Reforms

After such a dizzying series of reforms, which could hardly be expected to take place in less than a few years, where would South Africa then stand in the eyes of the world and its own black majority? Consider that the system of "influx con-

trol" would still be in force, making it illegal for roughly half the blacks to be in areas classified as white and requiring migrant black workers to live apart from their families for 11 months out of every 12. Consider that the Group Areas Act would still be in force, preserving most of the land for white occupation and development. Consider that the Internal Security Act would still apply, giving the security police what amounts to carte blanche to suppress black nationalist movements. And consider that the Prohibition of Political Interference Act would still be in force, barring multiracial politics. These are all reasonable assumptions, for these measures - the basic building blocks of the system that is no longer supposed to be known as apartheid are not up for fundamental reform.

The answer, then, to the question of where South Africa would be stands out fairly clearly. If P.W. Botha gets what he is presumed to want, he will have eased some of the system's rigidities only to hear once again, to his great disgust, that it is too little too late; that, basically, nothing much has changed.

East Germany Grows More Relaxe Amid Mounting Soviet Bloc Perils

By Dan Morgan Washington Past Service

BERLIN — It was a warm April Sunday in the capital of East Germany and blue-shirted members of the Free German Youth corps lounged in the parks, waiting for the start of the parade.

They marched to Alexanderplatz, sang songs and hailed the 10th Congress of the Socialist Unity [Communist] Party taking place this week. Buildings were decked out with red

flags and banners bearing slogans such as "Everything for the well-being of the people."

The blue-shirted youth brigades, the lingering smell of brown coal in the air, and the sight of bombed-out buildings still pockmarked with World War II bullet boles — all are as they were seven years ago, the last time this

If anything, the green-uniformed officers of the People's Police seem more fearsome. A visiting reporter applying his brakes sharply just in time to stop in front of a pedestrian crossing is waved over by a constable with a buildog face.
"Get out!"

"Documents!" Press accreditation to the party congress is quickly thrust forward, re-sulting in a slight moderation in the police-"What you did there was not good." The policeman returns the papers, salutes, and the chastened driver slinks back to his car.

Journalists still have their problems here. A visitor calling an economics professor for an appointment is politely told that a new law requires Western journalists to clear all contacts with East German citizens with the For-

First Impressions Mislead

eign Ministry.
Yet in this country, one almost has to reverse the old apbonism and conclude that "the more things stay the same, the more they change." First impressions are always misleading in East Germany, a country where politics and internal realities are far more subtle and

complex than they seem.

Even in the shadow of a political movement in Poland that threatens its own stability, East Germany seems more relaxed, more physically comfortable, more prosperous and more self-

confident than seven years ago.

Many of the young people who marched in Sunday's parade wore jeans along with their

The government nowadays even tolerates occasional imprompus blues and jazz concerts in local churches, attended by overflow crowds

of young people.

This more relaxed mood holds perils for the Communist leadership, which plainly is deter-mined to avoid the spread of the Polish labor movement. But even critics of the government's policies acknowledge that East Germans seem more reconciled to a life here and more aware of the country's statehood than

"If you took down the wall, 85 percent would go - but 95 percent would return," said one worker.

Palatial Hotel

Central East Berlin, an empty and sad place decade ago, now seems more cheerful and

bustles with activity The palatial Metropol Hotel has been erected for visiting foreigners, but East Germans with foreign currency to spend also patronize the bars and restaurants.

Where religion is concerned, it is evident that the vision of Bertolt Brecht still takes pre-cedence over that of Martin Luther. At a Palm Sunday service in an old community church in the borough of Pankow, the handful of wor-shipers looked through the smined glass win-dows at red flags rippling in the wind from an adjacent building.

The pastor ascribed the small rurnout to the

But the Lutheran Church survives with its position somewhat more secure than it was a decade ago. The Communist governm included a church — the first to be built in the capital since the 1940s — in plans for a new

Unique Political Conditions

Agreements and treaties signed by the two. German states have eased the hardship of fam-

ilies separated by the border between them.

These changes may not seem earlieshaking, but they have made life better for the 17 million East Germans who live under unique political conditions.

As party leader Erich Honecker constantly

blue shirts and sported long hair — a contrast code word understood by all East German to the rigid formality of such events only a few mean the country's geographical position at mean the country's geographical position at ting NATO, the presence of 400,000 So troops and the existence of the 857-mile his ly fortified border that divides East from

East Germany's cultural policies are sha by the need to respond to the strong pull ex ed by West German television and radio which most East Germans have access. W a West German television correspondent ported that changes were expected soon in operation of "Intenshops" — East Gen-stores where Western goods are sold for W ern currency - long lines appeared at

shops early the next more Compared with official media in the So Union, Hungary, Poland and Czechoslova television, newspapers and radio in East (many play a smaller role in disseminating formation, instead, they spread the party i giving the government's position on exthat many East Germans already know at: - a role that explains the media's uncom-

Mild Liberalization

The Communist leadership has taken view that the "realities" leave little room intellectual dissent

After a period of mild liberalization in early 1970s, controls were tightened begins in 1976. The government has since banish number of critics to West Germany and ple

others under house arres A 1979 report to the U.S. Congress on c East Germany "invited" critics to leave country and threatens to ben others from

fessional activities. Controls were tight further in August, 1979. Sweeping amendments to the criminal c made passing information to Western jour ists punishable by 2 to 12 years imprisonm Some believe this was mainly meant to rest

West German television reporters, whose in views in East Berlin are seen by million:

Yet the Honecker government has been locant to resort to the harsh measures have sent dozens of intellectuals to jail Cechoslovatin and quelled dissent there. T is one of the wonles of current East Gerr politics: Dissent is still officially sanctioned a few carefully controlled settings.

Slaughter of Dolphins by Japanese The View From the Fishing Boats

By Sam Jameson

K ATSUMOTO, Japan — With the peaceful waters of its natural harbor dotted with tiny fishing boats, this town of 9,034 people seems an unlikely spot for an international cooltoversy. .

The fishermen of Katsumoto, on the island of Iki, share a quiet existence with the shoprice, tobacco and garlic in the valleys and on the terraced hillsides. But foreign environmentalists view the island's 2,798 fishermen as criminals, for it was here that they were filmed in 1978 bludgeoning to death about 1,000 dol-phins they had herded into the harbor.

The fishermen say they acted only to protect

their livelihoods because the dolphins were eating or scaring away the fish. Nevertheless, the television film and oewspaper photographs stirred protest worldwide.

The killing of dolphins - 800 of them in 1977, 1,200 in 1978, 1,900 in 1979, 2,100 in-1980, and about 120 so far this year - continues, with the environmentalists pressing their campaign. And the islanders are increasingly

Unpolluted Place

There must be few spots in Japan as densely populated as Iki — 777 people per square mile
— and where the natural environment is better preserved. So the charges that the fishermen are committing a crime against nature when they kill the dolphins strike an odd note among the inhabitants of this island 16 miles off the northwest coast of Kyushu, one of Japan's four main islands.

Unlike on the main islands, Iki has not a single billboard, and there is no pollution. There are two nightclubs and a bowing alley, all in the town of Gonoura. But it has no movie theater, and establishments filled with pachinko machines, a kind of vertical pinball machine, provide most of the evening excitement.

Throughout the years, local people say, most

of Iki's troubles have been caused by outsi Last year the children in a Katsumoto junior high school wrote and staged a play about how their fathers, to protect their livelihood, round-ed up 450 dolphins in an inlet, only to have an American, Dexter Cate, a member of several environmental groups, cut the nets and allow about 250 dolphins to escape. In the play, Mr. Cate is beaten up by the

fishermen — an event that in reality was pre-vented only by the intervention of Kiyoshi Obata, managing director of the Katsumoto Fishermen's Cooperative. Mr. Cate was arrested after cutting the

fishermen's nets on Feb. 29, 1980. Convicted of obstructing business, he was sentenced last May 30 to a prison term of six months, which the court then suspended.

Common Resource

Mr. Obata said: "If I were a member of an animal-lovers club and went to the United States and started cutting fences on a cattle what do you think Americans would do to me? I would probably be killed."

Katsumoto's deputy mayor, Makoto Mo-tomizu, said: The people who oppose killing of the dolphins live in far-off countries. Many of them are scholars or wealthy people. I can't derstand how they can ignore the attuation of the people here on the scene. We resent

"Dolphins are a common resource of mankind. The fishermen aren't killing them because they like to. If the environmental groups were willing to contribute, say, \$500 a month to compensate the lishermen for their losses. or come here to disperse the dolphins, that would be fine. But they just criticize. We don't understand that."

Mr. Obata said dolphins "may look cute when they are swimming around in an aquarium, but when they congregate in the sea in they are fearful.

Iki lishermen have always lived with the dol.

phins, he said, but in recent years have been forced to protect their fishing grounds. The reasons are a perceived increase in the dolphin population and the skyrocketing tests of fuel. Before the oil crisis of 1973, for Obata said, lki's fishiermen could afford to go out for 12 hours and come back campy-handed when dolphin comession in the fishing arranges. But phins converged on the fishing grounds. But things are more difficult now, he declared.

The price of fuel is nearly seven times what it was in 1973, but the prices lishermen receive for the yellowtail they catch have not kept pace. Besides, the annual catch of yellowtail in the last four years has diminished by about 500 tons, to between 1,400 tons and 1,500 tons, said Megumu Takahira, head of the fisheries section of the prefectural branch office on Iki

The dolphins, fishermen say, scare away the vellowtail and squid that bring in 48 percent of their gross revenue, sometimes even eating the catch right off the fishing lines.

According to Mr. Obata dolphins are rounded up only between January and April because that is the only time that iki fishermen are fishing in the daytime for yellowtail. When the fishermen see that no one is

catching any fish because of a gathering of dolphins, they stage a round-up," he said. It is cle of ships, without ness. Iki fisher :... learned the technique in 1977 from fisher.

At other times of the year, Mr. Obata s the boats are dispersed, searching for oil, (and squid at night; and nothing can be d

No Natural En

He said that if the dolphins did not intrin the fishing grounds, there would be round-ups, and that if they were being thr ened with expection they would cause --problem and the fishermen could leave it

But because they have been left unhar until recent years and have no natural ener in these waters, Mr. Obata asserted, the phins have multiplied, while the yellowtail squid have dwindled. An island Dolphins Countermeasures C.

cil, formed by the island's five fishermen's operatives, receives 10,000 yen (about \$50. each dolphin the fishermen kill, according Mr. Takabira, the fisheries official.

He said the council used the paym which began in 1978, to pay for the codisposing of the dolphins. Usually the sut is not enough to cover even those costs, 1 10 13-



Killed dolphin shown being lifted into shredding machine in Katsumoto-

Thursday, April 16, 1981 **R

SINESS NEWS BRIEFS

, Warburg Form Portfolio Service Firm

ORD, Conn. — Actna Life and Casualty said Wednesday it ito a joint venture agreement with S.G. Warburg and Co. of o provide international portfolio management services to pens and other U.S. based institutional investors.

nture, to be based in London, will be called Aetna Warburg

Cola Opens First Plant in China

ITA - Coca-Cola Wednesday opened its first bottling plant in produce 48 million bottles a year. at, in Peking, is the result of a 1978 agreement. Coca-Cols said ncentrate to the Peking plant, which then bottles and sells the

Hotel Group Reports '80 Loss The Associated Press

DN — The Savoy Hotel group, whose directors are fighting a bid from Trust House Forte, the giant British-based hotel nounced on Tuesday a pre-tax loss for 1980 of \$3.91 million, I with a profit of \$1.13 million for the previous year. oup, which owns the Savoy and three other deluxe London Claridges, the Berkeley and the Connaught — attributed the

vpanies to Seek Oil off Nova Scotia United Press Inter-

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7. 27. France .

AX, Nova Scotia - A \$200-million oil exploration program off Scotia coast has been announced by Shell Explorer of Houss, and two Canadian companies, Norcen Energy and CDC Oil

ill pay \$100 million with the two Canadian partners contributher \$100 million required to explore a 9.75 million acre section tinental shelf that is almost as large as the province itself.

Artists Bids for Cable Firm's Stock

ANCISCO — United Artists Theatre Circuit said Wednesday o make a cash tender offer for up to 725,000 shares, or 22 f UA-Columbia Cablevision stock at a price of \$85 a share. mpany said the offer will not be conditioned upon any mini-iber of shares being tendered. United Artists said it owns about nt of UA-Columbia Cablevision.

n Steel to Build Oil Rig Off China

) — Nippon Steel said Wednesday it has received a letter of m Japan-China Oil Development for an offshore production or a joint oil development in Bohai Bay, North China. the of the contract is estimated at about 5 billion yen (\$23.3 industry sources said. Nippon said China is producing about rels a day in the western part of the bay, where the platform

ese Companies to Build Iraqi Hospitals Reuters

) - Three Japanese companies have won a joint 80 billion yen ion) contract to build seven 400-bed hospitals in Iraq by Octo-

iler involves Marubeni, the prime contractor, Taisei and Fujita, L. said. The hospitals, ordered by the Iraqi Hoosing Construcstry, will be built at Dihok, Mosul, Kirkuk, Ramadi, Diwaniand Samawa with the contract value payable in year.
eni and Taisei are already building five similar hospitals worth
41 billion yea in Iraq for completion by early next year.

lavs Approve Venture With Honda

Reuters

) — The Yugoslav government has approved plans by Stan-alska Industarija and Honda to establish a joint venture to arm engines and pumps, Honda said Wednesday.

st Germany Reports olesale Prices Up 1.7%

quarter this year widened by 3.6 billion Deutsche marks from a

In its monthly report, the Bun-desbank said expenditures in these three months were 8 percent more

than had been budgeted for the year. One major factor in this in-crease was higher demand for gov-ernment funds from the federal la-

bor office due to high winter uninployment. Cash revenue in the first three

months this year rose only 2½ per-cent because of income tax cuts,

The monthly report also included an econometric analysis that

showed that the second oil price

shock of 1979 apparently caused

West German gross national prod-uct to fall 1.8 percent. However, the analysis indicated

that even without oil price increas-

es there would have been a deterio-

ration in the West German balance

of payments.

About one percentage point of the 1979 decline came in lower pri-

vate consumption and about one-half point from slack domestic de-

bank said.

id and investment, the Bundes-

the Bundesbank added.

year ago to 13.5 billion DM.

ADEN, West Germany
West Germany rel Statistics Office said

mary, the index rose 1.3 rosa the previous month ercent year-on-year rise. wice increases against the month included a 13-perfor heavy heating oil, and 2 percent for fresh vege-percent for light heating 4 percent for liquid gas,

and Stops ng Mexican, eroon Oil

AP-Dow Jane ORK - Ashland Oil has purchases from Mexico eroon, industry sources ntback from Mexico to-I barrels a day. The had been buying 17,000 by from Cameroon.

officials declined to However, industry relatively expensive the sluggishness in petromute oil sources.

Co. notified Nigeria that ding two oil supply con-

crude oil a day.

ot clear yet how many

anay turn their back on But industry argue their oil supplies ample for some feelerly if Saudi Arabia, leading oil exporter, its current high produc-

has kept the door open purchases, sources contracts with Mexico When are subject to rene-trarterly. When that percame up recently, the exercised its option to declined to comment or

Adjusts Currency

 The Turkish cen-Vednesday announced a ency adjustments that the lira by 2.7 percent he U.S. dollar but re-by 1.3 percent against the

Tokyo Plans Talks With Auto Firms

From Agency Dispatcher
TOKYO — Japanese officials
decided Wednesday to hold negotiations soon with individual Japa-

The auto industry has staunchly the United States.

high-level meetings, government sources said that Saburo Okita, the Naohiro Amaya, deputy minister for international trade, would visit Washington sometime after next Sunday to hold "unofficial" talks Congress to impose import curbs on Japanese cars.

Brock Proposal

U.S. Transportation Secretary Drew Lewis warned Tuesday that unless Japan voluntarily reduces car exports to the United States, the Senate seems certain to pass legislation that would require a cutback.

the U.S. chief trade negotiator, had suggested to Tokyo's ambassa-dor to Washington that Japanese car shipments should be held to 1978-79 levels, which would mean a sharp reduction from the 1.82 million Japanese cars sold in the United States last year.

.48 million by Japanese calculations and about 1.6 million by U.S. standards. U.S. statistics include

agreement.

They argue that import curbs will not help the U.S. industry very much, would invite similar de-mands from Western Europe, and if imposed for as long as three years, as suggested, would severely damage their future competitive position in Japan's most important overseas market.

Exports Off

The two companies also said

OECD Says Inflation Eased for February

PARIS - Inflation in the non Communist industrialised world eased slightly in February because of a slower rise in food prices, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development said

It said prices in the 24-nation group rose 0.9 percent in February after a 1.1 percent gain in January, bringing the rate of increase over 12 months down to 11.2 percent from an 11.5 percent annual rate the previous month.

Government Seeks Accord on Exports

nese auto companies to seek agreement on some form of voluntary restraints on exports to the United States, official sources said

opposed such restraints, and the form they might take remains unclear. The negotiations are part of stepped-up government efforts to find a compromise solution to the problem of curbing car exports to

In another move after a series of chief trade negotiator, and to head off demands in the U.S.

Japanese newspapers reported Wednesday that William Brock,

This would represent car sales of small truck and van sales.

While government officials appear anxious to settle the dispute pefore Prime Minister Zenko Suzuki visits President Reagan in early May, the two leading car firms, Nissan and Toyota, have warned against rushing into any

Toyota and Nissan Wednesday reported record vehicle production for the financial year ended last month. Toyota output reached 3.27 million, up 3.3 percent, while Nissan production hit 2.65 million, up 9.8 percent, with both firms crediting strong foreign demand for the improvement.

that exports to both the United States and Western Europe fell last

Overall, Toyota said exports were off 3.1 percent in March from year-earlier levels, and Nissan said its shipments abroad slipped 4.3 percent. It was Toyota's first year-to-year decline in exports since

CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for April 15, 1981, excluding bank service charges

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U.S. Firms Borrowing Offshore

By Robert A. Bennert

New York Times Service NEW YORK -- In a maneuver to reduce their borrowing costs, many large U.S. companies have been turning to foreign branches of U.S. banks

for their loans and away from domestic offices. The Federal Reserve System, in a footnote that was added to a weekly monetary report, said that, while business borrowings from domestic banks declined \$5.5 billion between Dec. 31 and March 25, loans by foreign branches of U.S. banks to residents of the United States rose \$2.7 billion.

Some economists believe the switch to foreign from domestic sources of funding was large enough to have distorted the real demand for business credit in the United States and to have

caused the economy to appear weaker than it was.
"This supports my hunch that business credit demand has been a good deal stronger than the domestic figures indicated," said Jay N. Woodworth, vice president and economist of Bankers "The new information makes the business-loan

data look a little bit stronger, but not wildly so," said H. Erich Heinemann, vice president and economist for Morgan Stanley. Some analysts say the heavier-than-reported borrowing may create pressure to keep interest

Bankers say most companies that borrow from foreign branches of U.S. banks fall into the size range of the 500th to 1,000th largest corporations

Larger ones have the option of borrowing in the commercial paper market, where they lend among themselves. Commercial paper rates are generally far lower than the prime and significantly lower than those available from foreign branches.

Those so-called second-tier companies that borrow from foreign branches, however, are oot quite creditworthy enough to borrow all they need from the commercial paper market. But they do have enough clout with their banks to be given the foreign branch option, to which they turn when the switch reduces their interest costs. est rates are in a state of flux and Eurodollar rates move more quickly than the prime.

For example, when domestic interest rates began dropping from last December's peaks, foreign interest rates dropped far more quickly. On Dec. 31, the prime stood at a record 21½ percent, but the Libor, or London interbank offered rate, at which banks trade money among themselves was only 18% percent. And on Jan. 8, when the prime rate dropped to 20 percent, Libor was slightly below 17 percent.

No Sudden Switch

"Corporate treasurers obviously took advantage of the Eurodollar option during much of the first quarter," said George Baker, chief lending officer of Continental Illinois National Bank and

Trust of Chicago.

Bankers say there is little chance that borrowers would make a sudden switch back to domestic prime rate loans, even if Eurodollar interest rates were to begin to rise quickly, because switching is generally a ooe-way street.

Corporate treasurers can switch from prime rate pricing to Libor pricing at any time, but, once they switch to Libor, they are locked in for the duration of the loan.

Banks usually finance loans made at the prime with very short-term, often overnight, funds. Libor-based loans, however, are generally financed with deposits that mature about the same time as the loan. By matching these maturities, banks reduce their interest rate risks.

In addition to offshore lending and the commercial paper market, many very large companies have the option of borrowing at rates below the prime. But these loans are usually for relatively short periods, from a few days to a few weeks. On such loans, the company is neither guaranteed a rate over the coming few months, nor can it be certain that the bank will renew the credit.

Loans made at the prime and offshore loans, however, are usually for periods of at least three months, and the lending bank generally indicates that the loan can be renewed at the end of that period, although the rate may be changed.

Belgium Cuts Discount Rate to 15% Socialist Party rejection of the reform of wage indexation led to

BRUSSELS - The Belgian national bank said Wednesday it cut its discount rate to 15 percent from the record 16 percent established March 31 as part of efforts to bolster the Belgian franc.

The rate on ordinary advances under overdraft facilities was also cut by one percentage point to 17, the bank said.

Pressure on the Belgian franchas somewhat diminished with record level interest rates and other measures undertaken by

Ramada Plans 13 New Hotels

· The Associated Press PHOENIX - Ramada Inns plans to spend \$425 million to add 13 large hotels with at least 300 rooms each to its worldwide chain,

Juergen E. Bartels, president of Ramada Hospital Group, said the company's long-term strategy is to become the "best mid-priced hotel chain in the world." Currently, Ramada has 635 hotels worldwide, including 115 owned by the com-pany and the remainder operated He said the Phoenix-based com-

will open six of the hotels in the United States, four in Europe. two in the Middle East and one in Southcast Asia - all by mid-1983. The U.S. hotels will be opened in Atlanta, Phoenix, Denver, Hous-ton, Detroit and Washington, D.C. The oew overseas facilities will be located in Hamburg, Cologne and Dusseldorf, West Germany; Geneva, Swwitzerland; Doha, Qatar; Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, and Bangnewly installed Prime Minister Mark Eyskens. the fall of the previous govern-National bank sources noted the

bank has hardly had to intervene

to support the franc in recent days, spending only half a billion francs in the week ended April 13. The Belgian franc weakened after the announcement to 35.62-64 to the dollar from an opening 35.52-55. Against the Deutsche

mark, it was unchanged at its European Monetary System floor level of 16.3955, while against the French franc it eased to 6.9525-6.9550 from 6.9450-9500. The government's cuts in its own spending, along with new tax incentives to improve the business

climate and reduce the highest unemployment rate in the EEC, were well received in financial circles. But business was still looking for changes in Belgium's contro-versial system linking wages to prices before signaling renewed confidence in the franc and the

timing of Wednesday's cut in the hank rate was not foreseen, the analysts said. Mr. Eyskens has already imposed strict controls on prices in an attempt to curb the automatic wage rises which have eroded Bel-

gium's competitiveness on world markets. But negotiations with trade unions to further hold down wage costs have only just started.

ment, hut many businessmen believe it to be the key to reviving Belgian industry. Belgian industry's lack of com-

ing balance-of-payments deficit petitiveness is reflected in a swellfrequent shutdowns in the traditional steel and textile indus-

AT&T Chief Urges Withdrawal of Suit

HOUSTON — The chairman of American Telephone & Telegraph, Charles Brown, Wednesday called on the Reagan administration to consider withdrawing the government's antitrust suit against the

In remarks prepared for AT&T's annual meeting, Mr. Brown said he does not know whether the suit will be settled. He said there had been intense negotiations with the Justice Department in the last three months that pro-

duced a framework for settlement. Mr. Brown, in his first direct appeal to the administration, said most of the cootroversies that gave rise to the litigation in 1974 "have long since been resolved by regula-tory commissions and the courts."

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MENT COMPANY, S.A. will be held at its registered office, 14, rue Aldringen, Luxembourg, on 24th April, 1981, at 11.00 o'clock a.m. for the purpose of considering and voting upon the following matters:

Allocation of net profit.

To discharge the directors and the statutors auditor with respect to the

To elect directors to serve until the next annual general meeting of share-

To elect the statutory auditor to serve until the next annual general meeting

ol shareholders

The shareholders are advised that no quorum for the statutors general meeting The shareholders are advised that no quorum for the statutory general meeting is required and that desisions will be taken at the majority of the shares present or represented at the meeting with the restriction that no shareholder either by himsell or by provy can vote for a number of shares in excess of one fifth of the shares issued or two lifths of the shares present or represented at the inceting, In order to take part at the statutory meeting of April 24th, 1981, the owners of bearer shares are required to deposit their shares live business days before the meeting at the registered office of the Fund, 14, rue Aldringen, Luxembourg, or

Banque Genérale du Luxembourg, S.A. 14. rue Aldringen, LUXEMBOURG.

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Prices on Wall Street Stage Robust Rally

From Agency Disputcher

NEW YORK — Prices on the
New York Stock Exchange rebounded sharply Wednesday from
two days of weakness. The rally
was led by the oil, defense, high
technology and drug groups. technology and drug groups.

Analysts said the action was

mostly technical with investors searching for bargains among recently depressed issues. They also pointed to short covering and buy-ing associated with expiration of the big April options series Thursday, a day early because markets are closed Good Friday. The Dow Jones industrial aver-

age, which lost 8.17 points the previous two days, climbed 12.61 points to close at 1.001.71, and advances paced declines two to ooe. Volume on the NYSE expanded to 56.04 million shares from the 48.35 millioo traded Tuesday

Federal Reserve Board Chairman Paul A. Volcker forecast "tangible progress" in the fight against inflation within the next year.

Analysts, however, said his comments could have been expected in view of the Fed's tight credit posture and the recent slide in crude oil prices. Energy costs have been a major factor in rising prices so

far this year. E.F. Hutton noted that Tuesday was the first time in 23 sessions that the Dow had oot been above the 1,000 level during the day. Analysts said the market may have received some support from trad-

ers replacing borrowed shares they sold earlier in hopes the market would go down. There is considerable confusion over the course of interest rates.

Seven major banks and a number of smaller hanks have raised their prime rate a half point to 171/2 percent during the past week. But Citibank, a trendsetter, left its key charge at 17 percent Tuesday. In corporate news, Chrysler said Wednesday that its Newark, Del.,

K-car assembly plant will begin overtime schedules next week. The Argentine government said Wednesday that the Exxon subsi-

diary Compania Esso Exploradora

Productora Argentina has struck

125 miles northeast of Tierra

del Fuego. The well tested at 3,000 barrels daily, the government said.

The dollar closed in London Wednesday at its highest level against the Deutsche mark in two months. closing at 2.1780 DM, compared with Tuesday's finish at 2.1615 DM.

U.S. Output **Rises 0.4%**

WASHINGTON - U.S. indus trial production edged up 0.4 per-cent last month following a decline of the same size in February, the Federal Reserve Board reported Wednesday. A jump in auto production was largely responsible for the increase in overall output during the month.

Meanwhile, the Commerce Department reported a rise of \$4.9 hillion in manufacturing and trade inventories during February, fol-lowing an increase of \$3.4 billion in January. There was a slight rise in the ratio of inventories to sales in February,

Much of the inventory rise was due to a drop in wholesale sales of petroleum resulting from warmer weather and increased conservation efforts, according to William Cox, chief economist for the Commerce Department. This led to a buildup of stocks.

Mr. Cox said the rise in output was "about what we expected." He agreed with analysts who said that the February and March produc-tion figures taken together showed a flattening ecocomy.

"Overall, through the first quarter" the economy was slowing down, Mr. Cox said, "and more so for industrial production, than for some other sectors." Output in March was down 0.3

percent from a year earlier, as the six straight months of growth from last fall did not outweigh the sharp drop in production during the recession a year ago. But industry was producing 0.8 percent more last month than at the 1980 trough in July last year.

THE PHILIPPINE INVESTMENT COMPANY

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of THE PHILIPPINE INVEST-

a, the directors
b, the statutory auditor.
To approve the balance sheet and profit and loss account as at the 31st December, 1980.

performance of their duties during the fiscal year ended 31st December, 1980.

The Board of Directors

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FEBRUARY 1981

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tion of 200 Brazilian bu

came to my country, and not a

black was among them."

Although black history courses

are beginning to be taught in Bra-

zilian schools, one historical foot-note has caught the eye of Brazili-

At the beginning of this century, about 3,000 black Moslems re-

turned to West Africa in e colon-ization similar to that of Liberia,

which was founded by freed U.S.

slaves. Many of their descendants,

known today as "Brasiliens," now

courtesy call to a village where des-

cendants of the retornados live and still dress for commemorative

COMPANY

nhington Part Service

LA — In Angola, a Braermarket chain runs 25 plying food to a million of greater Luanda. In a, a Brazilian contractor s as import and an 850-called the Highway of
Nigeria, full facilities the future national capbe installed by the Brazimy that built Brasilia.

by geographical near-bearing Third World Brazil is crossing the

ywiden trade with an alo the superpowers, Afri-is are welcoming Brazil's which have resulted in a rease in Brazilian sales ng the last decade. This ual trade is expected to liion, boosted in part by credit lines from an expetwork of Brazilian

is no suspicion that Bra-

zil wants to establish a neocolonial relationship in Africa," Brazilian Foreign Minister Ramiro Elysio Saraiva Guerreiro said in a recent interview, shortly before flying to Nigeria at the head of a Brazilian trada mission.

Political observers here point out that Brazil's intimate ties with the leftist governments of Angola and Mozambique could clash with the recent rightward swing in U.S.

Relations Change

in its first few months, the Reagan administration has warmed to South Africa, frozen aid to Mozambique and courted Jonas Savimbi's rebels in Angola. By contrast, during the same period, the Brazilian foreign minister assailed South Africa's apartheid policy of racial segregation as "a crime against humanity" and vehe-mently denounced South African incursions into Angola and Mozambique.

Last year, accelerating a commercial and diplomatic drive into Africa, Mr. Guerreiro led a trade since then is simply extraordidelegation to Mozambique, Angonary," said one West African and delegation to Mozambique, Ango-la, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe. Encouraged by the warm welcomes extended to Mr. Guer-reiro, Brazilian President Joso Baptista Figueiredo plans to tour West Africa later this year.

Two hundred students from Ni-geria, Brazil's largest African trading partner, are studying in Brazil Last year, the oil-rich African naporter of Brazilian-made Volkswagens, now sold in 22 African countries.

Agricultural trade between Africa and Brazil remains low because both southern regions grow the same crops. But Africans interviewed here said they are attracted by Brazil's middle-level farming technology.

Occupy elite positions in Nigeria, Togo, Ghana and Benin.
On his four-day trip to Nigeria last month, Mr. Guerreiro paid a "U.S. tractors now have everything from air conditioning to televisions," complained Ivory Coast Ambassador Charles Gomis. The Brazilian tractor is a basic 1945 model — simpler, sturdier. cheaper — and our mechanics don't need degrees from MIT to work on them." masses in the yellow, green and blue colors of the Brazilian flag.

Linked by language to Africa's five Portuguese speaking coun-tries, Brazil is quietly supplanting Portugal as those nations' major trading partner. In 1975, Brazil was the first nation to recognize the new government of the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola in Luanda, and the payoff is clear: Last year Brazil ex ported more to Angola than to

Last month, a weekly air lini between Luanda and Rio was in augurated. Next month, the Ango lans are expected to open an embassy in this remote capital, join ing seven other black Africa

"Jungle capitalist" is a term of ten used to describe Brazil's eco nomic system, and the Latin nation's political life is controlled by a fervently anti-Communist military. Thus, to some observers, it may seem odd to watch Brazilian officials wining and dining visiting delegations from such Marxist people's republics as Angola, Congo, and Mozambique.

"Markets are markets - Brazil is pursuing a nonideological for-eign policy, which is the only one the country can afford." Riordan Roett, director of the Washingtonbased Center of Brazilian Studies of Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies, explained recently.
Brazil's evenhanded foreign pol-

icy is dictated largely by serious balance of payments problems. The bill for imported oil eats up half its export earnings, and another quarter goes to servicing the country's massive \$56 billion debt -the world's largest.

Brazil's conservative military also is said to welcome the increasing links to Africa for long-range geopolitical reasons.

Racial Stumbling Block

But Brazil has the world's second largest black population -Nigeria's is first - and racial inequality in Brazil could prove to be an obstacle to closer ties with Afri-

"I lived in Washington in 1960 and what has happened [there] bassador who asked out to be identified. "Here, they haven't even gotten to the Martin Luther King stage — the blacks you see are always cleaning up. A delegation of 200 Persition by the stage of the

Weekly net asset value

Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V.

on Jonuary 1, 1980: U.S. \$66.42 on April 13, 1981: U.S. \$93.23

Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

Information: Plerson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Amsterdam.

BANQUE DE FRANCE

Even more than in 1979, the world economy was dominated in 1980 by the rise in the price of call and its harmful effect; increasing balance of payments disequilibria, heightened inflationary pressures and a general storing down of activity. In France, economic policy has made it possible to alleviate the most unflavourable espects of the securion, but in certain important respects progress is long in coming or still too slow. Thus our efforts must be redoubled.

Despite further growth of the gross domestic product in volume terms the employment situation has continued to worsen as in the other industrialised countries. The same is true of the current account of the balance of payments, which determined in relation to 1979 as a result of the higher of bill, a phenomenon common to all the non-oll-producing countries. However, the growth in exports of services and the capital inflowmade it possible to financia the made deficir without difficulty and even to increase official foreign exchange reserves. As for as inflation is concerned, after howing risen in annual terms up to last Spring, the rate their stabilised and has been declaring since the beginning of this year. Nevertheless, although it remains at the same level as that of certain important foreign countries it is still for above that of other, no less important, countries.

foreign countries it is still for above that of other, no less important, countries.

Elimination of the internal and external description o a necessary condition for any development productive of improvements in the employment struotion, and for the maintenance of purchasing power. With the in mind, an increasing share of production should be devoted to the payment of imports (i.e. to exporting) and consequently a decreasing share to internal uses (in particular, consumption), improvements in the competitive position of French firms vis-a-vis their foreign rivols, notably by the development of productive investment, are the best means of increasing our firms ponetration of foreign markets, recovering market shares at home and mointaining expansion against a weakening international trend. As regards price increases, these are continually fuelled by all shacks, effortion-orly expectations and the indexation of prices, wages and non-wage incomes. It must not be forgatten that increased purchasing power depends in the last analysis exclusively on goins in productivity.

I productivity

Monetary policy is only a part of economic policy and it would be dangerous to appect too much of it. But whilst it is true that the currency can only be stabilised by an conomic policy which is consistent in all its aspects, such a policy cannot attain its social bijectives in the absence of strict manetary controls.

economic policy which is consistent in all its ospects, such a policy cannot attain its social objectives in the observe of strict monetary controls.

Monetary policy must first of all be directed towards controlling the quantity of money made available to the economic agents since 1977 the monetary authorities have attached considerable importance to reducing their money creation targets from year to year. This in 1980 the larget of 11% was achieved, and for 1981 it has been reduced to 10%. But monetary policy must not be exclusively quantitative. It must also endeavour to control interest and exchange rates. As for a interest rates are concerned, these must be sufficiently high, taking account of the rate of inflation, to ensure that sovings are buoyant and investments subject to a productivity-based selection process. These principles have been applied with flexibility and moderation, and it is for the reason that both in real and inflation, one still generally lover than in the other industrialised countries in the West. As far as the exchange rate for the france is concerned, this has been kept stable within the function monetary system and has thus been table to constitute a clear point of reference on which prices and incomes should gradually align themselves. In relation to the currencies outside the system the franc's fluctuations have unfortunately been over-frequent and overlarge, and it is to be hoped that a stabilisation process can take place in this area as well.

The encouraging results obtained in the various spheres of monetary policy suggest that it would be advisable to continue along the same poth. In particular, until inflation has been brought down and the French financial system made more sensitive to the regulatory role of interest rates, the credit restrictions will have to be maintained, despite their discoverations in order to keep point of the money supply, if the restrictions were abundanced to inflationers to be also and now well it has functioned from the outset. Its development

The monetary policy thus defined to a step-by-step process cannel at ensuring that the attenuation of inflationary behaviour takes place without undue consequences for production in volume terms and employment. Moreover, the fight against inflation must continue as large at these are inflationary pressures. The intensity of the struggle does not be a surface that the struggle does not be a surface.

CANON INC.

Advice has been received from Tokyo that the Board of Directors has declared a payment of dividend of Yen 6.00 per share for the six months period ended December 31st. 1980.

Holders of European Depositary Receipts to Bearer (share EDR's) wishing to claim this dividend in respect of the shares represented by their share EDR's should present coupon No 36 at the office of Hill Samuel & Co., Limited, 45 Beech Street, London EC2P 2LX, where listing forms are available, or Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 2 Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg. Holders of Bearer Depositar; Receipts [share BDR's] wishing to claim dividend in respect of the shares represented by their share BDR's should present coupon N° 13 at the office of Hill Samuel & Co., Limited, 45 Beech Street, London

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of presentation.

Japanese withhofding tax at the rate of 20% will be deducted from the proceeds of the dividends, except in the case of holders resident in the following coun-

ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT THE NETHERLANDS NEW ZEALAND NORWAY SINGAPORE DENMARK SPAIN FINLAND FRANCE SWITZERLAND IRELAND ITALY UNITED STATES

To obtain payment under deduction of withholding tax at the reduced rate of 15%, residents of the above countries must lumish a declaration of residence as required by the Japanese Ministry of Finance. The declaration must be given by an authorized depositary, and in respect of bolders resident in the United kingdom is incorporated in the listing form.

For residents of all other countries a separate declaration must be furnished, giving the name and address of the beneficial owner, the number and definitive numbers of EDR's/BDR's held and attesting that be is entitled to the 5% tax relief pursuant to the tax convention between Japan and the country concerned. Share EDR/BDR holders resident in the Republic of Korea will receive payment under deduction of withholding tax at the reduced rate of 12% and residents of Zambia without any deduction subject to the provision of a declara-

Attention is drawn to the fact that the above mentioned concessions relating to the Japanese withholding tax apply only to coupons presented for payment within B months of the record date.

Thereafter tax will be deducted at the full rate of 20% and it will be the responsibility of the owner to claim from the Japanese tax authorities any refund to which he is entitled.

United Kingdom income tax at the appropriate rate will be deducted from the proceeds unless the coupons are accompanied by a United Kingdom affidavit of

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w Apple III Computer: ... Program of Frustration

AP-Dow Jones

YORK — The Apple III personal computer, announced opurishes last May, has been plagued by technical and me-

me sales did not begin until March, many months behind le. And so far, the Apple III is unsupported by any of the programs that would place it beyond the Apple II. le Computer, one of the hottest high-technology companies ublic last year, is trying to perfect the new product. "We've very amount of testing possible," said A.C. Markkula, Ap-

ew president and chief executive officer.

Mr. Markkula added: "It would be dishonest for me to sit ad say it's perfect. We'll know in December or January if III is a truly reliable product."

is been the first group of 1,000 or so Apple IIIs that has he most trouble. Lawrence Shepard bought one of these in ry, and though he considers himself an Apple loyalist, four in two months have turned him sour on the product. Shepard planned to use his \$5,000 machine to track tax

ts and store data for the agricultural-economics classes he at the University of California at Davis. "A week after se, the words 'system error' lit up on the screen," Mr. Shep-d. He took the computer back to the store, where a servicemoved a loose screw and reinserted some chips. orked about 10 hours before the same error recurred," Mr.

d said. This time, the machine went back to the factory, got another one on loan. , "within 20 hours, my loaner failed too," he said.

"Started to Crackle?

Shepard soon got his original back, outfitted free of charge ew memory chips. But "15 hours after I got it home, it to crackle and threw up some jibberish on the screen."

manufacturer has adopted a policy of outright exchange to users such as Mr. Shepard. Getting the faulty machines iso helps in diagnosing the trouble. Here, in part, is what Computer has found wrong with Apple IIIs:

1 sockets often have been too loose, so that chips slipped ring shipment. This problem, Mr. Marikula said, rendered zent of the first computers "dead on arrival." lock-calendar chip, purchased from National Semiconduc-

lock-calendar cimp, purchased from National Semiconduc-ried out not to meet specifications. Apple gave customers bates and stopped using the chip. les to the computer keyboard were too short, nectors, the metal slots attaching the printed circuit board. Computer, had a variety of mechanical problems. I least one case, Apple's solutions gave rise to new prob-When the company tightened chip sockets, assembly work-I to push in the chip carriets with such force that some pins cont. This defect was discovered only after shipment.

some dealers and sophisticated users, the most damaging in is the delay in supplying special Apple III software, espenword-processing program. This program, called the Word r, was originally promised for next month, but now is not ed until next December or January.

REPORTS

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local

| Britain | | |
|----------------------|------------|--------|
| Burm | ah Oil | |
| Year | 1980 | 1979 |
| Revenue | 7,200. | 1,100. |
| Profits | 31.5 | 44.7 |
| Howker Sid | deley Grou | D |
| Year | 1980 | 1979 |
| Revenue | 1,210. | 1,110. |
| Per Share | 35.2⊅ | 32.2p |
| France | | |
| im | etal | |
| Year | 7986 | 1979 |
| Profits | 98.4 | 40,3 |
| United States | | |

Allied Chemical Profits AT&T. Revenue.....

1988 12,100. 1,401. 1.98 Per Shore Bendix 1980 942.6 36.0 1.54 1981 1,160. 50.7 2.00 Oper, net 1,810. 64.6 2,77 6 Months 1980 1,070 30.6 0,98 0,94 1st Cour.

Profits **Continental Group** 1st Quar. 1.57 Per Share

Crown Zellerbach Profits.....

Profits....

National Distillers 1st Quar. 1981 509.0 34.0 1.00

"We did look very carefully at this," the lawyer said, declaring that restrictions on post-employ-

of the liquefied natural gas. There appears to be several possibilities for transporting the Alsibilities for transporting the Alcontract. gerian gas under a new contract. Among them could be an agree-ment for the three companies to topher as senior oegotiator for the

irms Hire Christopher for LNG Talks

Algeria's state petroleum en-

The three importers are the Con-

Unlike El Paso, which in Pebru-

ment could be reached. They will be seeking a new, direct contract

with El Paso, which was the carrier

move at least some of the gas in

April 15, 1981

Gold Options (piece in S/or.)

Prime May Aug. Option for Namenter

Valeurs White Weld S.A.

veny & Myers, said Tuesday the companies "have retained Warren Algerian liquefied natural gas Although the government must Christopher and our firm to under-take negotiations with Sonatrach,"

eventually approve any deal that is worked out, another lawyer at O'Melveny & Myers said Mr. Christopher's position as deputy secretary of state in the Carter adsolidated Natural Gas Co., the Columbia Gas System Inc. and Southern Natural Resources Inc. ministration posed no conflict-ofinterest problems even though his department, as well as the Energy billion cubic feet of gas a
dispute over prices last ary cited "the remote prospects" of Department, had conducted previous negotiations with Sonatrach on behalf of El Paso. is left recently built big in Maryland and Georg-t supplies and forced the other distributors have repeatedly

ment activity apply only to federal agencies and do not preclude representing clients in negotiations with other countries.

facing financial problems. The gas negotiations are expected to begin shortly, probably next month in Algiers, with Mr. Chris-

companies.

1st Quar.

435.2 23.1 1.62 379,6 22.9 1.61 Philip Morris 1980 2,250. 122.6 0.98 2,510. 150.1 Profils..... PPG Industries 797.A 54.7 1.67 Teledyne 606.0 97.37 3.55 Union Pacific 1980 1,250. 102.03 1,07

U.S. Industries

anut Imports Up The Associated Press NGTON - President to offset effects of last buy or lease El Paso's specially built liquefied natural gas tanker fleet. Another choice would be to or peanut harvest, Tuesased the quota on peannt by 100 million pounds.

o. to write off as much as expressed hope that a new agree-

d Hight, a partner in the to replace the one that was in force

European Gold Markets Correction

ther held the U.S. peanut 40 percent of normal in

sbert D. Hershey Jr.

NGTON - Three U.S.

ne companies have en-

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chici negotiator for the

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ve to restore shipments of

natural eas from Algeria.

lion in liquefied natural

eles law firm of O'Mel-

rs and port facilities.

ew York Times Service

zberg family of Canada my a 10-percent interest g Financier SA, a holdany for Banque Keyser en Suisse in Geneva and que Keyser Ullmann Paris, Holding Financier diary of Keyser Ullmann ondon merchant bank ay's edition stated that dian brothers planned to 10-percent stake in the benk which is owned louse Group Ltd., rather Holding Financier. The nation stemmed from an

THE PRILIPPHE STREAT COMPANY S.A. st Amet Value as of March 31, 1981 U.S. \$9.70 mbourg Stock Excha

with Danny Pekersky,

ergs' top financial officer, seded be left the misim-

European Options Exchange E·E Nov. 53.00 40.00 30.00 22.05 a 27.00 a 33.00 82.00 c 64.00 c

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Société Anonyme Siège Social: 11, boulevard Grande-Duchesse Charlotte LUXEMBOURG R.C. Lexembourg b . 8735

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Rapports du conseil d'administration et du commissaire.
 Approbation du bilan et du compte de pertes et profits au 31 Decembre 1960: affectation des résultats.

Decharge a donner au conseil d'administration et au con Tout actionnaire desirant être présent ou représenté à l'assemblée générale devra en aviser la société et déposer ses actions au moins cinq jours francs avant l'assemblée aux guichets des banques suivantes:

-- Banque Internationale à Loxembourg S.A., Laxembourg;
-- Banco di Santo Spirito Anna;
-- Banca C. Steinhaudin and Co., Firenze;
-- Credito Artigiano, Milano;
-- Banca San Paolo-Brescia, Brescia;
-- Credito Varesino, Varese;
-- Banca Toscana, Firenze;

-Banca di Valle Camonica, Breno (Brescia). conditions de vote seront celles définies dans les articles 67 et 71 de la loi

Le Conseil d'Administration

united mizrahi bank b

هكذا من الأصل

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CONDITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1980

| | US \$* (in thousands) |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | (iii tiiodsands) |
| Cash and Due from Banks | 454,810 |
| Government and Other Securities | |
| Deposits with and Loans to the Israel Government | - |
| Loans and Bills discounted | |
| Bank Premises, Other Property and Equipment | |
| Other Accounts | |
| Customers' Liabilities | 265,140 |
| Total Assets | 2,887,856 |
| LIAPILITIES | |
| Deposits | 1,329,971 |
| Government, Banks and Other Deposits | |
| for Granting of Loans | 734,673 |
| Other Accounts | |
| Liabilities on Account of Customers | |
| Total Liabilities | 2,385,699 |
| Debentures issued by Subsidiaries | 400,262 |
| CAPITAL ACCOUNTS | |
| Capital Stock, Reserves and Surplus | |
| Minority Interest | 26,134 |
| Convertible Debentures issued by | |
| Subsidiary Companies | 271 |
| Non Convertible Debentures and Bonds issued by | 22.506 |
| Subsidiary Companies | |
| Deferred Capital Notes | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Deferred Deposit Certificates | |
| Total Capital Accounts | 101,895 |
| Total Liabilities and Capital Accounts | 2,887,856 |
| | |

This Condensed Statement has been arithmetically translated from Israel Sheqels Into US Dollars at the exchange rate prevailing on December 31, 1980: IS 7.55 ' US \$1.00 for the

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Pama Investment and Property Co. Ltd. — 27 Lilientilum Street, Tel Aviv Mehish Computer Services Ltd. — 15 Lincoln Avenue, Tal Aviv UMB BANK & Trust Company — 630 Fifth Avenue at Rockefeller Center, New York, N.Y. 10020, U.5.A., Tel: 212-541-8070, Telex: 666557

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31% Ormand
5% Orrox
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5% OxindFt
3% OzorkA 64, 1376 14, 1676 1376 1376 1176 61376 1176 1176 1475 1475 1475 1476 1476 476 + 1/4 1476 + 1/4 11/5 13/6 + 1/2 13/6 + 1/2 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 13/6 + 1/4 1

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43 Relent

58 Dandy

63 Abound

64 Prefix with

mutuel

65 Eminence

agent)

66 Feminine

allowance

DOWN

67 Weight

(confidential

44 Holy Roman

emperor

45 Hold back

47 Kind of drip

59 Stradivari's

teacher

60 Countertenor

61 Highly excited 62 Singer Marni

52 Inaccessibility

ACROSS

1 Gait 5 Search thoroughly
9 Crowns of furnaces

14 "Over the hill" 15 To shelter 16 Abrasive 17 Call 18 Frond 19 Beelzebub's

associate 20 Per-(daily) 21 Justice of the

peace 23 Loft 25 Vanity case 26 Ogle's next of

29 Kind of collar 34 Royal personage, bird, grape or color 38 Having a

milky iridescence 39 Consecrates with oil

40 Directs (oneself) 41 Victim of 42 Frozen condition

UEMOS ATRES

CASABLANCA OSTA DEL SOL 1 Bearlike mammal 2 Anticipate Celestial body 4 Lacquer

ingredient 5 Composed 6 Olive, to Ovid 7 Sparse

Solution to Previous Puzzle

words abbor 51 On the up and

> 53 Eastern bigwig 54 Kind of skirt 55 Group in

8 Suit 9 Goal 10 "The D Tentmaker' 11 Prefix with physics 12 Quod --faciendum 13 Since, in a New Year's song 22 Distrust 24 Sub rosa 27 Triple—— 28 Ameliorate or

DICTIONARY

WHAT'S

SARGE

DOING?

E

mitigate 30 Actor Mowbray 31 Muskellunge 32 Dicer's "snake

eyes" 33 Home of a monster. perhaps

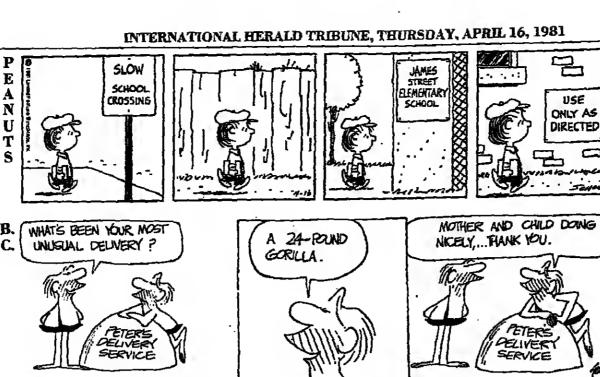
35 "Thy word is a lamp — my Psalm 119 36 What goldbricks do

37 Наіг treatment 38 R.I.P. notice 44 Diner dish 46 Growing out 48 Adjust;

conform 49 Honeyed 50 Antonym for

up 52 Pealed

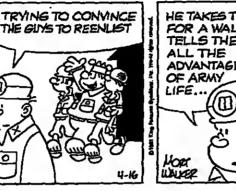
Nebraska 56 Galley word '___Came Running. book by Jones



SO I CAN FEEL WHY ARE YOU BETTER WEIGHING TOMORROW YOURSELF WITH THAT





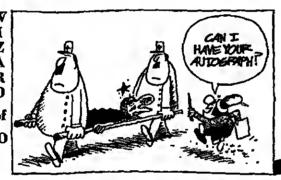


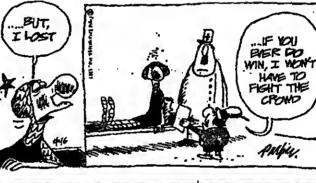




















Unscramble these four Jumbles

one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

FLOOR

RATHER

Print answer here:

LAWRC

FROOL

THERAH

DILERB



THE CROOK SAWED

UNDER HIS BED SO

HE COULD DO THIS.

Now arrange the circled feiters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

(Answers tomorrow)





RADIO NEWSCASTS BBC WORLD SERVICE

Westorn Europe; #481cHz and 463M Medium Wave. 5,975, 4,050, 7,126, 7,125, 7,255, 9,410, 9,750, 12,075 and IS,070 KHz in the 49, 41, 31, 25 and 19 meter bands. East Africa; 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wave. 25.650. 21.640, 17.865, 15.430, 12.045, 11.820, 9.580, 7.120 and 4.050 KHz in the 11. 13. 16. 19, 24. 25. 31, 42 and 49 meter bands. Morth and North West Africa: 25.650, 21.470, 15.070, 11.750, 9.410, 7,130 and 5.975 KHz in the 11, 13, 19, 25, 31, 42 and 50 meter bands.

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Seythern Asia: 1412KHz and 213M Medium Wave. 25450, 21,550, 17,770, 15,310, 11,750, 9,600, 7,160 and 6,195 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19,23, 31, 41 and 45 mater bands. East and Segifi East Asia: 25,659, 17,790, 15,370, 11,865, 9,570, 6,195 and 1,915 KHz in the 11, 14, 79, 25, 77, 48 and 76 marter bands, Also for Simpasons only: 16,000 KHz VHF.

VOICE OF AMERICA

The Votat of America broadcasts world news in English on the hour and at 20 minutes after the hour during varying periods to different regions.

Western Europe: KHz 15.245, 7.225, 4,040, 5,953, 3,490, 1,197, 792, 11,740, 9,740, 1,296 in the 197, 41.1, 49.5, 50.4, 75.7, 25) (medium wave), 379 (medium wave), 25.4, 75.7, 25) (medium wave) meter bands. Middle East: KHz 15,205, 11,915, 9,760, 7,266, 4,840, 1,240 in the 19.7, 252, 30.7, 41.7, 49.7, 236 meter bands. East Asia and Pacific: KHz 17.020, 17,740, 15.290, 11.760, 9.770, 26,700, 6,110 and 1,575 on the 14, 16.5, 19.6 South Asia: KHz 21,640, 17,740, 15,205, 11,915, 9,740, 7,105 on the 13.9, 14.9, 19.7, 25.2, 20.7 and 42.2 meter

Africa: KHz 24,040, 21,660, 17,670, 15,390, 11,915, 9,740 7,280, 4,125, 5,995, 3,990 on the 11.5, 13.8, 16.8, 19.4, 29.2, 39.8, 41.2, 47,50, 75.2 meter bands.

One-Day Bargain Baby Deliveries Going for Only \$999 in Milwaukee

MILWAUKEE - So you want to have a baby but doo't think you can

afford the hospital bills? Well, Milwaukee County General Hospital has just the answer — a bargain \$999, one-day package for a normal birth. "This is going to start a price war," said Thomas Korb, a member of the Welfare Board which

approved the program Monday.

The program could save mothers up to \$1,500 for a typical delivery and stay at a private bospital. The hospital's 21-bed maternity ward has been averaging about 14 patients a day, Administrator David McGinnis

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Horri Arrold and Bob 1 as DENNIS THE MENACE



ME AN' RUFF DON'T ENTER ANY DOG SHOWS CAUSE WE DON'T LIKE TO GET DRESSED UP!

BOOKS

ERNEST HEMINGWAY Selected Letters, 1917-1961

Edited by Carlos Baker. Scribner's 948 pp. \$27.50.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupr

A CCORDING to Carlos Baker, Hemingway, the celebrity this volume of letters includes way, the jealous Hemingway, only about 600 of the many thousands that Ernest Hemingway wrote during his lifetime. So, despite its more than 900 closely printed pages, it is a mere selection. All the same, to start out reading them is to get the sense of beginning a trek through a vast and fea-turcless swamp of trivia. As Baker who is emeritus Woodrow Wilson professor of literature at Princeton University - warns us in his intro-duction, Hemingway relaxed in his letter-writing to the same extent that he disciplined his literary prose.

He regarded his daily correspondence as a medium in which to let his hair down and communicate openly with an extensive network of family members, friends, acquaintances, colleagues and competitors. He poured himself so effusively into his letters that he couldn't even be bothered to look up words he knew the didn't know how to spell. His correspondence was even sometimes an excuse to delay getting down to work on serious stuff. So you get the sense, entering this apparent swamp of gossip, word-play and fishing-and-hunting results, that the places to stand and get some perspective on the terrain are going to be few and far between.

Different Masks

Yet by and by you begin to notice that Hemingway put on different masks for different sorts of people that he practiced his most delirious wordplay on his drinking-and-lishing cromes ("Laid non hearage from you to some form of displeasure with the Endster and so after a time stopped screedage.") and his most straightfor-ward earnestness to his parents and other elders.

You notice his occasional trick of assuring a correspondent he wishes to charm that "This is the longest letter I ever wrote anybody" when it obvious-ty isn't, or his habit of writing some of his most pleasant letters to people he has elsewhere attacked in the most vituperative terms. And when Hemingway attacked such people as Edmund Wilson, William Faulkner, Sinclair Lewis and James Jones in vituperative terms, he could singe the atmosphere. You notice what Professor Baker

calls Hemingway's "no more than skin deep" anti-Semitism. Although he deplored Ezra Pound on the subject, he nicknamed his youngest son "Jew" because the boy was good with numbers, and he frequently paid lip service to the most cliched of racial stereotypes. You notice his references to women as if they were a favorite, breed of animal: "You can always trade one healthy woman in on another. But start with a sick woman and see where you get. Sick in the head or sick anywhere. But sick anywhere and in a little while they are sick in the head." "If you leave a woman, though, you probably ought to shoot her." He is only half-kidding.

On the other hand, you notice the love he so freely and openly expressed toward people (both male and female) he cared about. You notice the admiration he felt for F. Scott Fitzgerald, and the persistent loyalty of that feeling despite the strains their friendship went through. You notice how, from Maxwell Perkins on, Heming-way always had a mentor to whom he wrote the straight word, and how those letters form the backbone of this collection.

In short, not only do footholds rise gradually up out of the swamp of trivia, but a fascinating landscape appears as well—a landscape precisely as complex and vast as Henningway's personality. And odd though it may seem (considering that it is only through the subjective internal evidence of these letters as well as Professor Baker's somewhat sketchy footnotes that we can keep track of what, is happening in Hemingway's objective life), this volume is a far more compelling biography of the writer States: San Prancisco (33), No.
than was Professor Baker's earlier (32.5), Washington, D.C. (31:
"Ernest Hemingway: A Life Story." Odeans (16.7) and San Diegos
Of course, since Professor Baker in addition to the Middle

had access to these letters when he with 31 percent, inspecified wrote his earlier biography, there is Central America, the Carible wrote his earlier biography, there is not much new here in the way of factual material. The book is far more revealing in its tone and nuance. at least temporarily." Violent Much of that is familiar, 100 — the cal instability and hostility braggart Hemingway, the telegraphic Americans were the main re

way, the jealous Hemingway, food challenging his historica cessors to go 10 rounds wi What comes as a surprise is this volume all those Fiemi together, And connecting the transcending them, is a figure prising appeal and integrity, ently only Hemingway tould at all the Hemingways. One rather banai illustrasi

have to do - Hemingway & T toward the famous Lillian Re file in The New Yorker. Once. time, the world assumed that h way was too enamored of the realize he'd been made a fool o the news got out that Ross meant to ridicule. These letter a subtler development. As I way wrote to the editor of ar thorized biography-in-progress an Ross wrote a profile of me read, in proof, with some horr since she was a friend of min knew that she was not writing ice she had a right to make in that way if she wished. I did lieve that I talked like a hal Choctaw nor that it gave a very impression of some one who at first light and works hard at most of the days of his life. But just finished a book and wh have done that you do not rea a damn for a few weeks. So l mind it although I knew it wa. ful to me just as the Life pie-There was no barm intended much received. But I am still

Lillian." once and for all and makes by way seem an eminently rear man. Until we realize that the tion is also a pose, or part of . paign of reasonableness to k unauthorized biographer out private life. But if it leaves us sizied as to how Hemingway re about the profile, it tells us sor. more important — that it ta. man's direct testimony to brin close to the truth as we will eve

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt the staff of The New York Time.

England He Friendliest U.S. Touris

NEW YORK — England most friendly" and France least friendly" country in the to American tourists, according

poll of travel writers.

Mexico leads the list of fiv vacation spots" for the average . ican traveler, according to a po public by the Society of Ar Travel Writers (SATW). The East is the region most recom-for Americans to avoid, but t those polled excluded Egypt at-

el from this warning.

Myra Waldo, SATW preside that 114-U.S. and Canadian manimized their top five ches each of five categories. The

suits, with the percentage of brackets:

Where Americans "are moe to get a friendly reception": 1 (57 percent), Canada (52), A (34), Japan (28) and Mexico (2 "Least friendly" to Americane (38), the Soviet Unitrin (23), East Germany (1 Jamaica (12):

"Most favored" destination wide the United States Mexico.

side the United States: Mexica Canada (32), Caribbean (26), I (20) and Portugal (18).
"Best vacation" cities in the

Africa were cited as places tra ers "would warn travelers av cal instability and hostility

BRIDGE

N recent years it has become progressively easier for beginners to
witherable bid, and West wot
ably have raised hearts holding become duplicate players. Nearly all clubs and tournaments provide novice:

A new door was opened for ambitions newcomers two years ago when the American Contract Bridge League introduced its Grand National rookie pairs. The 1980 title, decided in Lan-caster, Pa., in November, was won by an uncle-and nephew partnership, Pe-ter and Sunny Ngan of Willowdale. Ontario. The diagramed deal helped them on the road to victory.

Any game contract with the North-

South cards is somewhat optimistic, although four spaces, five clubs and five diamonds are all possibilities. As it happens, five diamonds was due to succeed, thanks to the favorable. trump position. Five clubs can make double-dummy, but would probably be defeated in practice by the 4-1 trump split.

Against the Ngans, North-South reached four spades, which offered the best match-point result if it sucreeded. After the one-spade opening, which would not be everyone's choice two diamonds was probably a virtual game force, as it is in some styles. This would account for South's ag-

gressive bidding.

The queen of hearts was led and the suit was continued. South ruffed and entered dummy with a diamond lead to play a trump. When East played low, there were two good reasons to: play the king or the queen: The spade

IN recent years it has become pro- ace was likely to be with Eas and pressively easier for beginners to

But rookies do not always. play in somewhat different stances, but here it was disast West won with the jack any yet another heart. By refusing South could have escaped ! one, but he did ruff and los completely. A veil can be dr. the rest of the proceedings.

NORTH 6AKJ102-**♣**∧94 **♦ J32** ∇QJ7 SOUTH (D) **♦**KQ1095 043

4KQJ82

West led the heart queen.

حكذا من الاصل

Jumbles COUGH FUSSY MOTHER CALICO

Answer: What a wolf invited a girl for— SCOTCH & SOFA

Imprime par P.I.O. - 1, Boulevard Ney, 75018 Paris



da's Bill Barber is effectively checked by Quebec's tiff early in the deciding game of the National Hockey earns' preliminary playoff series. The Flyers won, 5-2.

NHL Playoffs

#LIMINARY ROUND
(Bed of Pive)
Louis vs. Pittsborgh
Louis wind nories, 3-2)
is 4. Pittsburgh 2
roh 4. St. Louis 4
JoS. Pittsburgh 4
urgh 6. St. Louis 3
ds. A. Pittsburgh 3 Phila vs. Qu Selebia wins series, 3-2) Sphio 4, Quebec 4 Aphilo I. Quebec 5

UARTERFINALS m vs. K.Y. islo ottifon of Islanders

Apr. 17 — Buffolo et Alimesota Apr. 28 — Buffolo et Alimesota x-Apr. 22 — Alianesota at Buffala x-Apr. 24 — Buffala at Alianesota x-Apr. 24 — Mianesota at Buffala

N.Y. Rangers vs. St. Louis Rangers at St. Louis Rangers at St. Louis Apr. 19 — St. Louis at Rangers Apr. 20 — St. Louis at Rangers x-Apr. 24 - St. Louis of R HETE OF ST. Louis

Ceigary vs. Philadelph Asr. 18 — Ceigary of Philadelphia Asr. 17 — Ceigary of Philadelphia Asr. 19 — Philadelphia of Calgory Asr. 20 — Philadelphia of Colgory Asr. 20 — Colgory of Philadelphia

Tuesday's Scoring Sammarie Philodelphia S. Quebas 2 (AbcLetin II), Hill 20. Lineamon 23. Holmgran (2), Props (3); Garlet (3), A. Stockny (4)). S. Louis 4. Philosureh 3 (Suiter (2), Pederico (4), LoPointe (1), Crombean (2)) Gordner (1), Permanen (2)

Flyers, Blues Take NHL Series

PHILADELPHIA — The Philadelphia Flyers, who watched two other powerhouses dismantled in the National Hockey League playoffs' opening round, weren't about to let the Quebec Nordiques

play goal at 6:16 of the third peri-

of Linseman's shot and flipped the puck over the prone Bouchard. Propp tallied his third goal of the post-season at 5:07 when Linseman sent him a pass from behind the Quebec net. Propp fired a 15-too do to cut Quebec's deficit to three, but the Norqidues could not get any closer. They managed only seven shnts in the final period and were outshot for the game, 37-18. were outshot for the game, 37-18.

Red Smith

Toy Bulldog With a Bite

Ariz., which is on the Mexican border, comes a letter from Teddy Hayes, who trained Jack Dempsey until Jack broke with Doc Kearns, his manager, and who then trained Mickey Walker. Teddy enclosed an old column about Walker and

Both have gone to the great speakeasy in the sky since the piece was written, but the Hayes letter and the column brought back treasured memories of the Toy Bulldog, who began as a featherweight and fought heavyweights on the world-cham-pionship level, and of the daunt-less Kearns — of whom Archie Moore said, "Give Doc a hundred pounds of steel wool, and he'll knit

you a stove." Walker had been welterweight and middleweight champion of the world. He had charged through the light-heavyweight ranks, fighting men like Tommy Loughran, Leo Lomski and Maxie Rosenbloom. And — at 165 pounds — he took

on the top heavyweights.

After his boxing days, Walker had been a nightclub entertainer, a singer, a columnist for The Police Gazette, a radio announcer, a referce, a bartender and an excellent primitive painter, and now he was rehearsing for a Broadway play called "Walk Hard."

goal. The Flyers increased their edge to 5-1 as Linseman scored 18 seconds into the third period and then set up goals by linemates Paul Holmgren and Brian Propp.

After Linseman completed a 2-on-1 by beating Nordique goalie Dan Bouchard with a 10-font backbander Holmgren made it 4-1 During a dinner break, he told tales of the roistering days of Pro-hibition, when "what was mine was Doc's and what was Doc's was mine" and when the two of them drank up the millions Mickey had

New York Times Service

"Now it's all over, Mick," his dinner companion said. "Those days are past and the money is gone. If you could do it over again.

would you change anything?"

"Not a damned thing," said the
Toy Bulldog, and his muffin face
was merry. Then he sobered,

"You know," he said, "if art had
broke out on me sooner than it
did, I'd be a millionaire today, be-

cause instead of raising hell with Kearns I'd of been living in a gar-He told how art had broke out

He went to a movie, a film of "The Moon and Sixpence," Somer-set Maugham's fictionalized biography of Gauguin, and he walked directly from the theater to an artists' supply store, where he bought paints and brushes, canvas and an

"I took the stuff home and started painting," he said. "And a picture came out."

In 1931, Kearns matched Walk-

er with Jack Sharkey, who would whip Max Schmeling for the heavyweight title the following year. (Sharkey had lost to Schmel-ing on a foul in a bout for Gene Tunney's vacated championship.)

The Tiger's Tuneup

Deciding that his tiger needed a tuneup match, Kearns chose Bearcat Wright for a go-round in Omaha. When the train stopped in Chicago, a crowd of newspaper men got aboard. Mickey invited them to have a drink and, as belits

a courteous host, joined them.
The train reached Omaha at 8 a.m., and Mickey had not been to bed. Teddy Hayes hustled him to a hotel and tucked him into the sack, but Walker was sick when Hayes woke him for the weigh-in at 3 that afternoon. He was still sick when he climbed into the ring and saw the Bearcat — 260 pounds and 6 feet 4, the biggest man in boxing except for Primo Carnera.

In the first round, Wright land-ed a right to the top of Mickey's head and Walker went down face first, barely making it back to his feet at the count of 9. Every time Wright landed a body punch, Mickey gurgled, but he was fight-

He did a job on the monster's You couldn't whip one side of iblets through the seventh round Ketchell" giblets through the seventh round

eighth; although the Bearcat beat the count, Mickey wnn a clear decision in 10.

Three months later, he fought Sharkey. Mickey thought he won clearly. Most of the press agreed, and Arthur Donovan, the referee, gave him 11 rounds and Sharkey 4. But one judge gave Sharkey a shade, the other called the bout even, and it went into the record as

Walker fought Schmeling Sept. 26, 1932, in the old Long Island Bowl. Schmeling punched both his eyes shut. Mickey was down three times. His face was beaten out of shape, his mouth was cut, and he groped through a bloody mask. Al-though Kearns was brave to a fault, he refused to let his man answer the bell for the ninth round.

John Lardner described the colloquy that ensued:

"I guess this was one we couldn't win, Mike," the doctor said solemnly when the fighter had pulled his brains together. Walker gave him a bleary but arrogant

"Speak for yourself, Kearns," he said, spitting blood on the floor. 'You threw in the sponge, oot

For years, Walker operated a saloon called The Toy Bulldog on Eighth Avenue across 49th Street from the old Madison Square Garden. One night his friend Francis Albertanti, newspaperman and publicist, was in the joint when a stranger in a state of incandescence addressed the proprietor,

"Mickey Walker!" the stranger said. "The greatest! I've seen 'em all, Mickey, and there never was one like you. Dempsey among the big guys, you among the smaller guys. I saw 'em all, and you were the greatest."

"You say yon've seen 'em all," Albertanti said, "Did you ever see Ketchel?"

Stanley Ketchel?" the guy said. "I saw Ketchel 10 times, maybe 15. saw him ..." "How do you think Mick here

would have dooe agaiost Ketchel?" Albertanti asked, The stranger turned on Mickey with a snarl.
"Walker," he said, "you bum!

Konson City vs. Phoenix (Konson City leads series, 2-1) Apr. 7 — Phoenix 102. Konson City 00 Apr. 6 — Konson City 82. Phoenix, 83 Apr. 10 — Konson City 92, Phoenix 92 (Series tied, 2-2) - Alfworkee 109, Philodel Apr., 12 — Konsos City 102, Phoenix 18 Apr., 15 — Konsos City of Phoenix

STRUGGLE — Mike Dunleavy (10) of the Houston

Rockets and James Silas of the San Antonio Spurs battle

for the ball in Tuesday's NBA Western Conference semifi-

nal playoff game. The Rockets, paced by Calvin Murphy's

36 points and Moses Malone's 34, won, 123-117, to take a

3-2 series lead. Forwards Reggie Johnson and Mark Ol-

berding led the losers with 25 and 21 points, respectively.

NBA Playoffs

CONFERENCE SEMIFINALS EASTERN Milwoulee vs. Philodelphia

Transactions Notioned Emphasit Labora WESTERN Houston vs. Son Antonia (Houston Jouds saries. 3-2) Apr. 7 — Houston 107, San Antonio 98 Apr. 8 — Son Antonio 125, Houston 113

MONTREAL.—Acquired Gree Barrow, offen-sive lockle, from Toronto for first- and third-round druft picks in 1982.

COLLEGE
APPALACHIAN STATE—Named Kevin
controll basketball coach.

tros Finally Win, 8-2, Over Braves

an Ashby drove in two , ay night to pace a 13oat carried the Houston zeir first triumph of the 1, an 8-2 decision over

paller Joe Niekro, a 20er in each of the last rs, also batted in two a single. He scattered nd struck out four. tional Lague West (1-4) had been one loss a equaling their worst

seven runs. loser Bob Walk's third wer the left-field fence; first, Jose Cruz ended streak with an RBI sin-

1 74

JAgency Disposches

Coming to the Braves in an offseason trade with Philadelphia, yielded six hits, four walks and four runs in 3% innings.

Ashby doubled in a run in a

three-run fifth and had an RBI sin-

gle in the sixth. Both hits came off reliever Rick Mahler, who gave up seven hits and four runs in two Dodgers 7, Giants 1 in San Francisco, Fernando Valenzuela pitched a four-hitter

and Roa Cey drove in three runds as Los Angeles extended its winming streak to five games with a 7-I victory over the Giants. Reds 4. Padres 0

Io San Diego, rookie righthan- to lead the Indians to a 7-1 trider Bruce Borenyi threw a two-hitter and George Foster hit his second home run of the season to lead Cincinnati to a 4-0 win over making his debut after the Padres.

In the American League, in Chicago, Carlton Fisk's grand-slam home run, the highlight of a six-run fourth inning, helped THe White Sox bury Milwankee, 9-3, before a Comiskey Park record opening-day crowd of 51,560. With two out in the fourth, Tony Bernazard singled and Bill Almon walked; Ron LeFlore singled home one run and Mike Squires beat out an infield hit to fill the bases and set up Fisk's third career

become home wreckers Tuesday night. And Mike Crombeen was the spirit of St. Louis in the Blues'

marathon victory over the Pitts-

burgh Penguins, After seeing the Montreal Cana-diens and Boston Bruins eliminat-

ed in first-round action, the Flyers, led by Ken Linesman, escaped elimination with a 5-2 victory over

Quebec. Linsernan scored one goal

and assisted on two others in the

first 5:07 of the third period to

break open a close game and lead Philadelphia into the quarterfinals.

Crombeen's goal followed a perfect centering pass from Mike Zuke and climaxed 25 minutes and

2018c and climaxed 25 minutes and 16 seconds of wide-open overtime hockey during which Pittsburgh goalie Greg Millen and his St. Louis counterpart, Mike Liut, came up big several times. The Blues' 4-3 home-ice win, which put them in the quarterfinals, was their first alleges.

first playoff series victory since

With the score tied 2-2, Rick La-

Pointe had picked up a rebound off the glass at the left point and fixed a shot past Millen to give the

Blues a 3-2 lead at 3:34 of the final period. But the the Penguins' Greg Malone tied the game, 3-3, with 9:24 left to play when he scored

off a rebound of a shot by Rod

Big 3d Period

In the Flyers' triumph, Al Hill broke a 1-1 tie at 10:05 of the sec-

ond period with his second playoff

goal. The Flyers increased their

backhander, Holmgren made it 4-1

Indians 7, Rangers 1 In Cleveland, Toby Harrah and Bo Diaz drove in two runs apiece

umpb over Texas. A's 5, Angels 2

ered a two-run single as Oakland extended its unbeaten streak to six with a 5-2 win over the Angels. The touted Angel batting order managed only two hits, one an in-

field single, until the ninth, when two singles, two walks and two sacrifice flies produced their second straight two-run outpot against the A's.

Twins 5, Mariners 4

In Seattle, Ron Jackson hit two bases-empty home runs and Jerry Koosman ran his lifetime record against the Mariners to 7-0 as Minnesota nipped Seattle, 5-4. Jackson hit starter Glen Abbott's first pitch of the lifth over the left-field wall for the Twins' first borner of the season. His second, the margin of victory, came in the seventh.

In Kansas City, Mo., Rick Peters' opposite-field single scored Lou Whitaker in the ninth as De-A's 5, Angels 2 troit defeated the Royals, 6-5. In Anaheim, Calif., Mike Norris pitched a four-hitter and Cliff Johnson scored a run and deliverable bases. U.L. Washington was fhrown out, twice trying to steal second, Clint Hurdle was ont trying to stretch a double and Hal McRae was tagged out in a rundown between third and home.

FIFA, NASL Still at Odds **Over Variations in 2 Rules**

From Agency Dispatches

til the following day. The NASL

NEW YORK — FIFA, the approval was telexed by the USSF soccer's world governing body, to FIFA Monday.
again has told the North American A USSF statement Soccer League that it can not play by its own rules. The NASL be-lieved it already had permission to do so. The U.S. Soccer Federation, in the middle, says the internation-al mail system and a misinterpret
"By choosing to twist the co ed letter from FTFA are at fault.

The NASL has two modified rules — a pair of 35-yard offsides lines rather than one at midfield and three substimtions per team in the NASL, in the untenable posi-each game rather than two. FIFA told the NASL last December the The USSF risks expulsion from

the procedure formally."

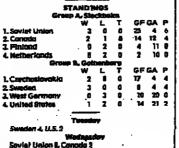
An NASL spokesman acknowl-All NASL spokesman acknowledged that that portion of the letter was disjointed and that Havelange is a non-English-speaking Brazilian. But Woosnam said the NASL interpreted the segment as tacit approval of a reprieve.

The NASL says it sent the USSF its agreement with what it perceived to be FIFA's approval. The letter, however, it did reach the USSF until last Thursday, the NASL did not receive its copy un-

A USSF statement late Tuesday, quoting its president, Gene Ed-wards, said the NASL decision to revert to its own rules "appears to be the result of a misintrepretation

"By choosing to twist the contents of this letter and defying the directive, the league has placed the United States Soccer Federation and all of its affiliates, including

scoring in the opening 4:37 of the third period, rallied for six unanswered goals to defeat West Germany, 10-6.



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changes were unacceptable. FIFA at the FIFA executive com-The NASL says it asked FIFA mittee meeting in Madrid May 7 if it continues to apply non-FIFA for permission to use its own rules for the rest of this season but then I Kunkel makes the call as Milwaukee's Larry Hisle is if second by Chicago shortstop Bill Almon. Carlton ad-slam homer highlighted the White Sox' 9-3 victory. to absention them and use FIFA's thereafter. NASL Commissioner Phil Woosnam said last week the Soviet and U.S. Teams league had received the reprieve in a letter from FIFA President Dr. Score Hockey Victories Major League Standings Joao Havelange.
A statement Tuesday from STOCKHOLM - On the reprieve had been granted.

In response, the NASL quoted the March 23 letter from Havelange to Kurt Lamm, secretary-general of the USSF. It says, had "pointed the properties of the USSF in the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the USSF in the properties of the properties of the USSF in the FIFA in Zurich denied such a strength of a blistering, four-goal reprieve had been granted. In response, the NASL quoted the response the NASL quoted defeated Canada, 8-2, in its final Tikhonov. "We prepared seriously for it." It was Canada's 16th able that I would accept that application of the Laws of the Game as handled by the NASL would not be punished until the straight loss to the Russians in world championship and Olympic hockey play since 1963. Attention: Subscription Manager 12 months International Herald Tribune In Gothenburg, meanwhile, the 'United States, with Dave Chrisand save up to 50% off the newsstand price. 181, Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle end of 1981, since their league competition was about to start, we 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France. tian, Reed Larsen and Dave Debol agreed, provided that the USSF Telephone: 747.12.65. Telex: 612832. - Tuesday's Line Scores Address: would send to FIFA a correspond-ence in this sense and that the NASL would be acknowledging Ookiand

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Norris and Heath; Zahn, Reake (Y) and Downing, W—Norris, 2-L —Zohu, 1-1.

(Batilmare of Boston, posteoned, role).

MATONAL LEAGUE

Attenta

Houston

Veilli, Honna (4), Mahler (5), Garber (7) and

Seendick, Pocurate (7); Jälekre and Ashiv.

W—J.Miskre, 1-1. L—Walk, 6-1. HR—Houston.

Pulf (1).

Cinclinanti

Net Coverage

new administration first came into office, they put bids out on a safety net that would take care of the really underprivileged and disadvantaged when David ects as well as veterans benefits, Stockman and his budget cutters they told us. By doing this we can pushed most of the government social programs out the window.

Originally, the specifications called for the safety net to be large enough to save all the needy in the United States.

It has not been constructed yet, and I went over to to the contractor Buchwald

The vice president of the project said it wasn't his fault. "We had the thing built," he said. "But every time we were ready to deliver it. we got a call from the Stockman people saying we had to make it smaller. Originally, the safety net was designed to save needy people nn welfare, those suffering from bunger, lack of shelter, as well as the unemployed, Vietnam veter-ans, minority youths and senior citizens. It was a pretty good net, if

I must say so myself.
"But then someone from OMB came over to look at it and said. 'We're going to have in make some changes. We've decided the safety net will catch too many people Could you make it lighter and nar-

I told him we could, but I wasn't too sure how safe it would

"If we cut nut school lunches, educatinn benefits and public housing, you won't oeed such heavy rope will you? he asked me. I said, 'No we won't. But what happens if the people whn henefit-

ed from those programs fail?"
He said, They'll just have in pick themselves up from the sidewalk and walk away."

"So we went back to the drawing boards, and came up with a net that would nnly be able to catch the absolutely down and out, whn had no other place to go but in the

"We were testing it when we got a call from the budget cutters, who said they had miscalculated nn their figures and wanted us to reduce the size of the safety net by another 20 percent, 'We can no looger catch the people na food

legal-aid programs for the poor, and we're cutting out mass transportation grants, day care centers. and inh employment training projcut down on the number of people holding the net. It has to be done if we want to get government spend-

The project vice president said, "I told them I'd make any net they wanted, but I wouldn't take the responsibility for what happened when the people walking a tight rope in America realized there was nothing underneath them. They said it wasn't my responsibility.
"I thought I had it just the right

size, when I got another call from the OMB asking me if I could make the oet slightly bigger. I asked them 'How big?' and they said, 'Big ennugh to catch all the tobacco farmers.' It seemed that Sen. Jesse Helms of North Carolina, who has a lot to say about what the administration does, wanted to make sure the tobacco interests had a place to jump if

they had to.
So we made the net large enough in catch the tobacco farmers, but small enough so an other farmers would be able to use it. I've made a lot of safety nets in my time, but this one really was a lulu.

"Well, we had it all ready to ship over to Stockman when the phone rang again, and the voice on the nther end said, 'By the way, is your safety net strong enough to catch the military industrial complex?" I said, 'Are you crazy? It can hardly hald six ghetto people in Chicago.

Well, we have in have a net that will each the contractors who are making all the new weapons for the Pentagon.'

" What for? I wanted to know. And he replied, 'We think we've given them ecough rope but theyinsist nn a net to protect them against inflating, cost overtuns and stuff that doesn't work. They say they won't build military bardware unless they have a safety-net under them, so they wan't get

"I told them, 'Do you realize how big a net you're going in need fur that?' and all the guy said was 'Don't worry about it. Money is no

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Isozaki: Rejecting Japan's Past

Fighting the Trend to Vulgarity in Postwar Buildings

By Henry Scott Stokes New York Times Service

YOTO, Japan - Architec-In ture to a great extent reflects society — social history and politics — as witness the broad avenues built in Paris by Haussmann (good for crowd control by artillery) or the monuments to a new culture in Wash-

After World War II, architecture flourished in Japan, where large city spaces were cleared by U.S. bombs. But after two dynamic decades of economic growth, Japanese architecture, which had gained its best-known expression in the work of Kenzn Tange - notably his 1964 Olympic Stadium in Tokyo - then lapsed under the burden of an big-business establishment that

seemingly had no taste. The violent student demonstrations of the late 1960s led to an almost vicious architectural reaction, best expressed in the new Supreme Court Building in Tukyo. The building appears like an aboveground version of Hitler's last bunker, brooding and close to hysterical. The reaction could also be seen last year in a new metropolitan police headquarters in downtown Tukyn. With its knotted tower and blank sides, it is considered by many to be one of the ugliest structures conceived in post-1945 Japan.

Inevitable Reaction But the Japanese are nothing if nnt sensitive. A reaction set in.

and in recent years there has been a feeling that the worst could ont prevail much longer at the expense of native ingenuity. Younger men, disciples ni Tange, aggressively sought major commissions. They generally failed to nbtain them against the large firms with connections, but they were able to show their spirit.

A turning point was the gigantic industrial exhibition called Expo '70, which was staged in the hills not far from Osaka, It represented all that was vulgar in contemporary Japanese architecture. At the heart of the exhibitioo was a plaza designed by a team of Tange people that was dominated by an anthropomorphic sculpture 200 feet high.

The structure, by Taro Okamoto. had a cracked, grimaced face and

brightly colored limbs. "Yes, that was a nightmare period," said Arata Isozaki, the architect and planner who has since emerged as the best-known of Tange's followers.

'Hated Every Minute'

Isozaki was in charge of the plaza, and he designed a notvery-successful rabot that operated inside what was virtually a gigantic hanger. He said he hated every minute of it. "I did my best to escape," he said at his new studio at the back of the Defense Ministry in Tokyo.

A reporter who was at the Osashow in 1970 saw Isozaki, a tail man with boyish features. dashing about the plaza, smiling, giving orders, shoving the heavy robot around and apparently en-joying himself. Expo 70 did have

Isozaki has been commissioned, against great competition and with the support of an old friend, the Los Angeles-based painter Sam Francis, to design the new Los Angeles Museum of

phrodite figure is not a fad, ln his work in Japan one senses a perpetual ambiguity, coupled with execution of the highest standards. After Expo 70, he turned to the design of two major buildings, one of which was the memorable clubhouse for a golf course at Fujimi. Isozaki de-signed the building in the shape of a question mark. It raises the questing, in a form hidden from club members, about the utility of solf, which Isozaki regards as

punctuate his work, and the Los

Contemporary Art. Isozaki's interest in the herma-

an imbecilic sport.

Marcel Duchamp-style jokes Angeles museum and that city's

The artistic vocabulary of the architect picked to design the Los Angeles Museum of Contemporary Art is almost entirely

Western, starting with a fascination with the sculpture of Hermaphroditus in the Borghese Palace in Rome.

its good points. It served as a rallying point for young designers who furnished scores of gaudy. usually nasty pavilions with in-

teresting touches.

After Expo '70, Isozaki, who is now 50 and has just secured his first public commission abroad, turned his back on the past. He became independent of Tange and his contemporaries and began doing work that attracted worldwide attention among his fellow professionals.

His range is great and his concealed humor infectious. The artistic vocabulary from which he "quotes" is almost entirely Western, starting with a fascination the sculpture of Hermaphroditus in the Borghese Palace planners had best be wary. "So far we've made a good start," Isozaki said after conferring with planners in California. I am very happy. The museum's architectural committee, headed by Max Palevsky, agreed on a revised plan to get the space we need — the original space was much too small — by asking the local redevelopment anthority for extra space in another new building close by and connected by an underground passage. The feeling is good."

Only one thing seems certain about the Los Angeles building: somewhere inside Isozaki is likely to incorporate another pun at

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the expense of the "redundant"

concept of the art museum.

Isozaki's latest work in Japan is a factory gymnasium building for the Nippon Electric Glass Co. at Oisu, near Kyoto. It is a visual success. The cafe noir and cafe au lost stripes on the outside of the building, crated and "packed" or held together by diagonal steel hawsers, lead a bold color to a dismal industrial landscape near Lake Biwa Isozaki has sought to epitomize modern Japan; nature destroyed.

But there are problems with the Nippon Electric Glass building, which was truncated by company request. A guest room concealed inside a structural "Monroe curve" — another part of the Isozaki iconography is the Marilyn Monroe nude after which he designed a very uncomfortable-looking chair - was flattened in the course of construction. The atmosphere in the antechamber is cold, abstract and unpleasant.

We wanted to bring in a hot plate," a company manager said,
"but Isozaki wouldn't let us do
that. He said, 'Nn hor plates in
here." The factory's idea was to serve hot food direct to a table that occupies the center of the pillared guest room.

Balancing Factor

The balancing factor — there is always one in Isozaki's work is himor, his own and his wife's. Aiko Miyawaki is a sculptor. Her advice appears to be important to Isozaki, countering a milifistic tendency in him.

She is the one who spots the

traps ahead of time - which commissions are likely to be disastrous in terms of politics, which jobs should be sought with a relentless passion and singlemindedness. In recent years, Iso-zaki has outrun rivals, including the formidable diplomat architect Kishin Kurokawa, another Tange disciple. He has put himself head and shoulders above the crowd as Japan's leading post-Tange architect.

In a relentlessly competitive profession, Isozaki's wife appears tn be his secret weapon. "Watashi wa chikarumochi," she said with a smile. "I am strong."

PEOPLE: 3 Previous Marriages
Of Mrs. Carey Reveales Evergeline Gouletes Carey, who in Atlanta, will moved Be Bernstein bestied un with once claimed she was the widow of ington Post reporter Bob a single marriage, actually had three husbands before she married New York Gov. Hugh Carey. The

ward to win their newspaper; itzer Prize in 1973 for Water coverage. Berestein and ward later wrote two books c subject, "All the President's ! on which a movie was based "The Final Days," on the dos of the Nixon administration Archbishop of Canterbury est Runcie will begin a thre coast-to-coast four of the L

latest former husband to surface

was George Kalteras, a Greek en-

gineer now living in Athens. A spokesman for the governor said the couple married in a 1958 civil

ceremony and diverced in 1963. The Careys took their vows Satur-

day in a Greek Orthodox ceremo-

said he considered the situation to

be essentially a family matter. "I

am certain in my own mind that I

now possess all the relevant facts

about the life and marriages of

Evangeline Gouletas-Carey prior

to our marriage. These matters in

businesswoman initially claimed

she had been married only to Kal-

laniotis and that she thought he

was dead. A printed biography is-

sued in March by her real estate company, American Invaco, said

she was married in 1955 and wid-

owed. However, on April 2, the day after she and Carey an-

firmed she had received exclesiasti-

cal divorces from both men. Kal-

ianiotis surfaced in Los Angeirs

over the weekend and told report-

ers he did not know why his for-

mer wife had said he was dead.

The two have a 25-year-old daugh-

Former Washington Post report-

er Carl Bernstein, best known for his coverage of the Watergale, scandal, is being removed as Wathington bureau chief for ABC

News and reassigned to "a new,

special reporting effort," the net-work says. ABC said Bernstein has

been named producer and princi-

pal correspondent. His appoint-ment as bureau chief in February.

1980, reportedly at a salary of

\$150,000 a year, came as a surprise because he had no previous broad-cast experience. The network said BH Knowles, ABC's bureau chief

ter, Maria Kallas Stanuelos.

ny in New York City. Airles had said Mrs. Carey, 44, had two for-mer husbands — Franciskos Kal-laniotis and Erangelos Metaxas. In States next week his limit foreign tour. The spiritual of Church of England and a a statement, Carey, 62, hinted he had not known about the Kaltezas worldwide Anglican Community will preside over a meeting marriage before his wedding. He plican primates in Washin D.C., from April 27 to May 1 sermon at the Washington C dral April 26 will be national evined and Prince Charles will him for a service there on M The archbishop will receiv no way change or will change my love and devotion for my wile. I believe her decision to be silent on honorary doctorate of di-from the University of the in Sewance, Tenn., will pres her previous marriages was made in good faith to protect her child and grandchildren." The Chicago New York City and at Iowa University, and will also visit cago and Los Angeles.

Mikimi Baryshulkov and R. Nureyes performing togethe the first time was the drawing for the opening night gala o Paul Taylor Dance Compar-New York They didn't much — nobody did — be the vehicle was Taylor's nounced their engagement, reporters found she had also been married to Metaxas. Officials of the Greek Orthodox Church conspoof-on-America dance.
Sea to Shining Sea. For
measure, Hannione Glegold, I
Verdon, Betty Counden and As
Green also were in it, wit
dancers from the company.

in a botel room in Manh actor Albert Famey gave his a his art. He sat and had his h ant growth of hair shaved off, down to the pate. As a hairch and a makeup man relieved ney of his hair, the actor-take some solace in the fact going bald for the next live on will help him earn more the million. Finney must be comi ly bald for the entire fil schedule of the movie versic the Broadway musical "Annie which he plays the multim naire Daddy Warbucks. The nie" company went into rehea a month ago and will soon it it it. filming location scenes in York and at Monmouth Colle West Long Branch, N.J.

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